

THE WEATHER.

Fair and somewhat warmer Sunday; Monday fair.

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WHOLE NUMBER 13,405.

LIND BREACHES WALL OF MEXICAN OPPOSITION

Makes Substantial Progress in Discharging Delicate Mission.

THE ADMINISTRATION PLEASED

The Way Being Opened for Conference by Which Adjustment in Trouble Zone May Be Brought About.

Washington, August 16.—Substantial progress has been achieved in the judgment of administration officials here by John Lind, in the discharge of his delicate mission to Mexico. They feel the American embassy's adviser at least has made a breach in the wall which, theoretically, had been erected by the Mexican government to obstruct his negotiations. The present mission he already has made is understood to be only of a preliminary character, and will be followed by others setting out more in detail the object which the American administration had in mind in dispatching him to Mexico City.

The delivery of these supplementary communications, either orally or in writing, will depend entirely upon the reception which the Mexican government accords the first communication. This is not under careful consideration, a fact regarded as of the utmost importance for the success of the negotiations. It is understood that while there is nothing in these views in the nature of a demand for the withdrawal of General Huerta from the Presidency, or for the arbitrary fixing of the date for a general election, there is, nevertheless, a distinct intimation of the administration's belief that some concession should be made by the Mexican government to terminate the present insurrection and to insure the ascendancy of a truly popular government.

If these fundamentals are accepted, the way will be open for conferences to define the means by which the desired results could be brought about.

It is expected at the State Department that the next step in the negotiations will not be taken before Monday. The request of the Mexican government for time to consider Mr. Lind's presentation practically conveyed that idea. Meanwhile, it is deemed essential that the principals to the negotiations shall surround them with the utmost secrecy at this interesting phase. Not the slightest intimation of Mr. Lind's communication has reached any of the representatives of foreign powers. It is expected, however, that as soon as the Mexican government reaches a decision as to whether further overtures are to be received at all, steps will be taken to acquaint the representatives in Mexico of the foreign powers with the nature of Lind's mission.

The same information probably will be conveyed to the diplomatic representatives of the same powers accredited to the United States.

Senator Lodge has a long talk with Secretary Bryan today about Mexican affairs. In view of his formal declaration in the Senate of his purpose to stand squarely behind the President, providing the Mexican difficulty could be kept out of the field of politics, this is believed to foreshadow a better understanding between the Democratic and Republican members of the Foreign Relations committee than existed yesterday.

Henry Lane Wilson, retired ambassador to Mexico, remains in Washington, still undecided as to whether he will move to Mexico City.

Mr. Wilson today was also reflecting upon the communication with Secretary Bryan, dispatched to Ambassador Page, in London, regarding his conduct upon the subject attributed to the British Foreign Office. Whether he will make any further criticism in this matter probably will depend upon Great Britain's answer to Secretary Bryan's communication which probably will be delayed until Monday or Tuesday.

Democratic members of the Senate Foreign Relations committee have determined that if the investigation of Mexican border conditions and American financial support to revolutionists is to be continued by the special subcommittee that committee will be reorganized so that its control rests with Democratic Senators.

The investigation conducted last year was under direction of Senator Smith, of Michigan, and Senator Fall, both Republicans, who are now preparing reports. Prior to the end of the last Congress, Senator Smith obtained permission to continue the investigation into the present Congress.

The Foreign Relations committee will determine next week as to whether the investigation is to be carried on. If the committee is authorized to continue it will be reorganized so that three Democratic members will control it, and its chairman will become a Democrat.

Several resolutions for investigation of Mexican conditions have been introduced in the Senate recently, and demands are being considered by the Foreign Relations committee in the general discussion involving the future of the work of the existing investigating committee. The Smith-Fall committee was appointed under a resolution directing it to determine whether or not the committee is authorized to continue its investigations covered the entire scope of Mexican border conditions, and the treatment of Americans in the border States of Mexico.

First Statement Made Public. Mexico City, Aug. 16.—Frederico Gamboa, the Mexican minister of the Interior, today made public his statement (Continued on Page Eight.)

WATERWAY REPORT PLEASES

Senator Simmons and Representatives Small and Godwin Express Keen Delight in Recommendation Made—News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Aug. 16.—Senator Simmons and Representatives Small and Godwin expressed keen delight today when they had read the report of Chief of Engineers W. H. Bixby, recommending an appropriation of \$20,000,000 for the extension of the inland waterway from Beaufort to Boston. Senator Simmons and Congressman Small have already secured an adequate amount for the project from Norfolk to Beaufort and the additional \$20,000,000 is but an extension of the ideas and plans which the North Carolinians have fought for for many years.

"I am deeply gratified to learn that General Bixby has made this recommendation," said Senator Simmons today. "It means much to North Carolina and to the entire country. It is but a matter of time until this inland route will extend from Boston to Key West, Fla."

Mr. Godwin's Views.

"I am more than pleased to hear of General Bixby's favorable report on the inland route," said Congressman Godwin. "It will mean more to my district, probably, than to any other one district in North Carolina. But the plan of General Bixby is worth millions to every one living in a radius of several hundred miles of the Atlantic coast. I have fought for this measure as best I could and I am delighted that the recommendation has been made and I shall use all of my power to have the appropriation made. Most of the credit, of course, should go to Senator Simmons and Representative Small. Mr. Simmons as a member of the Commerce Committee and Mr. Small on the Rivers and Harbors Committee, have been able to do more than any one else but I am heartily in sympathy with the movement and shall help to get the desired \$20,000,000."

Representative Small, who has devoted the major portion of his time since he came to Congress to the adoption of the inland waterway, was highly pleased with the recommendation. In a statement issued for the Star tonight Mr. Small said:

"This report of the Chief of Engineers is gratifying and also peculiarly significant in several respects. It indicates the realization of a movement for an intra-coastal waterway along the Atlantic seaboard. For fifteen years a propaganda for this great arm of transportation has been maintained by a small number of the advocates were few in number and the scoffers seemed to be in the majority, but publicity and argument have won the numerous friends and area of its advocates. It is substantially within the truth to state that this great project has never been presented to the American public with the assurance of a generous response.

"Congress has already adopted the link from Norfolk to Beaufort inlet for which \$1,400,000 has already been appropriated, with a probability that annual appropriations will hereafter be made until the work is completed. The recent report of the Chief of Engineers embraces two additional links. One from Chesapeake Bay to the Delaware river, and the other from the Delaware river to New York harbor, each to have a minimum depth of 12 feet. The Chesapeake to Delaware waterway will cost about \$10,500,000 and the waterway from Delaware to New York bay will cost about \$20,000,000. General Bixby urgently recommends that Congress shall provide immediately for the construction of both of these links. It is significant that a depth of 12 feet is recommended rather than a greater depth than at first proposed. In this conclusion I heartily agree, both because of the decreased expense and because the lesser depth of 12 feet will demonstrate their commercial value.

"The significance of the waterway, which will connect the North Carolina coast with the Delaware river, and the Atlantic coast, is that it will afford the surest method of building up a water commerce at our North Carolina ports, and thereby removing a serious handicap and emancipating the transportation system of our State. With this inland waterway there is not the slightest doubt that staple products may be landed at Wilmington, Elizabeth City, Edenton, Washington, New Bern, Beaufort and Morehead City at a cost substantially comparable with Baltimore and Norfolk. With a decreased haul by rail, with reasonable rail rates from these North Carolina points to the interior, and with traffic facilities, the transportation problem in North Carolina would solve itself, and in a perfectly natural way. Our men of commerce and industry may well give serious study to this suggestion."

CRIMINAL APPREHENDED.

Arrested for Moonshining Wanted in Tennessee.

Bristol, Va., Tenn., Aug. 16.—Wesley Phillips, wanted in Polk county, Tenn., since December 31, 1911, for the murder of Doc Millsaps, was brought to Bristol today from Mitchell county, North Carolina, where he was captured and taken to Polk county by Sheriff Albert Crumley, of the latter county. Governor Hooper had offered a reward for his capture. He was arrested in Mitchell county for moonshining when his identity became known.

M'MICHAELS STAR WITNESS IN PROBE

Tells of Efforts to Defeat Bill Affecting "Loan Sharks."

PAWNBROKERS GIVE EVIDENCE

Attention of Lobby Investigators Centered on Charges of Corruption Against Representative Jas. T. McDermott.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The House Lobby investigators centered their attention today on the statement of J. H. McMichael, one-time chief page of the House, that Representative James T. McDermott, of Chicago, had received about \$7,500 for efforts to defeat a bill affecting local pawnbrokers and "loan sharks." After more than five hours of hard work the committee was not much nearer a definite conclusion about the \$7,500 than it was when McMichael made his first statement.

The former chief of the House pages reiterated today his testimony that McDermott told him he got about \$7,500 in the "loan shark" matter and stuck to his story under severe cross examination of James S. Easby-Smith, attorney for McDermott. The former Washington pawn broker who quit business when this bill became a law gave the committee no definite information to connect McDermott with any such fund or to disclose that the pawnbrokers ever raised any such amount for any purpose.

Abraham Bernstein, one of the brokers, said he contributed to a fund to help in advancing the arguments of himself and his fellows. He showed a lack of memory about many details concerning the raising of the money and was subjected to a long and sharp fire of direct examination in which every member of the committee was present. Plotted down time after time, however, Bernstein denied that the brokers ever raised more than \$3,500, and swore he was used to pay attorneys to represent them before officials here and in publicity work.

He was asked to help, he swore, by George D. Horning, another local pawn broker, who made the arrangement with McDermott to work against the bill. He said he gave two checks to Horning amounting to about \$700. He took no receipt; did not know how the money was used, but presumed it went to attorneys.

McDermott, he said, he had known about a year. He, Horning and "Ike" Heidenheimer, another broker, interested in the bill's defeat, he said, called at McDermott's office on Capitol Hill once, but he did not know the year, and he wasn't sure whether McDermott was in at the time or who he was there. He said he never had paid any money to Horning in 1911 when McMichael swore the deal was made, but after continued questioning agreed he wasn't entirely certain about the matter.

Bernstein's failure to remember details finally became so frequent that every question of the investigator got a laugh from his colleagues, but no information from the witness, but no information from the witness, but no information from the witness.

Bernstein denied that \$3,500 was raised to "defeat legislation." "Thirty-five hundred dollars never defeated legislation," he said. "You might defeat it with \$40,000 or \$50,000."

Bernstein denied he ever talked with McDermott about legislation except in a casual way. Bernstein could not fix the time when Horning first suggested that they make something to defeat the "loan shark" bill. He said Horning, Heidenheimer and he talked about the matter frequently, but he couldn't give details of conversations.

"We didn't do anything rash," he admitted finally.

Stearns, another expert pawnbroker, said he contributed nothing to the fund to defeat the bill, although approached by the trio who did, but put up money.

"I told Horning I would contribute if the bill passed with the pawn brokers excluded from its terms," he said. "You were willing to go in on a sort of insurance basis," suggested Representative Ferris.

"Yes sir."

Stearns said he didn't think it necessary to go in on the fund, "I'm not out anything," he declared.

Although Bernstein swore that to the best of his recollection the activities of the three did not begin in 1911, Stearns testified he had been approached in that year. He had no idea, he said, how much money was raised or how it was spent. Horning and Heidenheimer, the other brokers, will testify next week.

L. H. McMichael described by Martin Mulhall in his exposure as the "Chief Spy" upon Congressmen for the National Association of Manufacturers, testified that he was now being paid a weekly salary of \$75 by the New York World, which printed a story about twenty years ago that the original Mulhall charges. McMichael explained that he was being paid under an agreement to write a story about "Twenty Years Ago" for the "Employer," after the lobby investigation was over.

Attorney J. Easby-Smith, representing Representative J. T. McDermott, told the committee he would bring Allan A. Irvine, a government supply contractor of this city, to testify that McMichael had informed Irvine he would receive a weekly salary until he had corroborated Mulhall's testimony.

"I have a contract to begin after this hearing, but I don't think you have any right to inquire into my private business," retorted McMichael. (Continued on Page Eight.)

END OF WESTERN DROUGHT IN SIGHT

Gentle Showers Bring Relief to Sufferers in State of Kansas.

EXTREME HEAT IS ASSAUGED

Prediction Forecast Immediate Relief from Longest, Hottest and Most Costly Drought in the History of the State.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 16.—The end of the longest, hottest and most costly drought in the history of Kansas is in sight, according to reports received here tonight. Rain of some consequence fell over a considerable portion of the State today, and in many places continued tonight. Government weather forecasters said the rainfall probably indicated that the drought was broken. Good showers were general over Missouri and Northern Oklahoma.

Relief from Heat.

Scattered showers throughout Kansas today brought a temporary relief from heat, but the rains were not lasting, and tonight the mercury again rose, but not so high as yesterday. Indications of rain at Wichita today caused abandonment of plans for special prayer services tomorrow. The sky cleared, however, in the afternoon without a rainfall, and the movement for special Sunday rain services was revived.

Two Die from Heat.

At Kansas City today there were two deaths due to heat. In the section of the city where the people live an ice famine prevails. Many deaths of infants in this quarter during the last few weeks have been attributed to lack of ice. A fund was started today to relieve conditions.

Social Functions Postponed.

At Topeka all social functions have been postponed and the club women and society leaders have deserted regular meetings and gatherings. Scores of smaller cities near Topeka, who depend on Topeka for their supply, have been advised that unless rain came their ice will be cut off.

Governor Hodges of Kansas today announced he was planning a "pond day" for the last of this month. The worst situation that has confronted Kansas in many years is with us now, said the Governor, we must take care of the future by saving the water that falls in Winter and Spring months. This situation should never confront us again. I believe we could amass even those who are best acquainted with the marvelous energy and mental qualities possessed by the aged ruler.

TARGET PRACTICE PENNANT.

Presented to the Battleship Idaho by Secretary Daniels.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 16.—Secretary Daniels presented the target practice pennant to the battleship Idaho, the crack ship of the navy, here today, and read her officers and crew a lesson in preparedness.

"There never is time to 'make ready' in any great crisis," he said, "and the Secretary commending the crack gunners for their skill. 'What is a growing navy worth to us unless it takes care of the future by saving the water that falls in Winter and Spring months. This situation should never confront us again. I believe we could amass even those who are best acquainted with the marvelous energy and mental qualities possessed by the aged ruler.'

"You may not know it, but it will add to your appreciation when I tell you that as a boy, it was the highest ambition of Woodrow Wilson to enter the naval academy and become a naval officer. If his father had not died when he was a child, he would have been a captain or an admiral—commanding the New Jersey, let us say—rejoicing with the officers and sailors of the Idaho instead of wrestling with the big problems that have kept him in Washington all summer while you have the good fortune to be refreshed by the breezes from Old Ocean."

REFUGEES REACH EL PASO.

American Families Leave Mexico Under Escort.

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 16.—Eight trains under Federal military escort of 2,000 men, commanded by Colonel S. Monero, Manilla and Alberto Terrazas, reached Juarez this evening. Twenty American men and women, with 11 children, came on one train.

The Federals brought three cannon and a number of rapid-fire guns for defense against a possible Constitutional attack. The trains were six days on the road from Chihuahua. Three of them were of empty cars to be reloaded with provisions for Chihuahua City. Telegraphic communication with Chihuahua was re-established today.

Mr. Glynn left his official fort on the third floor of the Capitol early in the afternoon, but Governor Sulzer stood by his guns on the floor below throughout the day.

Governor Sulzer's letter, which arrived after Mr. Glynn had left, emphatically denied that his communication suggesting that the controversy be taken into court contained any "suggestion that you should barter away any of the functions attaching to the office of lieutenant governor, but simply that we seek a determination of what your and my rights and duties are at the present juncture. The letter continued:

"Your statement that the matter is now in the highest court of the State—the court of impeachment—I suggest to you is very inaccurate. The court of impeachment will not convene until the 18th of September. The court is not to determine who is to discharge the duties of Governor pending trial of the charges presented to it, and of course could not in any event determine that question before a verdict."

"Whatever the result of the charges against me may be, it is certain that I am not resigning."

Human Hair Demonstration begins tomorrow at the store of the C. W. Polvogt Co. (Advertisement.)

OUTLINES

Administration officials express pleasure at prospect of peace made by John Lind in discharging his delicate mission in Mexico.

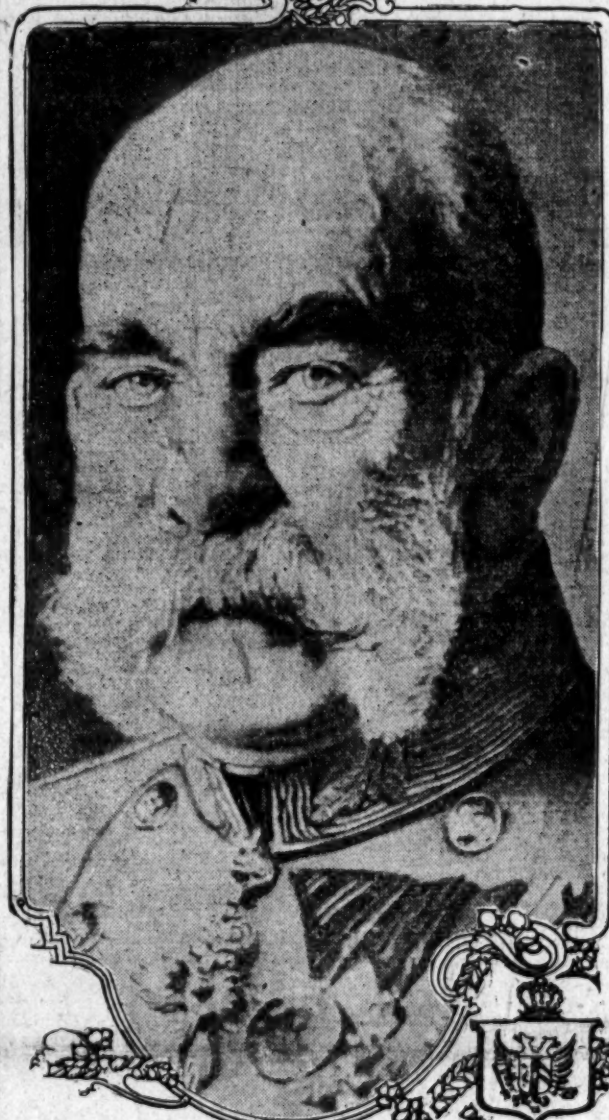
Attention of House lobby investigators centered on charges of corruption against Representative McDermott.

Rivals for governorship of New State agree to armed truce over Sunday.

Senate nears completion of the agricultural schedule of the tariff bill. Centers on whether to make a relief from extreme heat in Kansas.

New York Markets: Flour on call nominal; no loans. Money quiet but firm. Wheat firm. Corn steady. Rosin and Turpentine steady. Spot cotton steady; middling uplands 12.00; middling low 12.25; sales none.

Eighty-three Years Old on Monday



Francis Joseph, emperor of Austria and king of Hungary, will be 83 years old Monday and all parts of the empire are preparing for an elaborate celebration of the anniversary. Emperor Francis Joseph is at once one of the most magnificent and the most pathetic figures in contemporary history. The close personal attention with which he has followed the course of events in the Balkans the past year and the promptness and vigor with which he has acted when such action seemed necessary have amazed even those who are best acquainted with the marvelous energy and mental qualities possessed by the aged ruler.

CONTESTANTS AGREE TO TRUCE FOR A DAY

Both Rivals for Governorship of New York State Determined

CEASE FIGHT OVER SUNDAY

Sulzer and Glynn Each Sign Official Paper, Acting as Governor—The Impeached Executive Replies to Declaration.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 16.—An armed truce over Sunday is the present situation in the fight for the Governorship of New York State. Both Governor Sulzer and Lieutenant Governor Glynn, as acting Governor, signed official papers during the day. Apart from this the only skirmish was the issuing by Governor Sulzer of a reply to Mr. Glynn's declaration of the suggestion that their differences be taken at once to court. Governor Sulzer deplores this declaration, pointing out that it will probably lead to "trouble and litigation." The purpose of the suggestion, he stated, was "to avoid the spectacle of two persons claiming to act as Governor of this great State at the same time."

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PROGRESS MADE IN WORK ON THE TARIFF

Senate Almost Completes Consideration of Agricultural Schedule

OVER REPUBLICAN PROTEST

No Amendments Adopted Despite Efforts of Minority Leaders—Fish and Bananas Subject of Principal Debate.

Washington, Aug. 16.—The Senate today almost completed consideration of the agricultural schedule of the Tariff bill, disposing of a number of important rates protested against by the Republicans.

No amendments were adopted, though Republican leaders sought to increase their rates on straw, fish, apples, and other fruits, to abolish the proposed duties on canary, caraway and dandelion seeds, and vigorously protested against any duty on bananas. Democratic leaders expect to complete the agricultural schedule Monday and express confidence that none of its provisions will be changed. Free cattle free wheat and their products already having been approved. The sugar schedule, upon which the greatest light of the tariff controversy will be waged, will be reached next, and majority leaders are planning to hold night Senate sessions, beginning the middle of the coming week.

The principal debate today on the agricultural schedule centered about fish and bananas. Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, declared the great reductions proposed on fish products with fresh fish on the free list, would give fishermen control of the great New England markets. No change, however, was made in the rates.

Senators Burton, Weeks and Sherman, argued against the proposed duty of 110 of one cent a pound on bananas. Defending the proposed rate as a revenue tax not levied against a basic food product, Senator Williams, of Mississippi, facetiously remarked that it would tax the down-trodden man at the rate of 1-10 of a cent per banana.

Senator Sherman, of Illinois, referring to the fact that most of the bananas imported come from Central American countries, said this country should "cultivate friendly relations with the principal product of those countries sent to a friendly port," for, he continued, "we either have got to vitalize the Monroe Doctrine or ignore it."

Senator Griggs, of Massachusetts, said the consumer eventually would pay the duty of approximately \$2,225,000 a year in bananas.

The vote sustaining the proposed banana tax was close, 31 to 28. Senators Thornton and Randall, of Louisiana, voted with the Republicans.

Senator Smoot discovered there was a conflict in the bill relating to dead and dressed poultry and prepared meats whereby both might be made dutiable at thirty per cent, under one paragraph and free of duty under another. Senator Williams said it was an oversight and consented that the matter be recommitted for re-drafting.

Senator Griggs sought to increase the proposed rate on live poultry from two to two cents a pound, but the amendment was rejected.

Senator Smoot sought ineffectively to increase the proposed rate on dandelion seeds from 2 to 3 cents per pound.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, protested against the proposed rate of two cents per pound on dandelion root and other substitutes for coffee, maintaining that they should go on the free list. He argued that such a rate was "a direct protection to the coffee trust."

Senator Williams, upon consultation with other Democrats, consented that the paragraph go back to the committee with the proposal that Senator Norris' suggestion might be accepted.

Senator Griggs, discussing generally the agricultural schedule, declared the free listed articles will be a burden to the farmers, and will cause a revenue deficit in the treasury of \$25,000,000.

Early in the day Senator McLean, of Connecticut, addressed the Senate in opposition to the Finance Committee amendment permitting importation of feathers of wild birds. Answering him, Senator Reed, of Missouri, declared (Continued on Page Eight.)

wire sent to a Knoxville firm whose address the dead woman carried on the fly leaf a memorandum book, with instructions to notify them in case of accident.

Nance, in the county jail at Rockingham, today, gave the address of his mother as Mrs. E. E. Nance, 34 Adams street, Washington, D. C., but a message to that address was returned undelivered.

It develops today from papers and correspondence among the effects of the dead woman that she was a traveling representative of a perfumery house.

Nance has talked very little today, but has retained counsel.

The watch belonging to the woman has been found on the floor of her room. It stopped at 5:15 o'clock P. M., and as the body was discovered at 12:20 it is supposed that she had been dead for an hour. To the fact the carpet on the floor of the room was an old one of slow burning material attributed the escape of the hotel from burning.

Macon Ga., Aug. 16.—George S. Nance, who last night killed his wife in a hotel at Hamlet, N. C., was here for a short time last week at a hotel. He was accompanied by his wife. He does not live here, however, and the hotel where he stopped supposed him to be a traveling salesman. Before leaving Macon he deposited \$1,000 in cash in a local bank. Farther than this nothing is known of the man.

RELATIVES MRS. NANCE FOUND.

Two Sisters of Woman Murdered at Hamlet Respond to Inquiries.

Hamlet, N. C., Aug. 16.—Chief of Police Brazwell this morning received two telegrams from relatives of Mrs. George S. Nance, who was killed here last night by her husband, the first of these being from a sister, Mrs. E. T. Baker, of Alexandria, Va., who asked that the body be prepared for shipment and held until her arrival Sunday.

Re-Arranged of Knoxville, Tenn., wired for particulars, stating that he married a sister of Mrs. Nance. This latter telegram was an answer to a

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

BASEBALL - YACHTING - TENNIS - GOLF - MOTORING

MASTERED MIGHTY "MATTY"

Pirates Drove Him to Cover for Second Time—Phillies Dropped Two. Braves Won From Reds. Dodgers Divided.

For the second time in succession, the Pittsburgh Pirates drove Mathewson the Mighty to cover by combining his delivery for a fusillade of hits to all parts of the lot in yesterday's opening game at the Polo Grounds, in New York, which the Giants started on the last round at receiving the circuit at the Polo Grounds. Matty was driven to cover in favor of Wilkie, who also retired to let Al Demaree finish the contest.

Although losing yesterday's game, the Giants edged a half game higher above the Phillies.

The Phillies opened the series with the Chicago Cubs by pulling off a doubleheader on the home grounds, the Chicagoans winning both ends of the matinee. By losing two games, while the Giants dropped one, the Phillies lost a half game on the Giants.

Forty-six hits was the sum total of a doubleheader pulled off at Ebbetts Field between the Brooklyn Flatbushers and the St. Louis Cardinals. The Cards shut out the Dodgers in the opener, but Ebbetts' men came back in the concluding argument and hammered the visiting pitchers for a total of twenty safeties, winning fourteen to five.

The game between the Boston Braves and the Cincinnati Reds went for eleven innings before the locals were able to pack the game. Maranville opened the final inning with a three-bagger and scored on a squeeze play when Connolly bunted perfectly, giving the locals a hard-earned victory.

Matty Maltreated.
New York, Aug. 16.—Pittsburgh won from New York today in a hard-fought battle, 8 to 6. For the second time in succession the Pirates knocked Mathewson out of the box.
Pittsburgh . . . 305 000 000—8 14 2
New York . . . 000 010 010—6 11 5
Adams, McQuillan and Gibson; Mathewson, Wilkie, Demaree and McLean. Time, 2:00. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

Phillies Sliding.
Philadelphia, Aug. 16.—The Chicago's won two games today from Philadelphia, the scores being 4 to 3 and 8 to 3.
Chicago . . . 100 120 000—4 7 2
Philadelphia . . . 000 000 030—3 9 0
Stack, Cheney and Archer; Ebbetts and Kilmer. Time, 2:00. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

Second game.
Chicago . . . 310 004 100—8 12 2
Philadelphia . . . 000 200 010—3 8 1
Cheney and Archer; Rixey, Seaton, Marshall, Imlay and Kilmer. Time, 1:55. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

46 Hits at Brooklyn.
Brooklyn, Aug. 16.—St. Louis shut out Brooklyn 1 to 0 in the first game of a doubleheader here today. The home club retaliated by hammering the visiting pitchers hard in the second contest, winning 14 to 6. Brooklyn batters hit safely twenty times in the second game.

St. Louis . . . 100 000 000—1 10 0
Brooklyn . . . 000 000 000—0 6 2
Saltee and Hildebrand; Wingo, Yingling and Miller. Time, 1:32. Umpires, Riegler and Byron.

Second game.
St. Louis . . . 100 000 001—5 10 2
Brooklyn . . . 043 101 324—14 20 2
Griner, Geyer, Trekle and Wingo; Roberts; Curtis and W. Fisher. Time, 1:55. Umpires, Byron and Riegler.

Maranville Made It.
Boston, Aug. 16.—Maranville opened Boston's half of the eleventh inning today with a three-bagger and scored on a squeeze play when Connolly bunted perfectly, giving the locals a hard-earned victory over Cincinnati, 8 to 7. Cincinnati . . . 103 002 100 01—8 13 2
Packard, Brown and Clark; Dickson, Rudolph and Rariden. Time, 2:40. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

COBB VS. JACKSON

COBB AND JACKSON TIED.
Friday's engagement brought the \$100,000 Georgia Peach up to a tie with Joe Jackson for leadership in the American League. Jackson, out of four trips to the plate, batted .500, while Cobb connected safely three times out of five. The difference of three points that separated the two greatest swatters.

Spencer, A. B. R. H. Ave.
Jackson . . . 150 281 85 129 .347
Cobb . . . 81 274 87 108 .394

Spend a pleasant day at Carolina Beach. Concert afternoon and evening. Steamer Wilmington leaves 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. (advertisement.)

THE LEADING SWATTERS

The Ten Leading Big Stick Men in Each League for the Week Ending Last Thursday.

Yingling, of Brooklyn, who figured in only two games during the past week and then for a trial of only one to the plate, increased his lead by connecting safely on each attempt, to .419. McDonald and Hyatt are still holding down second and third positions respectively, while Jake Daubert, of Brooklyn supercedes Miller for fourth honors.

In the American, the race between Jackson and Cobb, who has been on a dangerous third, is still on. The week shows Jackson with a loss of one point, while Cobb has gained ten points, and is only three points behind Joe for the week ending Thursday night. Speaker dropped back two points from last week's figures. Hendrickson, of Boston, who has been on the waiting list the entire week still holds his 351 in fourth place, while John Franklin Baker added four more points to his record for the week.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.						NATIONAL LEAGUE.					
Player.	G.	A. B.	R.	H.	Ave.	Player.	G.	A. B.	R.	H.	Ave.
Jackson, Cleve.	106	388	79	147	.390	Hyatt, Pittsb.	43	61	7	23	.361
Hendrickson, Bos.	28	97	7	35	.351	Daubert, Bklyn.	19	58	9	23	.392
J. Murphy, Atl.	33	46	7	17	.367	R. Miller, Phila.	49	69	9	23	.334
Lajoie, Cleve.	95	332	42	108	.324	Walsh, Phila.	22	29	3	9	.340
Baker, Atl.	107	381	85	129	.347	Grubbs, Pittsb.	36	50	6	20	.325
Fisher, Atl.	107	411	80	129	.314	W. Collins, Bos.	22	3	3	1	.333
McDonald, Atl.	107	393	55	131	.333	Hess, Bos.	20	49	4	16	.320
Grandall, Wash.	101	340	55	112	.329	Gibson, Pittsb.	36	50	6	20	.325
Crawford, Atl.	110	425	68	134	.317	Kling, Cin.	54	132	9	42	.318
Strauch, Atl.	72	245	27	74	.302	Zimmerman, Chic.	87	308	47	98	.315

THAT PINCH HIT SMILE.



Harry McCormick, of the Giants, the greatest pinch hitter in the major leagues. He made history during last fall's world series, and has been writing it throughout the present season.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS :

AMERICAN LEAGUE					NATIONAL LEAGUE				
Team	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	Game	Team	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	Game
Philadelphia	73	36	.670	109	New York	75	33	.694	108
Cleveland	68	44	.607	112	Philadelphia	64	39	.622	103
Washington	61	51	.545	113	Chicago	60	43	.581	104
Baltimore	59	54	.520	110	Pittsburgh	57	51	.528	106
Boston	53	54	.495	107	Brooklyn	47	58	.448	101
Detroit	41	62	.399	105	Boston	45	61	.424	102
St. Louis	41	72	.363	108	St. Louis	42	59	.419	103
New York	36	69	.343	104	Cincinnati	33	71	.317	107

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Detroit 1; Washington 6.
At Chicago 2; New York 0.
At Cleveland 10; Philadelphia 1.
At St. Louis 0; Boston 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

New York at Chicago.
Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
No games scheduled.

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Results Yesterday
At Winston 9; Raleigh 3.
At Greensboro 2; Asheville 7.
At Charlotte 2; Durham 1.

Standing of the Teams				
Club	Won.	Lost.	P. C.	Game
Winston	59	42	.584	101
Durham	54	45	.545	99
Raleigh	51	48	.515	99
Asheville	51	46	.525	97
Greensboro	41	60	.404	101
Charlotte	40	59	.404	99

Headaches following a trip on the water or to the sea mean that your eyes are sensitive and should be protected by wearing our glasses made of tinted lenses. Consult us about your eyes. Dr. Vinberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (Advertisement.)

Read our ad. Page 3. Hewlett & Price. (Advertisement.)

IN THE MINORS

South Atlantic League.
At Macon 4; Savannah 11.
2nd: Macon 6; Savannah 3.
At Charleston 4; Columbus 4; (13 innings.)
At Jacksonville 2; Albany 1.
2nd: Jacksonville 1; Albany 0.

Southern League.
At Memphis 4; Montgomery 1.
At Birmingham 4; Nashville 9.
2nd: Birmingham 7; Nashville 4.
At New Orleans-Mobile, rain.
At Atlanta 7; Chattanooga 2.
2nd: Atlanta 2; Chattanooga 6.

Virginia League.
At Petersburg 5; Newport News 0.
2nd: Petersburg 3; Newport News 0.
At Roanoke 1; Portsmouth 3.
2nd: Roanoke 4; Portsmouth 3.
At Richmond 10; Norfolk 9.
2nd: Richmond 7; Norfolk 0.

Appalachian League.
At Bristol 3; Knoxville 1.
2nd: Bristol 2; Knoxville 1.
At Morristown 2; Johnson City 1.
At Rome 4; Middleboro 4.

American Association.
At Columbus 14; Kansas City 4.
At Louisville 9; St. Paul 1.
At Toledo 6; Minneapolis 3.
At Indianapolis 3; Milwaukee 9.

International League.
At Baltimore 10; Buffalo 10.
2nd: Baltimore 1; Buffalo 10.
At Jersey City 4; Rochester 5.
At Providence 3; Montreal 9.
At Newark 4; Toronto 0.

CONDITION OF BANKS.

Decrease in Money on Hand Over Last Week.

New York, Aug. 16.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold \$24,588,200 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of \$985,450 from last week.

Demonstration of Human Hair Goods during the week at the store of The C. W. Polvogt Co. (Advertisement.)

Read our ad. - Page 2. Hewlett & Price. (Advertisement.)

CHANCE DISCUSSES OUTCOME

Believes Giants and Athletics Will be Contenders for Championship and Looks for Exciting Series

New York, August 16.—Basing his prediction on the assumption that the Giants and Athletics will be the contenders, Frank Chance forecasts a remarkable struggle for world's championship honors this Autumn.

"The leaders of the two leagues appear to be very evenly matched," said Chance, in discussing the teams, "and I look for a very close, exciting series. In my opinion the winning club will be the one that gets the early breaks in the play. You can't eliminate the 'breaks' in baseball, and in a series as important and as short as the world's championship it is always a prominent factor. In all the series in which I have taken part it has always been present. Sometimes the 'breaks' came our way and then again it helped the other fellows, but I never knew the time when it didn't play a leading part."

"For that very reason I have always held that a seven game series between two clubs of the calibre of the National and American League pennant winners was not as decisive as it should be. Fully 15 games would be necessary to make the final count showing up Senators 6; Tigers 1."

The Chicago White Sox shut out the New York Yankees by a 2 to 1 score, Scott, for the locals allowing the Yanks only four hits.

St. Louis fans fumed at Umpire Connolly for "frank" decisions, while the Boston Red Sox shut them out by a 4 to 0 score. Leverage was hit for run-making swats, while Leonard was invincible in the pinches.

Athletics Ambushed.
Cleveland, Aug. 16.—Cleveland bunched hits today, and making in some fast base running with Philadelphia errors, won handsily 10 to 1. Cleveland . . . 200 191 424—10 11 0
Philadelphia . . . 000 000 000—0 8 3
Mitchell and O'Neill; Bush, Wyckoff and Schanz; Time 2:10; umpires Hildebrand and Evans.

Senators Smile.
Detroit, Aug. 16.—Groom pitched a splendid game for Washington today and Detroit never had a chance, the victory winning 6 to 1. Senators . . . 010 002 201—6 9 0
Detroit . . . 000 001 000—1 6 5
Groom and Henry; Daus and Stagner; time 1:40; umpires O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

Chicago Comes Clean.
Chicago, Aug. 16.—Chicago shut New York out here today by a score of 2 to 0. Scott for the locals allowed the Yankees only four hits, none of them being for extra bases.

Chicago . . . 000 000 000—0 4 4
New York . . . 000 000 208—2 3 1
Fisher, McConnell and Sweeney; Scott and Kuhn; Time 1:35; umpires Egan and Dineen.

Fans Fume.
St. Louis, Aug. 16.—While Leonard was invincible in the pinches, his teammates hit Leverage when hits meant runs, Boston winning from St. Louis 4 to 0. About half the spectators, angered by a decision of Umpire Connolly, left the park in the eighth inning.

Boston . . . 060 121 000—4 7 1
St. Louis . . . 000 000 000—0 8 2
Leonard and Carrigan; Leverage and McAllister; Time 1:55; umpires McGreevy and Connolly.

To Give Exhibition Shoot.
Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Topperwein, the celebrated marksmen, will give an exhibition of expert and fancy shooting at the grounds of the New Hanover Gun Club, 17th and Castle streets, Friday afternoon of this week, beginning at 4 o'clock. They have visited Wilmington before and have many friends in this city. Mr. Topperwein is the acknowledged dean of fancy and trick shots, and his many feats are of a highly sensational character. Mrs. Topperwein has no equal among women for adeptness in shooting. Ladies are especially urged to go and witness her astonishing skill with shot gun, rifle and pistol. Admission will be free to all.

Mr. Topperwein represents the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. and lives in San Antonio, Texas. His native State has long been noted for its expert shooters and this penchant for shooting among Texans, added to his natural ability, undoubtedly accounts for the wonderful skill he displays. He uses no special equipment, but ordinary Winchester rifles, shooting regular cartridges with solid ball; or, in other words, cartridges such as are sold by all dealers. He shoots at oranges, apples, bits of coal or brick, walnuts, small marbles, empty cartridge shells, and many other tiny objects, which are all thrown into the air and hit with either rifle or revolver.

Mrs. Topperwein, who shoots to demonstrate the superior quality of the American Powder Mills "Dead Shot" smokeless powder, is undoubtedly the premier lady shot of the world. Although she took up shooting only a few years ago, she has startled the shooting world and entertained many thousands of people by her great skill with rifle, shotgun and pistol.

There will doubtless be a large number of spectators on the grounds for the gun club Friday afternoon to witness the exhibition.

Human Hair Demonstration.
Mrs. Daisy Stuberfield, of New York City, will be at the store of the C. W. Polvogt Company all next week with a display of human hair goods, and the ladies of Wilmington are requested to attend the demonstration during which a high-class of hair goods will be exhibited. (Advertisement.)

EVERGLADE CAFE
Open Day and Night.
"Look for the Name"—Near Street Car Junction.
REGULAR MEALS:
Dinner 35 cents
Supper or breakfast . . . 25 cents

All sea foods carried. All other things in season. Largest and most up-to-date cafe in city.

SHEPARD BROTHERS, Proprietors.
Phone 158 113 Princess St.

In The Spotlight's Glare

News and Reviews of Doings in the World of Sports—Mostly Baseball :

BEGINNING THE FINAL LAP.

The National League season reached one of its most interesting crises yesterday. The schedule for the day threw the first four teams together. In New York the Pirates begin a five-game series with the Giants and Philadelphia staged a conflict of the same duration between the Phillies and Cubs. It is considered unlikely that the New York leaders will be greatly affected by the outcome of their grapple, for they have the pennant practically sewed up, but it bears large importance as concerns the fortunes of the Pittsburghers. If the Clarke crew is to climb into second place, as Manager Fred predicts, they will have to give a good account of themselves in the current strife.

And the Phillies. The more exciting end of the combat for second notch is that in Quaker-town. The two clubs have mauled and kicked one another in about equal ratio since the start of the race and, in fact, seem about the most evenly matched pair in the entire circuit. The Cubs have shown a knack of hitting the crack pitchers of the Phillies, whereas the latter have balanced the slate through the weakness of the Chicago hurlers, nearly every battle between them resulting in heavy scoring on both sides. Eighteen contests altogether are scheduled in this brief stretch of fan-first division meleeing and at the end of it somebody's percentage may possess an appearance quite different from the present one.

No Rest for Leaders.
It would seem that, after tough propositions such as these, the participants should be entitled to a respite in the nature of a meeting with some of the weaker teams, but such is not the case. The scrapping within the first division ring will continue for four days more, the Pirates moving into Philadelphia and the Cubs into New York next Thursday for series of four games each. The Phillies and Cubs are scheduled in this brief stretch of fan-first division meleeing and at the end of it somebody's percentage may possess an appearance quite different from the present one.

The "Under Ten"
While these big fellows are killing off one another there is a good opportunity for some of the "under ten" to tear off a little prosperity. Cincinnati in Boston and St. Louis in Brooklyn is the order for the first four days, two double-headers being included in the menu at Dodgerville and one at Beantown. Boston and St. Louis then swap places for four-game clashes.

When all this ends, the old bally situation arises with the old boys picking on the welters, lightweights, feather and bantams.

The American League also presents its own crucial clash—so far as anything can be crucial the way things stand. The Athletics entered their third game of the series with Cleveland yesterday, the finale of which will be played today. The Naps seem all more hopefully out of it, however, unless they can begin a string similar to the sixteen straight of Senators last year, and even then the Athletics probably would head them to the wire. Moreover, as Connie Mack says, the teams outside his own are too evenly matched for any one of them to do any extended consecutive winning.

Speaking of the Athletic leader calls up the fact that he has broken all his own precedents in the last few weeks by talking and really saying things. In past years Connie always has been willing to admit that, if his team wins the greater number of games, it probably will take the pennant—always inserting "probably." But beyond that he would say naught. This year he began with getting drawn into a controversy and has fired back every time some rival uttered an argument. Following outwards by Birmingham of the Naps and Griffith of the Senators, that their teams would take the flag, he blared forth with defiance outside his own are too evenly matched for any one of them to do any extended consecutive winning.

One manager who has been pleading along with ill success for several years is Hugh Jennings, of the Detroit Tigers, but not once has his name been brought up by the word mongers as being due for demotion. Hughes did well enough up to 1910. His team won three straight pennants just before and gave the Athletics a Lynch, that year. In the three ensuing seasons, including the present one, the Tigers have stayed away down in the second division. But Jennings has been building during that time and seems likely to achieve some real results a year or two hence. He has developed three good pitchers in Jean Dubuc, George Daus and Mark Hall. As a good catcher in McKee and several fair infielders and outfielders. He has the complete confidence of Detroit fans.

The average watch is composed of 175 different pieces.

Here's What You Want

Coca-Cola

One glance at a glass of it cheers—one taste delights—one swallow refreshes—one glass thirst-quenches. The one best beverage for anyone, anytime.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes

Send for Free Booklet. THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

ROBESON HEALTH CONDITIONS

General Satisfactory Conditions, Says Dr. Page—Unusual Accident to Business Man—Notes of Interest

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Lumberton, N. C., August 16.

While in conversation with Dr. B. W. Page, county superintendent of health, this week, it was stated that the health conditions throughout the county were very satisfactory, all things being considered.

He stated that while there had been several cases of typhoid fever, only five deaths from that cause had been reported to him during the summer, two of these being colored. Dr. Page says there is more trouble from malaria than from any other cause. There has been more of it in this vicinity than anywhere else in the county. When the extreme hot weather and the great amount of rain is considered, health conditions can be said to be remarkably good. One of the wisest things Robeson county did was when it employed a competent physician to give his entire time to improving health conditions.

Chas. Carter, the man who was arrested by Chief Redfern last Sunday morning for violating the town ordinance, was tried before Recorder McLean Tuesday and let out with \$250 bonds. He is a colored man, 35 years of age, and was taken to the higher court before he was run over, but after cooling off he decided it would be best to settle the matter the easier way. He is a town ordinance here prohibiting anyone from offering newspapers, etc., for sale within eight feet of a passenger train. This law was made for the benefit of passengers leaving and boarding trains especially on Sunday. By the time the train would stop the newspaper would be in the crowd and with papers and the crowd anxious to buy would rush up to the steps, often blocking the way so people could not get from the train. That is why the law was made. It is a good one and will be enforced, regardless of what two or three may think. Carter refused to move back when requested by the chief, hence the arrest.

If Robeson county keeps on it will soon have a bank for each township, the Bank of Proctorville, which was opened a few days ago. There are 24 townships in the county for a lot of money that is going to waste in the uncultivated lands that should be growing fine crops. Plenty of good land here is not making the taxes on it. Plenty of room here for many more good farmers.

Several hundred people went on an excursion from here to Wilmington Wednesday. People who saw the crowd returning home that night are firm in their belief that the weather is dry. It really reminded one of a large congregation leaving a church as the people left the train when it reached here. The conductor said it was the driest and quietest excursion he ever saw, the number of people being considered.

Mrs. Flora A. Spivey died Wednesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Miles Prevatt, seven miles from town, in the Back Swamp section. Mrs. Spivey was in the 70s and had spent most of her long and useful life within a few miles of Lumberton. The funeral was conducted Thursday morning at 10 o'clock and was attended by five sons and two daughters, Messrs. A. E. and C. U. Spivey, of Lumberton, being two of the sons.

Big closing out sales are now attracting much attention here. A. Weinstein put on one yesterday and R. D. Caldwell & Son opened one this morning. They say they must make room for the new stock that is already beginning to arrive.

Mr. L. C. Townsend suffered a painful accident Tuesday night in an unusual way. The electric wire in the bedroom is sufficiently long for the light to be moved to any part of the room. Mr. Townsend was trying to locate a mosquito in the room when his hand came in contact with the wire at a point where the covering or insulation had worn off. There was a report, a flash and all was over. Mr. Townsend's hand was terribly burned and blistered and one of the finger nails was nearly burned off. A physician was called and gave medical attention. The burn is an extremely painful one.

If the truth has been told Lumberton's untimely death on the excursion to Wilmington Wednesday, it is said that just before the train arrived for the return trip just 13 of the boys were given a tip, were told how and where some of the overjoyful might be had. They lost no time in parting with \$1.50 each for a package of case goods containing as they supposed "corn" and "pickles". When they got a chance to try it they found that 13 boys had purchased 18 pounds of vinegar at \$1.50 per quart. Wilmington vinegar.

The Seaboard has another law suit on its hands as the result of using iron-clad week-end tickets to Wilmington. On July 26th Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Davis purchased tickets to go down Saturday, good returning until Tuesday. According to the ticket contract, which was signed by Mr. Davis before starting on the trip, the tickets had to be signed and stamped by the agent in Wilmington before they were good to return. Mr. Davis overlooked this and the conductor refused to accept the tickets. Mr. Davis had no money, so the conductor put an excess tag on his baggage for the amount of two fares, \$2.40, and the baggage was delivered to the agent here to be collected for. The baggage is still in charge of the agent. Mr. Davis has brought suit for retaining the suit case and asks damages for its retention. Messrs. Britt & Britt represent Mr. Davis. They will make an effort to have the case tried at the September term of court.

We were delighted to see Mr. Graham McKinnon, of Rowland, in town Thursday. Mr. McKinnon has been in wretched health for several months, but is now greatly improved and hopes soon to be restored to his usual health. Mr. McKinnon is one of Robeson's best citizens and most progressive farmers.

A shipment of 400 pounds of fresh beef found its way to Lumberton on the night train from Charlotte Wednesday night. It had been shipped from Lumberton and at the consignee nor the express agent knew it was coming the railroad people put it in the baggage room. Thursday morning it was good and sound and when the consignee refused it and express agent wired for instructions, and after receiving an answer gave the Lumberton river catfish such a feast as they haven't had for many days.

Mr. Ernest Stanton, for some time night operator at the phone office and Miss Rollie Monroe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Blackburn, were married at Relford August 6th. It was a runaway affair, the bride being only 16 years old, and the marriage was

strongly opposed by her parents. Mrs. Blackburn has been almost prostrated over the affair. She is deeply grieved at the manner in which some of her friends assisted her daughter in leaving home when they knew so well how devoted the mother was to the daughter and knew how much she was opposed to the match.

In the death of Capt. L. R. Broock, which occurred at his residence on Fourth and Walnut streets last Saturday night, Lumberton lost another of the oldest and most highly respected citizens. Broock was of a quiet, unassuming disposition, always attending to his own affairs and leaving the affairs of others to them. He was a soldier who had been in the army for many years and was like him. Another old soldier has gone to his reward.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Townsend have moved from McDonald to Lumberton and began keeping house yesterday. Mr. Townsend was cashier of the Bank of McDonald up to a short time ago when he resigned to enter the mercantile business. Lumberton is glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Townsend home again.

Mr. P. F. Barnes, for some time a clerk in the post office, has resigned to take effect next Saturday, the 23rd. Mr. Barnes expects to enter Wake Forest at the opening in the Fall. He succeeded at the post office by Mr. J. Q. Parnell, of Buie. Mr. Parnell is already familiarizing himself with the details of his work.

Mr. J. S. McDonald, receiver for the Lumberton Drug Co., has sold the business to Mr. Jno. M. Scott, of Charlotte, the sale taking place yesterday at noon at the Court House, for \$2,500. The business includes the stock, fixtures, accounts, etc., were sold as a whole. We do not know Mr. Scott's intention regarding his purchase.

The St. Paul's Messenger of the 14th makes the statement that "Hon. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, announced himself as a candidate for Congress from the Sixth Congressional district." We have not seen Mr. Brown's announcement, but heard him in a private conversation. He is a well-known man in the community and has been in the service of the State for many years.

Mr. Jno. French returned from Saluda yesterday after spending several days there with relatives. Mayor White left this evening for Saluda where he will spend two or three days with his family and from there will go to Winston to visit his mother, retiring home the last of next week.

Master Waldo Arnett, of Rutherford, is visiting his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Bulluck, on Eighth street.

Mr. Geo. G. French, who spent several months in a Richmond hospital and some time at the famous Virginia Springs, returned home Thursday night greatly improved in health, though still very weak. Mrs. French and children were with Mrs. French during his illness. He returned Wednesday night after spending some time in the mountains. Dr. and Mrs. H. Pope and children and Mrs. Mollie Pope and her son, James, are journeying at the beach.

Last Sunday we bragged about the manner in which the automobiles were obeying the law. Yesterday a number of them were pulled for fast driving again. We are done blowing auto horns.

Mr. Hayes, a negro who recently stole a mule from Mr. L. E. Whaley, for which he was given a long term on the roads, made short work of his prison life. He was released yesterday and he drank a good dose of concentrated lye. He was returned for treatment to the jail and spent several days there, his removal to the hospital where his condition is said to be critical.

A deputy sheriff came from Fayetteville this morning and carried away John Carver, white, who stands charged with criminal assault on his young niece.

A man from the country called on Sheriff Lewis this week to find out who put a certain item in The Star last Sunday. The sheriff told him to ask The Star man, not far away, but he didn't come. The writer assumes the responsibility and sticks to it.

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The remains of Miss Maudie, who died in Wilmington, passed through this morning en route to Tar Heel.

A party of Fairmont young people came over last night to visit the picture show in the town of its size can boast of finer lot of young folks than Fairmont, we have failed to find it.

Deputy Sheriff Willis Britt left this morning for Maxton to deliver three negroes to the chain gang. Jailor Previnger stated this morning that he had only one prisoner waiting for court. He has one or two sick, one or two for costs, making a total of five.

The Recorder's court kept up their good work this morning and at no distant day the jail might be for rent.

Lumberton is now very short on eggs. They are not to be had at any price and only a few are shipped in. Spring chickens are much more plentiful than eggs.

A raid was made on loafers here yesterday. It was a little job done. Chief Redfern says that the vagrants must get busy or get a move on.

After coming here from one town to another for several months, Chief Redfern succeeded yesterday in landing a black blind tiger named McLaurin. Recorder McLean held a special session of court about 7 o'clock and sentenced McLaurin to six months on the roads. He appealed, but this morning had not yet made bond. A picture out of the ordinary is to be shown at the Pastime Theatre Monday night, in addition to the regular service. One gentleman who is anxious for his friends, ladies and gentlemen, to see it, has purchased 100 tickets which he is going to present to them. He says the picture is something well.

F. A. WOODWARD NAMED.

Unanimously Nominated for House to Succeed Judge G. W. Connor. (Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., Aug. 16.—Hon. F. A. Woodward, a former member of Congress, was nominated today by the county Democratic committee as Representative to the Legislature from this county to succeed Judge George W. Connor resigned. The nomination was made unanimously.

To Get Rid of Mosquitoes

You can sleep, play, hunt or attend to any work without being worried by the biting or stinging of Mosquitoes, Sand-flies, Gnats or other insects by applying to the face, ears and hands DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL 25c. (advertisement.)

BAILY NOW COLLECTOR

New Democratic Revenue Official Takes Charge of Office of Eastern District—Civil Service Examination.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 16.—J. W. Baily took charge of the office of internal revenue collector for Eastern Carolina here this morning at 8 o'clock, succeeding Wheeler Martin, Republican, retired. The formal transfer was made by J. N. Shawhan, government expert accountant from Washington.

No changes will be made for the present in the office of field forces of the collector, but there is preparation for very general changes in the personnel of the staff. More than 50 men, most of them Democrats, underwent the civil service examination today, and pending the availability of the list of successful ones from which Collector Baily can pick the Democrats he desires for appointment, there will be temporary commissions to the men now in the service.

Col. Jim Young Out.

Mr. Baily did not issue a commission to Col. James H. Young, the well known negro who has had 36 years of service. So he loses his official head at once. He did not commission J. P. H. Adams, who was issued a temporary commission for this place to J. P. Stell, who was for quite a while chief of police of Raleigh. Mr. Stell will have to pass a civil service examination and make a fight through this department in order to get the place permanently.

There is no appointment yet in the place of Col. Young, whose desk in the collector's office is one of the most important. He began revenue service during the Grant administration, went out during the Cleveland administration and resumed service when the McKinley administration came in.

White left this evening for Saluda where he will spend two or three days with his family and from there will go to Winston to visit his mother, retiring home the last of next week.

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A party of Fairmont young people came over last night to visit the picture show in the town of its size can boast of finer lot of young folks than Fairmont, we have failed to find it.

Deputy Sheriff Willis Britt left this morning for Maxton to deliver three negroes to the chain gang. Jailor Previnger stated this morning that he had only one prisoner waiting for court. He has one or two sick, one or two for costs, making a total of five.

The Recorder's court kept up their good work this morning and at no distant day the jail might be for rent.

Lumberton is now very short on eggs. They are not to be had at any price and only a few are shipped in. Spring chickens are much more plentiful than eggs.

A raid was made on loafers here yesterday. It was a little job done. Chief Redfern says that the vagrants must get busy or get a move on.

After coming here from one town to another for several months, Chief Redfern succeeded yesterday in landing a black blind tiger named McLaurin. Recorder McLean held a special session of court about 7 o'clock and sentenced McLaurin to six months on the roads. He appealed, but this morning had not yet made bond. A picture out of the ordinary is to be shown at the Pastime Theatre Monday night, in addition to the regular service. One gentleman who is anxious for his friends, ladies and gentlemen, to see it, has purchased 100 tickets which he is going to present to them. He says the picture is something well.

F. A. WOODWARD NAMED.

Unanimously Nominated for House to Succeed Judge G. W. Connor. (Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., Aug. 16.—Hon. F. A. Woodward, a former member of Congress, was nominated today by the county Democratic committee as Representative to the Legislature from this county to succeed Judge George W. Connor resigned. The nomination was made unanimously.

To Get Rid of Mosquitoes

You can sleep, play, hunt or attend to any work without being worried by the biting or stinging of Mosquitoes, Sand-flies, Gnats or other insects by applying to the face, ears and hands DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL 25c. (advertisement.)

Watch Your Baby These Summer Days

Little Stomachs Get Out of Order Easily in Hot Weather.

During the hot months mothers should look very carefully to the condition of the bowels of babies and young children, and for that matter, it is very important in the lives of people at all ages. Care should be taken that the water is pure, the milk wholesome and the fruit ripe (though not over-ripe), and that not too much of anything is eaten.

When trouble results it is usually in the form of constipation or of diarrhoea. If the child loses appetite, is fretful or languid, and complains of headache, you may look for constipation. Give it a small dose of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at night on retiring, and by morning this pleasant laxative will have acted and the child will be its normal self again.

At the first sign of a Summer cold also give Syrup Pepsin, as the cleaning out of the bowels will usually be sufficient to break the cold. Summer diarrhoea can be stopped in the same way by ridding the bowels of the poisons and germs that cause the trouble. This opinion is shared by thousands of people like Mrs. Ella Denzel, 124 Nichols Ave., Stratford, Conn., who it successfully herself and gives it to her two little boys; and Mrs.



C. C. Allen, of New Monterey, Cal., who finds it in every particular just what she and her family need.

Avoid giving children cathartics, purgatives, pills or powders, as they are too harsh. Confine yourself to a gentle laxative- tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You can obtain it of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it, postpaid, by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 418 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES

IN Summer Shoes

The Final Clean-Up of This Season's Goods.

Men's \$4.50 to \$6.00
Oxfords, \$2.97.
Broken lots of Men's Oxfords; \$4 to \$6 values, sizes 5, 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2, 10 and 11; pointed toes; to close at 97c

Women's \$2.50 to \$3.50 Pumps and Oxfords, 97c.
Remnants of several lines, including a variety of styles; just the thing to finish the season with.

Men's \$4.50 Oxfords, \$1.97.
These are broken lots of several styles, blucher and button, patent, tan and gun metal.

Women's \$3.50 Pumps and Oxfords \$1.67.
Including tans, patents and gun metals, in pumps and ties.

Children's Barefoot Sandals, Values to \$1.75... 97c

Women's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Tan Oxfords and Pumps, \$2.19.
The season's largest sellers, in all the latest styles, to close at \$2.19

Children's Oxfords
Sizes 8 to 13; values to \$1.75, at... 97c

Every Pair Guaranteed as Represented. Nothing to be Carried Over. Other Bargains Too Numerous to Mention

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

Hewlett & Price

NO. 24 FRONT ST. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Lumina Concerts

Jno. F. Kneisel, Director.

PROGRAMME For Today

AFTERNOON—3:30 O'CLOCK

1. March—"The Naval Parade"..... Thomas S. Allen
2. Melodies from "The Red Rose"..... Frederick Hood Bowers
3. Concert Waltz "Murmuring Winds"..... John T. Hall
4. Overture—"Lutspiel"..... Keler Bela

INTERMISSION

5. March—"The Hustler"..... Harry Alford
6. Largo—Aria from the Opera "Nerxes"..... Handel
7. Waltzes—"Oh! Oh! Delphine"..... Ivan Caryll
8. Finale—"Klown Kapers"..... Ernest R. Ball

NIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK

1. Medley—"The Sunny South"..... J. B. Lampe
2. Spanish Waltz "España"..... Emilie Waldeufel
3. Scarf Dance and Air de Ballet..... C. Chamindado
4. Comic Opera "Baron Trenck"..... Felix Adini

INTERMISSION

5. March Characteristic—"Laughing Love"..... Leon Jessel
6. For Strings only—"Traumerl"..... R. Schumann
7. "To a Wild Rose"..... Macdowell
8. "Pizzicati" from Ballet "Sylvia"..... Leo Delibes

Overture—"Light Cavalry"..... Franz von Suppe

Final—One Step, "De la Fumee"..... S. Romberg

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 1, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 59, 8:40 A.M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Western North Carolina points. Connects at Goldboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 61 leaves Norfolk 12:30 P. M. and Richmond 1:10 P. M.	No. 62, 8:15 A.M.
No. 67, 8:50 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be accepted until 1:00 A. M.	No. 68, 7:30 A.M.
No. 64, 9:30 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65, 8:30 P.M.
No. 66, 9:30 A.M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 69, 8:15 P.M.
No. 52, 9:40 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 63, 8:30 P.M.
No. 63, 9:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 64, 1:40 P.M.
No. 65, 9:50 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 66, 12:30 P.M.
No. 60, 10:30 P.M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, 10:15 A.M.
No. 48, 6:45 P.M.	Goldboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 49, 7:45 A.M.
No. 67, 1:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 68, 1:15 P.M.

* Daily. * Daily except Sunday. * Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call phone 100.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, WILMINGTON, N. C. T. O. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

SEABOARD TO THE BEACH!

Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective April 27th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON:

No. 19—8:40 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:30 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:30 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 4 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 1 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and All Points South. At Monroe with train No. 20 for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 19 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE.

CUPCANY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 15—3:00 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:30 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 20—12:40 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information call on or telegraph JNO. T. WEST, Division Passenger Agt.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western

Quick and Best Line West and North

Black System, No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1913.

Le. Norfolk . . . 8:30 a.m. 8:30 p.m.

Le. Petersburg . . . 11:30 a.m. 10:40 p.m.

Le. Durham . . . 7:40 a.m. 9:30 a.m.

Le. Lynchburg . . . 2:40 p.m. 2:30 a.m.

Le. Cincinnati . . . 7:20 a.m. 6:25 p.m.

Le. Columbus . . . 6:45 a.m. 6:55 p.m.

Le. Chicago . . . 5:00 p.m. 7:30 a.m.

Le. St. Louis . . . 6:32 p.m. 8:30 a.m.

Close connections for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque points.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. REYEL, P. M. Traffic Mgr., W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Norfolk, Va. C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

Having Awarded the Prize of a Handsome

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the
postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act
of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily
newspaper in North Carolina, is published
daily except Monday, at 8¢ per copy, 25¢
for six months; \$1.50 for three months; 50
cents for one month, served by carriers in
the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year,
\$1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on
application, and advertisers may feel as-
sured that through the columns of this
paper they may reach all Wilmington, East-
ern Carolina and contiguous territory in
South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, com-
munications exposing the cause of a pri-
vate enterprise of a political candidate, and
like matter, will be charged at the rate
of 10 cents per line to persons carrying a
regular account, or, if paid cash in ad-
vance, a half rate will be allowed. In-
auguration of fairs, festivals, balls, hop-
picks, excursions, society meetings, polit-
ical meetings, etc., will be charged under
the same conditions, except so much there-
of as may be of news value to readers of
the paper, in the discretion of the edi-
tor.

TELEPHONE: Business Office, No. 51,
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either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain
important news, or discuss briefly and
properly subjects of real interest, are not
wanted; and, if acceptable in every other
way, they will invariably be rejected un-
less the real name of the author accompa-
nies the same, not necessarily for publica-
tion, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money or-
ders and postal money orders for the pa-
per should be made payable, and all com-
munications should be addressed to,
THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Sunday, August 17, 1913.

The ivy-covered little cot May tickle
him, but Mayse—not.

The coming event is "Labor Day".
It will soon be here.

Some men who are way up in G
have a credit that is classed B-flat.

Even experience is an apt teacher
for the fellow who thinks he knows
it all.

Some men are better looking than
their pictures, but Governor Sulzer is
not one of them.

Those New Yorkers who think they
know it all will please tell us who is
governor of New York.

We are now having the harvest
moon, but the lid is on so far as "Old
Harvest" is concerned.

Sulzer and Huerta both insist upon
being put out instead of getting out
along the line of least resistance.

A woman thinks her husband was
made for her because he lets her make
him do what she wants him to do.

A Chicago man claims that he can
make cigars out of alfalfa. If the
Chicago man can, it is a safe bet that
he will.

The officiating minister thinks he is
"solemnizing" a marriage when every-
body is too happy to think about be-
ing solemn.

Many a candidate appears to be
blameless till he is elected and his
enemies have time to go back over
his old trail.

Business men look over Dun re-
ports so they can avoid the possi-
bility of having to send a dun to a
prospective customer.

Most cities can afford to lose some
of the population they have acquired
without holding out any inducements
to home-seekers of their class.

The upshot of the whole business
is that men with more vulnerability than
ability will just have to quit running
for office, else take the consequences.

Silence doesn't always indicate wis-
dom. Sometimes it is the result of
discretion on the part of those who
don't want to give themselves away.

Atlanta is playing up the trial of
Leo Frank, charged with the murder
of Mary Phagan, but at this distance
it looks as if the prosecution is on a
cold trail.

"What do we want?" inquires the
Jacksonville Times-Union. Don't
mention it. We could soon decide if we
could get together and were a little
socially inclined.

Moonlight on the Cape Fear is a
charming reality that exceeds the
iridescent dreams of people who live
on some little old muddy stream
where catfish do all the biting.

A Pennsylvania woman almost went
into fits when the marriage license
clerk asked her if she was an epilep-
tic. She considered the question as
both impertinent and slanderous.

Says the Albany Journal: "Some-
times, what is taken for love at first
sight is merely a will of the wisp."
Whether it is at first sight or not, it
all depends on the will of a wisp of a
girl.

Europeans marvel that an American
ambassador pays out more than his
salary for house rent. A great many
people who are not ambassadors know
how to sympathize with one when it
comes to the matter of rent.

The standard cotton bale is bound
to come. The remarkable part of it is
that after the over-sized bale has been
tabooed in all the European and Amer-
ican markets, any gin in the South
would continue to put up a cotton
package in such a way that it is a nu-
sance to shippers, carriers, exporters
and manufacturers. When cotton pro-
ducers find out that they are being
docked a dollar a bale they will in-
sist that all ginners change their press
boxes so as to conform to the accept-
able standard. Three million bales of
non-standard size will cost the South
\$5,000,000 in tare as a penalty.

"WILMINGTON BOTTLED UP."

The Star gives space on this page
to a lengthy editorial from the Char-
lotte Observer commenting upon the
speech of Mayor Fred N. Tate, of
High Point, before the Carolina Muni-
cipal Association, at Wrightsville
Beach last Thursday. Mr. Tate is al-
so president of the North Carolina
Just Freight Rate Association, and
that gives his speech more than ordi-
nary significance when it comes to
consideration of the transportation
question in North Carolina. For that
reason his remarks will have a broad
reach and create a great amount of
attention.

In his speech, Mr. Tate declared:
"As long as Wilmington is bottled up
by the Atlantic Coast Line, as it is at
the present time, it cannot be made
a basing point for freight rates." That
view seriously impresses the able edi-
tor of the Observer, and he says
quite a number of things that will
greatly interest Wilmington people
and especially the business men and
manufacturers of the city.

While Mr. Tate and the Observer
express themselves as friends of Wil-
mington as a city and as the chief
port of North Carolina, The Star does
not refer to what they have said in
order to concur in all the opinions
held, nor to agree with all the state-
ments made. In whatever is a fact
we heartily concur, but we think it
would prove hurtful to Wilmington
to let it get abroad that it is "bottled
up" in the sense that some people
might take it. That would not be a
wholesome impression to get abroad,
in face of the fine progress that Wil-
mington is making.

The Star cannot endorse a railroad
policy that in any way is detrimental
to the interests of Wilmington, or
that unreasonably discriminates
against this port. We owe it to this
city to disapprove unfair treatment
of Wilmington and North Carolina,
and when we know the lines aright
we expect to condemn when necessary
and approve when it is deserved.
We can do both and be consistent, for
we aim at all times to be sure and
be reasonable and fair.

With regard to the fight of the State
against discrimination on the part of
the railroads, North Carolina has
made good and proven her case be-
yond a reasonable doubt. There has
been more discrimination against
portions of the State than there has
been against Wilmington, yet Wil-
mington has just reasons to complain
on her own account, but putting the
blame here and there and making a
strong indictment on the facts is not
furnishing the remedy. Creating an-
tagonism and playing up the situation
will not help the cause. What the
State wants is relief and effective
plans to get it.

Let us blame the railroads and let
us blame ourselves for not doing our
duty towards the State and its port.
As a State and as a city we have neg-
lected the port about as much as the
railroads have, or, at any rate, we
have not done our part towards it.
For years North Carolina has neg-
lected the opportunity to get herself
a deep water port and make it a rate
basing point in order to get the bene-
fit of water competition. We have
just simply failed to appreciate the
potentiality of deep water and most
of the State yet fails to appreciate it
to the extent of taking steps to get
it now. Wilmington also fails to ap-
preciate it to the extent of leading
the State into a strong co-operative
movement to provide North Carolina
with a deep ocean gateway at Wil-
mington and Southport—both, for in
both the State has an asset of which
no State-wide notice has been taken
by way of utilizing them as potential
factors in handling the State's trans-
portation problem.

While we condemn the railroads for
what they do or don't do, let us kick
ourselves for lacking both the scope
and being short of the initiative ne-
cessary to have long ago secured a
deep water port for North Carolina.
We are late waking up, but we fear
we have to wake up a great deal more
than we are now. We know we have
been hit, but we don't know exactly
how hit we don't know we have stood
still and let them hit us.

Instead of continuing to fix the
blame, let us do something for our-
selves and at the same time resent
unfair treatment, whatever its source.
Let us get the railroads to co-operate
with us in the future and let us co-
operate with the railroads. The railroads
haven't done very much of it because
we have had no plans in which we
have asked co-operation. They have
done progressive things, but we have
done nothing to co-operate with them
so you'd notice it. We believe in
putting the blame where it belongs—
on the railroads and the people.

So far as Wilmington is concerned
she is circumvented in her commer-
cial operations, because we haven't
had scope enough to us, and because
we have permitted the port to be "bot-
tled up" in a way. Yet Wilmington
does a jobbing trade of \$70,000,000 a
year, and has a foreign commerce
which some years goes nearly up to
the \$35,000,000 mark. Our foreign
coastwise and river commerce foots
up fully \$65,000,000 a year, and it
would be larger if the State of North
Carolina and the business men of
Wilmington and the railroads would
do their part instead of putting the
blame on each other.

The railroads have given Wilming-
ton an export rate on cotton, but only
one firm takes advantage of it. Wil-
mington's port rate on iron from the
Birmingham district is on a parity
with the Norfolk rate, but nobody
at Wilmington is exporting iron. We
ought to secure import rates on cot-
ton goods, furniture, lumber and other
products. We also ought to secure
import rates. We have done neither
and if we do not export or import,

we would not need the rates. At the
same time, we do need them all right
and so does every business and man-
ufacturing center in North Carolina.
We ought to co-operate to that end,
because we are not utilizing the port
as we could.

We have discussed an independent
steamship line, but what we need is
plenty of steamship service, whether
it is by independent or established
lines. Worse than anything else, we
need a 35 or 40-foot bar and a break-
water to secure it, a 30-foot channel
to Wilmington, and ample pier and
warehouse terminals, not wholly con-
trolled by corporate or private inter-
ests. If we get these facilities and get
export and import rates, we will get
the ships. If we get the ships we will
get water competition. Water com-
petition will make this a rate basing
point. Let us help ourselves while
putting the blame for other things on
others when they deserve it.

WATER CARNIVAL FOR WILMINGTON.

Chicago's great water carnival be-
gan yesterday and will continue a
week. It was gotten up so everybody
could have a good time and especial-
ly for the reason that it would get
Chicago in the limelight. Chicago
business men wanted to attract a great
crowd to that city from all the sur-
rounding States, and so they proposed
to do something or start something.
Somebody suggested a water carnival,
and as it was something novel and
different, the Chicago boosters all said
"water carnival" for them.

Chicago's water carnival has been
advertised in every State of the Union
and the Windy City is expecting this
week the greatest number of visitors
the city has had since the World's
Fair was held there. Reduced rates
were secured from the railroads, and
an elaborate programme was arranged.
The festival opened yesterday with an
aquatic meet, with championship hy-
droplane races, airboat contests, can-
oe races, women's yacht races, swim-
ming, boating and sculling. Famous
swimmers, athletes, acrobats and
world's champions along various lines
will take part in the programme. Ev-
ery day there will be something differ-
ent on the programme, and the crowds
will be interested and amused day
and night till the carnival comes to
an end. There will be all kinds of
water sports and demonstrations on
water. The harbor will be beautifully
illuminated and elaborately decorated
in all kinds of ways. All the steamers
and all manner of shipping will be
handsomely decorated, and so will the
streets of Chicago. The carnival hap-
pens right at a time when merchants
in various States of the West and
South will want to go to Chicago to
buy Fall and Winter goods. The mid-
western South goes to New York, and
it seems fortunate for the great cities
that trade seems to run in zones. Chi-
cago practically monopolizes a vast
trade territory and she is after more
zone, hence she is doing something by
way of making a start.

It reminds us that if Wilmington is
not going to have a fair or a South
Atlantic exposition, she might get up
a water carnival and make a date with
some of the attractions and champions
to be assembled at Chicago. Wilming-
ton and Southport have 30 miles of
harbor for a water carnival and they
could make it a great event, empha-
sizing the fact that both sides of the
harbor between the twin ports can be
utilized for manufacturing plants
which can take advantage of both
water and rail. Deep water for 30
miles and railroads on both sides of
the harbor offer unrivaled opportuni-
ties for manufacturing, especially for
the export trade.

We have all sorts of water around
Wilmington, and a display from here
to Soupport would be something im-
mense. It would bring great crowds
to Wilmington and Southport, and
outside of a great fair or an exposi-
tion we know of nothing so calculated
to attract thousands of visitors.

Says the Columbia Record: "That
Georgia legislator who drew a knife
on a friend because of the suspicion
that the latter had reflected on his
veracity in disputing a statement of
fact with him, seems to have been a
little quick on trigger." How differ-
ent it is in Virginia. There, both men
would talk loud enough to drown out
the voice of a tobacco auctioneer, and
then one would get mad and walk off,
muttering that he "considered the
source." The other would resume his
peanut lunch and think he made the
other take water.

A Chicago paper says a woman of
that city has traveled 5,000 miles dur-
ing a search of three years for her
husband. Since she hasn't "come
across" him yet, it is evident that he
has always managed to see her first.

The New York Tribune says "a
mere man has won a hunger strike."
It is hoped he was more ladylike about
it than the suffragettes who have a
patent on starving themselves so they
can make the officials "give in."

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is announced from Wilmington
that the former Congressman Bellamy,
of that city, will likely enter the race for
the Democratic nomination for Gov-
ernor. If he is likely to enter the race,
he will enter it in case of doubt.
You can put it down that a gentleman
mentioned in connection with a desir-
able political office will get in the race.
Lawyer Bellamy is an able man, too,
and it will be no snap to know him
under.—Newbern Journal.

WILMINGTON VS. THE STATE.

Is This Port "Bottled Up?" Charlotte
Observer's View.
(From the Charlotte Observer.)
President F. N. Tate, of the North
Carolina Just Freight Rate Associa-
tion, said something before the Caro-
lina Municipal Association at Wrights-
ville Beach: "As long as Wilmington

is bottled up by the Atlantic Coast
Line as it is at the present time, it
cannot be made a basing point for
freight rates." Mr. Tate adverted to a
most notorious and indisputable fact.
The Atlantic Coast Line and the other
railroads associated with it in rate
policies have bottled up Wilmington
commercially as tightly as ever Gen.
P. T. Beauregard bottled up Gen. Ben-
jamin F. Butler in the military sense
at Bermuda Hundred. They cannot
avoid giving some reduction on goods
shipped directly to or from Wilming-
ton. That is the "water rate" and all
of the "water rate" as affecting Wil-
mington. When it comes to getting
the goods out of Wilmington rates
are simply preposterous—placed arti-
ficially high with the clear purpose
to prevent any advantage being gain-
ed. Wilmington pays not only the
sufficiently high rates obtaining at
other points in the State, but more.
Locally Wilmington may enjoy the
advantage of living a little cheaper,
but when she undertakes to do busi-
ness outside the facilities are with-
held. Some contrast, for instance, the
"water rate" accorded Virginia points,
like Lynchburg, removed from any
real water communication, or like
Roanoke, near across the Blue Ridge
in a position itself that occupied by
Asheville in this State? The absolute-
ly manifest object is to make effective
the policy of discriminating against
North Carolina points and throwing
their business into the Virginia points
hands. Precisely similar is the treat-
ment which other North Carolina
points receive as to the nature of
things Wilmington might be expected
by those unacquainted with special
circumstances hindering to vigorous
Eastern North Carolina in rigorous
wrest against treatment so unfair.
But those who know do not wonder
at all. There's a reason, and, with
as much as ever of the hearty friend-
ship toward Wilmington which we
have always felt and tried to show,
we think it a public duty to say why.

Wilmington is one of those places
where a great corporation occupies the
position of overlord, as the dominant
interest overshadowing every-
thing else. She feels that the At-
lantic Coast Line has hardly less than
the power to kill her or keep her alive.
Withdrawal of the Coast Line general
officers would be felt by every Wil-
mingtonian as a staggering blow; and,
inasmuch as the city itself is in no
small degree dependent for assured
retention upon the management's ac-
tive good will. Encouraging this at-
titude and increasing their own large
individual influence in the railroad
company's interest by means of it are
local stockholders in the Coast Line
who include many of the principal
business men there. So Wilmington
is above everything else an Atlantic
Coast Line town. To her one consid-
erable developed interest outside the
Coast Line itself the railroad and its
federated associates have always been
kind. That, as all know, is the export
business, almost entirely in cotton. It
puts a good deal of money into a few
pockets, but is not worth much other-
wise. The potentially great business
of merchandise distribution, which
should cover the Carolinas, has never
been able to develop beyond a point
where it remains utterly subordinate
to the interests hanging upon the
Coast Line's good will—itsself subordi-
nate to on dominated by them. So
complete is the Coast Line's overlord-
ship that Wilmington has always gun-
shoed upon the question of freight
rates, upon everything else where the
Coast Line might take offense. She
would shout for big Federal ex-
penditures for river improvement, etc.;
we have shouted with her for them,
knowing, as she knew, that while we
enough in their way and no doubt
ultimately the least bit helpful in their
tendency upon freight rates, they did
not touch the essence of the case. But
when it came to approaching the prob-
lem with us directly or even half-di-
rectly Wilmington was not there. It
is an actual fact, for which we can
vouch, that men speaking by invita-
tion in Wilmington upon the issues of
the day have been button-holed before-
hand by authoritative representatives
of Wilmington business and begged
for heaven's sake to say nothing, or
nothing to the point, about freight
rates.

Wilmington may rest well assured
that no settlement will be made by
representatives of the State with the
railroads which does not take her in-
terests as a shipping point fully into
account. But if she goes beyond gun-
shoeing and malinger to fight the
State as a Coast Line town—to re-
sist even her own unbottling, which
could have been largely accomplished
long ago by the Legislature and Cor-
poration Commission if she had so
willed—she will "get in bad" with the
State. There is no occasion whatever
for her, except as an obstructive agent
of the Coast Line, to play any separate
hand.

FAIRMONT TOBACCO MARKET.

To the Editor of The Star:
An article came out in last Sunday's
Star in regard to our tobacco market
in which a statement was given in a
general way and was not intended by
you to be absolutely correct; and
searching for the facts we were using
your figures as a basis for prices
against us and in favor of other mar-
kets, we think it due our market and
the State to give the facts and figures
of our market, so that parties seeking
information and wishing to be fair,
may not try to deceive the general
public.

The sales for the market to August
15th amounted to 2,247,892 pounds,
which brought in money \$317,898.96,
making the general average \$14.14 for
the market to date. This includes
primings, scrap and everything sold.
We think these prices will compare
favorably with any market in the
South Carolina belt, and no farmer
will hesitate to sell his tobacco in
Fairmont.

The general average during the last
week for everything has been around
16 1-2 cents.
E. J. DAVIS & SONS,
T. F. REEVES & CO.,
Fairmont, N. C., Aug. 15, 1913.

FLORIDA FUGITIVE CAUGHT.

Despoiler of Girl Arrested at Sunday
School Picnic in Robeson.
(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., Aug. 16.—At Oak-
dale church in the lower end of this
county where a Sunday School picnic
was in progress today, Deputies Britt
and Phillips arrested J. A. Hance, a
fugitive from Florida, charged with
the ruin of a 15-year-old girl.

Hance only arrived in the communi-
ty where he was arrested about three
weeks ago, but by his good looks,
stylish dress and winning ways he
is said to have become very popular. He
was taking an active part in the Sun-
day School exercises when arrested
and witnesses say as the officers led
him away many tears were shed, but
those who wept did not know the charge.
Hance admitted his guilt and
said he would return to Florida with-
out requisition. He is in jail awaiting
the arrival of an officer from Florida.
William Jones, probably 65 years
old, and one of the best known and
most highly respected colored men of
this section, dropped dead on the
street at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

These Silk Offerings

Mean Many Saving Opportunities

We have arranged a Splendid Display of Real Summer Bargains in Silks for This Week.

These Prices must make them move. They must give way to make room for the New

Fall Silks.

Prices Range 19c, 25c, 39c, 69c and 79c.

Some New Fall Patterns Charmeuse Silks; Regular \$1.50 Quality, this week at . . . 98c

All Straw Hats for Men and Boys Reduced Just One-Half.

All White Canvas Slippers Reduced.

All Summer

Parasols

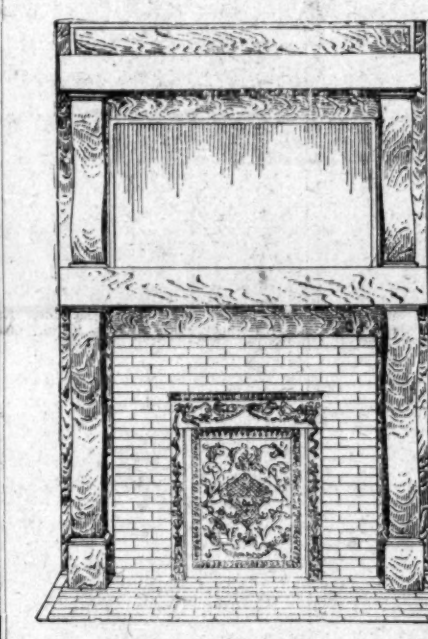
Reduced

One-Third.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARRIAGE

New Idea
Magazine Just
Received; all
Subscribers
Please Call for
September No



Cabinet Mantels!

Add Most Beauty to the Home, and at
Smallest Cost!

We carry a Large Assortment in Plain and
Quartered Oak. White, Mahogany and
Mission. Prices all the way from \$13.50
to \$30.00, and Every One a True Value!

Also Mantel Bases, in All Styles and
Finishes, \$2.50 and upwards.

Best Quality Tiles and Grates to match.
Will be Glad of Opportunity to Show
You, or will Send Cuts.

N. JACOBI H'dw. Co.

10 and 12 So. Front Street.

Get your Tickets for the Shetland Pony
Contest—Pony and Rig Given Away
Nov. 1st, to Child Getting Largest Vote.

One Vote for Each Penny Cash Pur-
chase or Account Paid for Goods Purchased
Before July 1st.

TO VISIT WILMINGTON.

Dr. Henry Carter, Malarial Expert,
Coming to This City.

A letter from Congressman John M.
Faison, of the Third North Carolina
District, states that Dr. Henry Carter,
the United States medical expert on
malaria, during his stay in this State
will visit New Bern, Goldsboro and
Wilmington during the last of August
or the first of September. He will in-
vestigate any presence of malaria. At
these points with reference to flies
and mosquitoes and after such investi-
gation will lecture upon malaria and
these pests with a view of their ex-
termination. All persons interested in
the visit of Dr. Carter are requested
to attend at either or all of the places
named. Definite dates will be given
later.

One more week of REAL SHOE
BARGAINS. Carl F. Strunck & Co.
(advertisement.)



Leah Baird, Earl Williams, Chas. Kent, in
a Two-Act Special Feature.
"The Diamond Mystery."
"The Electrotyping Process."

BIJOU
MONDAY.

For Sale

200 Barrels New Mulletts.
Complete Line Groceries.
Orders solicited.

Sam'l Bear, Sr., & Sons
311 N. Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

The Independent Ice Company

Wishes to remind the users of Ice that several
years ago, when we were the only manufact-
urers and distributors of Ice in and around
Wilmington that we did not attempt to put up
the price, but maintained the same old sched-
ule that had been in force years before, al-
though we had every opportunity to name
any list of prices we saw fit. This is a cold-
blooded fact, as cold and clear as any ice ever
made in Wilmington, and is well worth public
consideration, for the average Ice Maker would
have without any hesitation put up the price,
but that has never been the Independent Ice
Company's way of doing business.

Two years, or more, ago, we were largely
instrumental, through the medium of The Cen-
tral Ice Company, of which we were large
owners, of having a Special Ice Train put on
at 6:00 A. M., to serve the Trolley Line pa-
trons, at city prices.

For these considerations, we are not posing
as public benefactors. They were simply good
business moves, as we saw them. As for ice
by other Beach trains than 6:00 A. M., the
prices now in effect are the same that have
prevailed for years past.

We wish to further remind the public of the
superior services, and the full weight deliv-
eries they have this season, the lack of which
conditions caused such widespread complaints
the past two years, when we were not directly
engaged in the city delivery of ice.

That our ice and our services are appreci-
ated is attested by the fact that our sales are
25 % or more greater this Summer than ever
before.

The Independent Ice Company

SAW MILLS CLOSING DOWN

Lack of Market at Profitable Prices Is Given as the Reason—Interview With Editor Z. W. Whitehead.

A traveling man representing a big mill supply house in the South reached Wilmington yesterday to spend the week-end at Wrightsville Beach and reports saw mills closing down in Virginia, North and South Carolina than he has ever heard of before. As a matter of fact, he says those that are not closed down are running only three, four and five days to the week.

Realizing his extensive acquaintance and familiarity with lumber trade conditions all over the South, a Star representative called on Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, of the Southern Lumber Journal, to know what he had to say with reference to the closing down of so many mills and his reply was that the "output of lumber in the three States mentioned above will be cut down approximately 50 per cent during the month of August."

Continuing he said: "Yes, the mills are closing down one after another, not only in Virginia, North and South Carolina, but throughout Georgia, Florida, Alabama and the whole range of Southern States, not from preference or through any concerted action, but for lack of a market at anything like profitable prices for lumber. We have correspondents all over these States and our reports show more mills down today with banks fire than we have seen before since away back in the nineties, and every day brings reports of mills closing down in different parts of the country. Those that are not closing down are running only three, four and five days in the week in order that their operating crews may not be starved, but for the prevailing prices of lumber are not such as to stimulate production for any of the grades or classifications."

"Just how many mills in all the Southern pine district of the South Atlantic and Gulf States that the down would be difficult for any one to say, as no one knows. I do know, however, of a great many that have banked their fires until conditions improve, as Southern pine stumpage is too valuable an article on the stump to be slaughtered and given away in the manufactured stage. If there is a mill running full time anywhere in the South, it is the exception and not the rule."

"As to the cause of the depressing prices there is a difference of opinion, many contending that the proposed removal of the duty on Canadian lumber is causing the buyers in the Northern and Western States to hold aloof from the market in making their purchases until the new tariff bill passes, when they think they will be able to buy Canadian lumber cheaper than Southern pine."

"On this subject it might be a matter of interest to the average layman to know that according to the figures of Horton & Co., president of the North Carolina Pine Association, the lumber business in Virginia, North and South Carolina brings back into these States annually the stupendous sum of approximately \$55,000,000 from a distance. Those who know anything about the lumber business in these three States will be quick to concede that Mr. Horton's figures are very conservative. Indeed, I believe he would have been nearer correct had he made them \$50 or 70 million dollars. When it is known that more than half of this amount is paid out for labor, it can readily be understood that every community in these States in which a saw mill is located necessarily becomes a beneficiary of the distribution of this immense sum."

"Should not, therefore, this industry be encouraged and fostered by all classes of people, and especially the farmers, merchants and bankers, of whom they are large and profitable patrons? Verily, I think so, when the people retain their old-time and well balanced poise, they will be better understood what a great industry they have at their very doors, and should give it a helping hand rather than a thrust below the belt as some have attempted to do by adverse legislation and otherwise."

"If the industry in these three States brings back into our domain \$50,000,000 each annually from distant States, the South as a whole, according to the Census Bureau on lumber production last year, would derive about \$546,000,000 annually from the lumber manufactured in the Southern States and shipped out. It can be shown, there is scarcely a bank, cotton mill, cotton oil mill or any other manufacturing enterprise in all this fair Southland that does not owe its existence to the lumberman who has done his part in promoting and developing. There is never a church or school house built in any of the cities and towns, rural districts but what he is called upon to bear his portion of the burden and he invariably bears it bravely, courageously and cheerfully. Indeed, there is no class of people who spend or invest their money more freely or generously in whatever comes along or is presented than the average lumberman. He is the largest purchaser of farm products and one of the most profitable patrons of banks and mercantile establishments."

"Prices are off two or three dollars per thousand feet, and in some cases more, according to grade and classification, which leaves the manufacturer in a predicament. He is running low in the gun, and bills are becoming due and payable. For the fall trade the outlook is more favorable for the business, but until the tariff question is settled I don't look for much improvement in business along any line."

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

Ella Henry, Colored, Given Jail Sentence on Larceny Charge.

Ella Henry, colored, was sentenced by the Recorder yesterday to three months in jail with the privilege to the Commissioners to hire her out. She was charged with taking a necklace and other jewelry from a boarder in a house where she works. Marie Scott Mosley, colored, who was charged with being an accessory, was discharged. A nol prosequi was taken in the case against B. R. Richmond, colored, charged with violating the prohibition law. There were several drunks and disorderlies before the Recorder, these being disposed of with fines and the payment of the costs.

New York has more telephones than London, Paris and Berlin together.

Concert at Carolina Beach! Steamer Wilmington leaves 9 A. M. 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. (advertisement.)

AFTERMATH OF TOURNAMENT MADE A SPLENDID RECORD

Firemen Return to Their Homes Well Pleased With the Splendid Hospitality of Wilmington. Newbern Celebrates.

Practically all of the firemen, over 500 in number, who attended the tournament here during the past week, returned to their homes yesterday, Asheville, which left last night, being the last team to leave. A few of the firemen remained in the city over Sunday and will return this week, all tickets being good until the 23rd.

The Newbern boys, who got the bulk of the prize money, received a royal welcome at their home town yesterday, being met at the train with a strip of automobile, a band and about all the citizens of that city. Last night they were given a reception by the citizens at one of the local halls.

Chief Schibben and Assistant Chief Monroe were busy yesterday receiving the congratulations of the departing firemen for the splendid way in which they were entertained while here. Among the letters received by Chief Schibben were the following:

From Chief H. E. Whitener, of Hickory: "I want to thank you and your boys for the courtesies shown us while in your city. You have made it a most pleasant visit for us. From the Morganton fire department: 'We wish to thank you for the courtesies shown our men while we were in Wilmington and trust that we may have a visit from you to our little town in the mountains some time. With best wishes to all of you and the fire boys.'

From President McNeill: President Jas. D. McNeill, although he said a gracious plenty about the time Wilmington gave the firemen, before he left the city, couldn't help adding a little more, so last night he sent the following to The Star:

"Notwithstanding that the membership of the State Firemen's convention, by a rising vote passed the most enthusiastic resolutions, expressing their appreciation of Wilmington's hospitality, still it is the desire of us all, that after events demand a further expression of the appreciation of the very many courtesies extended to us. Chief Schibben has indeed proved himself a perfect host and left nothing undone to provide for the pleasure of every visiting fireman; while Assistant Chief Monroe certainly managed his part in receiving, assisting and taking care of our teams and apparatus in a most admirable manner."

"The tournament course was a perfect one and the hydrant and track work of my open-face, genial friend, Jim Motte and Supt. McAllister could not have been improved upon."

"In fact, everybody from Mayor Moore down to the news kiosk extended us the glad hand and made us welcome."

"The fellow, Mr. Editor, who did not have a good time on his own home during the past week in Wilmington, must be a heathen of the first water, and should be turned out to grass and made to associate with the lower end of the field. He is surely unfit for human companionship."

"To the press we are especially indebted for their comprehensive reports of the occasion, enabling us to keep the folks at home posted as to our behavior."

"The 1913 convention and tournament in Wilmington will always be a most pleasant remembrance to every one who was so fortunate as to attend one of the brightest events in our organization's history. Respectfully, 'JAS. D. McNEILL, Pres. 'N. C. S. F. Assn.' Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 16, 1913."

During the tournament there were only two or three minor accidents which were rather remarkable in view of the large crowds which attended the exhibitions, and the splendid records made by the competing teams. One of the Statesville boys was taken sick while here, but was able to return home yesterday with the other members of the company. He continues sick, however.

Yesterday morning some of the firemen who were leaving on 13th morning trains made a raid on 13th and hunting which were displayed along Front street. The officers upon investigation found that they had gotten about two score flags which they were preparing to take home with them. The flags were carried to the police station and most of the owners got their property back yesterday, though it was found that there were several flags missing. Most of the flags and bunting belonged to the C. W. Polvogt Company, who had the contract for decorating the stores along Front street.

Among the visitors here for the tournament was Mr. J. Leon Williams, secretary of the Eastern Carolina Fair Association, who came to extend an invitation to the firemen of eastern North Carolina to come to Newbern during the week of the Newbern fair to participate in the "Firemen Day" events. A number of prizes will be offered to the contestants in the races to be held at that time, and Mr. Williams received assurances from several of the companies that they would be on hand.

Chief Schibben found a pocketbook on the race course of the tournament Friday afternoon, and will be glad to return same to the owner, if he will describe it to the central office.

Mayors Leaving Also. A great many of the Mayors in attendance upon the fifth annual meeting of the Carolina Municipal Association, in session at the Oceanic Hotel Thursday and Friday, remained over until yesterday, and some may have lingered at the resort for Sunday. The Mayors were given an automobile ride over some of New Haven's fine roads Friday afternoon. The trip was arranged by Mayor Thos. H. Wright, of Wrightsville Beach, and was quite an enjoyable affair.

Colored Chautauque Meetings. The minister in charge of the Colored Chautauque movement announces that there will be a baptismal service at the Rock Quarry, near Bellevue cemetery, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Before the baptizing Elder Rydner Scott will deliver a short address on the origin and object of baptism. At the Chautauque pavilion, on Red Cross street, the subject of today's service will be "The Origin and History of the Christian Sabbath." Monday night at the pavilion a physician of the city will deliver an address on the subject, "How to Prevent the Spread of Tuberculosis Among the Races." All pews at the pavilion are free.

Back From Fine Outing.

The boys of St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, who have been camping on the Hammonds during the past two weeks, have returned to the city. They had a great time and the vacation was as helpful as it was enjoyable. Father George A. Watkins watched over the youngsters during the encampment.

Encampment of State Guard at Fort Caswell Ended Yesterday—Wilmington Light Infantry Return Home.

The W. L. I. or, according to its official designation in the National Guards of North Carolina, the Second Company of the Coast Artillery Corps, returned yesterday from Fort Caswell, where it participated during the past two weeks in the joint maneuvers of the army and militia under the direction of the War Department.

The W. L. I. boys came up on the steamer Wilmington to the city, while the other companies of the corps came by rail to Navassa, from which point they took trains for their homes.

The Wilmington company, although having a membership of 82 men, was only able to carry 55 men, including three officers, to the encampment, the others being prevented from attending for business reasons. This company has recently received enough applications to raise its membership to 104 men, the strength which the War Department has approved.

The men took part in the drills and maneuvers at Caswell and who returned yesterday are most jubilant over the excellent showing made by the organization in the military drills and also in the country drill, mention of which has been made in The Star. Sergeant D. W. Loring was the winner over all other members of the corps, and was awarded a handsome medal which he is now wearing. It was presented to him by Capt. A. Greig, Jr., C. A. C. U. S. A.

This company made an enviable record at the target practice with the eight-inch guns which came at the close of the exercises. Each company was allotted one trial shot at an imaginary target and then came the grand shots at a material target. The Wilmington company made the highest record, having made hits on their three record shots at a range of over three miles. This gave them a standing of 100 per cent. of hits. Their success is due largely to the good work of the section and the correctness of the data furnished by the range section.

While the whole company has been very much congratulated by the regular officers for their good work, special praise has been given to Sergeant R. H. Grant, gun pointer, and Sergeant L. B. Correll, range setter, together with Private W. M. Parvley, chief plotter, for the efficiency and correctness of their work.

The post commander, Col. Bennett in conversation with several of the officers of the Corps, including the Wilmington officers, after the practice, stated that he was reasonably sure that the record made by the Wilmington company in this target practice would excel that of any Coast Artillery Reserve's work in the United States, and warmly congratulated them for their excellence. Capt. Allen Trotter, C. A. C. U. S. A., who was assistant instructor and who was detailed with this company is very proud of the record made, and to him is largely due the credit for this excellent showing, which his most careful training made possible. Each soldier in the company is proud of the efforts of Capt. Trotter in their behalf.

On account of the increased number of men that the W. L. I. will have in the near future a regulation has been made for arms and equipment to be shipped direct from the Government to this company instead of through the States. It is usually a matter of 104 men. The uniforms have not yet arrived, but will be here shortly as letters to that effect have been received.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. Report of County Board of Health for the Past Month.

At the monthly meeting of the County Board of Health Friday night Dr. John Thomsen, assistant superintendent of health and clerk of the board, submitted the financial report of the department for the month of July, as follows:

Balance in bank July 1st, \$204.55; cash on hand, \$50; city appropriation for July, \$1,382; county appropriation for July, \$95.50; scavenger collections, \$605.19; a total of \$2,443.15.

Disbursements—Health Department, Officers' salaries, \$668.34; sanitary police salaries, \$400; disinfectants, \$71.02; medicines for indigent, \$39.02; printing and postage, \$14.90; maintenance conveyance, \$20; attendance Board of Health, \$96; contingent, \$260.40; a total of \$1,669.68. Scavenger Department—laborers and collectors, \$72; feed of teams, \$125.42; repairs and supplies, \$76.06; a total of \$973.54. Garbage and cartage—Laborers, \$256.74; feed of teams, \$14.23; repairs and supplies, \$8.85; a total of \$319.20. Maintenance of incinerator—Superintendent and laborers, \$58.98; supplies, \$19.79; a total of \$78.77. Grand total, \$2,323.20. Balance in bank, \$168.20; cash on hand, \$41.75.

IMPORTANT MEETING. Commissioners to Open Bids for Bonds and Fix Tax Rate.

The County Commissioners will hold an important meeting tomorrow afternoon. It is the time appointed for opening bids for \$125,000 worth of bonds, \$75,000 of school bonds and \$50,000 of road bonds, whether there will be any bids or not remains to be seen. None has been submitted yet. However, this does not necessarily mean that there will not be any for a rule bids or bonds are not put in until the day they are to be opened. The bonds are to run for 25 years and draw interest at the rate of 4-1/2 per cent.

The fixing of the tax rate for the present fiscal year is another matter that will claim attention of the board. County Auditor Orrell will make report to the board showing approximately the value of the taxables in the county and based upon this report the tax rate will be fixed. Several other matters are scheduled to come up.

FUNERAL OF MRS. GRIMSTEAD. Services at Residence Yesterday Afternoon—Interment at Bellevue.

The funeral of Mrs. Maggie Grimstead, who died at the family home, No. 206 Harriet street, Friday night, was held at the residence yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Father Denney. The services were attended by a large number of friends of the bereaved family. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Albert Flowers, C. Richter, W. K. Mintz, J. M. Miller, G. Decker and Henry Willoughby.

Two Building Permits Issued. A building permit has been issued to S. H. Johnson for the erection of a six room residence on Anderson street between Red Cross and Campbell, the estimated cost being \$1,400. A permit has also been issued to W. G. Whitehead for the erection of a 12-room residence on Fifth street, between Red Cross and Campbell, the estimated cost being \$3,000.

Don't forget, 15c trip to Carolina Beach pier, Steamer Wilmington leaves 7:30 P. M. (advertisement.)

DEATH OF MR. J. R. BEAR.

Well Known Business Man of City Passed Away Yesterday Morning.

Friends were greatly shocked yesterday when they learned of the death of Mr. J. R. Bear, a well known business man of this city, which occurred at the home of Mr. Nathan Schloss, No. 208 South Fifth street, yesterday morning at 4 o'clock after an illness of over a month of typhoid fever. His sister, Miss Anna Bear, of Williamsport, Pa., was at his bedside, having been called here two weeks ago on account of his serious illness.

Mr. Bear was a native of Montgomery, Pa., but had made his home in Wilmington for the last 15 years, having first been employed with the Angola Lumber Company as a sawyer. When this company went out of business he went with the Cape Fear Lumber Company and remained with the company until the plant was burned down. Later he held a position with the Waccamaw Land & Lumber Co. About ten years ago he and Mr. Nathan Schloss formed a partnership and engaged in the lively business of buying and selling lumber. Davis was consolidated about four years ago and incorporated under the name of Schloss, Bear & Davis Company.

Mr. Bear was 48 years old and is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Ernest Voelker and Miss Anna Bear, of Williamsport, Pa. He held a 2nd degree Mason and a member of the Knights Templar and the Shriners. He was a member of Plantagenet Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, of this city; also of Concord Chapter No. 1, Royal Arch Masons. His membership in the Blue Lodge of Masons was carried elsewhere. Mr. Bear numbered among his friends the hundreds and was one of the best liked men in the city.

After funeral services at the residence of Mr. Schloss yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the interment will take place there. The services at the grave will be with Masonic honors.

GRAPE CULTIVATION. Colonists at St. Helena Have Fine Record On Local Market.

Grapes are being cultivated quite extensively by the colonists at the St. Helena colony of the Carolina Trucking Development Company and practically all the grapes grown by them are being sold on the Wilmington market, where they are commanding high prices, the merchants paying not under 25 cents a basket for the fruit. The grapes are of a very fine quality.

The St. Helena colonists have 49 or 50 acres in grapes, the Concord and the Niagara principally, the Italian and other varieties not being as well adapted to the soil. Mr. R. M. Sheppard, in charge of the Carolina Trucking Development Company, recently visited the vineyards at St. Helena and secured several kodak pictures of the splendid vines and the luscious fruit. The Italians know how to cultivate the grape and the vineyards as shown by the pictures secured by Mr. Sheppard are models in every respect. They have found the grape crop very profitable, especially this season.

The cultivation of the scuppernong grape is to be undertaken more extensively in the colonies of the Carolina Trucking Development Company. There is a fine market locally for many times the quantity of scuppernong grapes that are grown here.

Mr. Sheppard also has some pictures of a fine field of cotton at St. Helena and of a five-acre field of tobacco at Newberlin. The pictures indicate that the tobacco is as fine as one wants to see. It is on new ground, too.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY. "The Store That's Always Busy"

For One Week!

Direct from New York Sale and Demonstration of Finest Human HAIR

An Unusual Opportunity To Purchase High Class Hair Goods and See the New Styles in Hair Fixings.

ENCHANTE BRAID

POMPADOURS

We have made arrangements with one of the most prominent dealers in the country to place on sale a Magnificent Stock of all that is newest and best in French and German natural, wavy human hair.

Expert Representatives Are Here

to demonstrate the possibilities of these beautiful goods and create a coiffure that is thoroughly in keeping with the Fashion requirements. Every article is splendidly made, of natural, wavy human hair and absolutely clean and sanitary in every respect. WE CAN GUARANTEE MATCHINGS FOR ALL SHADES OF HAIR. The goods themselves tell you an interesting story of Price Economy.

Your Hair Dressed Free of Charge

Visit the store at least one day during the sale, and let the demonstrators give you the benefit of their years of experience.

Morning hours are the best for selection.

Come Today

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

Wilmington's Shopping Center.

4 Per Cent Interest Compounded Quarterly Paid on All Accounts

We Invite You to Deposit Your Savings Here

The PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front and Princess Streets

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION. of the Condition of

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

at WILMINGTON, N. C., at the close of business on August 9th, 1913.

RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts other than demand loans, \$1,719,968.32

LIABILITIES: Capital Stock, 100,000.00

Total, \$2,398,743.72

I, John Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CORRECT ATTEST: N. B. RANKIN, J. V. GRAINGER, J. D. BELLAMY, Directors.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, before me this 11th day of August, 1913, C. S. GRAINGER.

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Wilmington's Shopping Center.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Lelia Rembert is visiting relatives and friends at Rosedale.

Master Alfred Rembert is spending a few days in Southport with friends.

Miss Marion F. Johnson left during the past week to visit friends in Plymouth, N. C.

Miss Julia Culbreth will sing at the evening service at Grace Methodist church today.

Miss Mae Lee Drew, of Windsor, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. A. Outlaw, No. 515 Cape street.

Mrs. Mary C. Dyer, of Savannah, Ga., is visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. John Dyer, No. 917 Market street.

Miss Lydia Russell, of Whiteville, is visiting Misses Hattie and Kate Russell DuRant, No. 17 South Ninth street.

Friends will regret to learn that Mr. John Taylor is ill at his home at the corner of Second and Church streets.

Mr. and Mrs. John Y. Dyer, of Savannah, Ga., are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. John Dyer, No. 917 Market street.

Miss Ollie Rembert left yesterday afternoon for Augusta, Ga., where she will spend some time with Miss Abigail Yates.

Mr. J. C. Pigott, wife and child have returned from a vacation at Cameron, N. C.

Yesterday's Wilmington Journal: "Miss Anna Dixon, of Wilmington, who has been visiting relatives in the city, returned home yesterday."

Mrs. C. H. Russell and daughter returned yesterday to their home in Jonesboro, after a visit of some days in this city and at the beach.

Miss Abigail Yates and her brother, Mr. Theodore Yates, have returned to their home in Augusta, Ga., after a few days in Southport with friends.

Misses Nora McDermott and Helen Houston left last evening for New York, Niagara Falls and Boston as the principal points on an extended Northern trip.

Misses Ethel and Winnie DuRant and Mr. Fred DuRant, of Goldsboro, are spending a few days at the home of their uncle, Mr. O. A. DuRant, No. 17 South Ninth street.

Miss Julia H. Hill returned yesterday from a delightful vacation of two months spent at Jacksonville, Fla., Waycross, Ga., and Atlanta, visiting the home of her brother, Rev. W. E. Hill, in the latter city.

Miss Julia Culbreth, teacher of voice at the Carolina Female College, Maxton, will sing a solo at the morning service of the First Baptist church today. At the evening service Miss Katie Ford will sing a solo.

At a reception given in Fayetteville yesterday morning, Mrs. W. M. Morgan formally announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Annie Tate, to Mr. Thomas H. Sutton, Jr., the wedding to take place in November.

The Clyde liner Navahoe sailed at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, her passenger list including Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Curran, and Mrs. W. I. Baxter, Messrs. George Kakanos, Peter Karafos, J. C. Hankin, J. H. Tucker and Sam Burch.

Mrs. W. R. Slocomb and daughter, Miss Marthe Slocomb, of Norfolk, Va., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Hedrick, No. 713 Chestnut street. Mr. and Mrs. Hedrick have recently removed to Wilmington from Clarkston and will make this their permanent home.

Miss Cattie Chasten left Friday for Hot Springs, N. C., where she will spend several days. After the Mountain Park Hotel. She will then visit Miss Lila Williams, at Kenansville, returning to the city in September in order to resume her work as teacher of music.

Rev. F. W. E. Peschau will address the members of St. Paul's Lutheran church this morning at 11 o'clock in the Luther Memorial building. Mr. Peschau is formerly of Wilmington, but is now of Minneapolis, Ohio and is on a visit to his home at No. 302 North Fifth street.

A marriage of much interest to many friends in the county will be celebrated at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cottle, on Masonboro Sound, when their daughter, Miss Annie Cottle, will become the bride of Mr. George Farrow, also of Masonboro. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. E. J. Harrell, of Seagate. The couple will make their home on the sound.

Mr. R. C. Taylor, treasurer of the State Firemen's Association, who remained over at the beach after the convention and tournament here, will leave this morning, returning home. He will be accompanied by his daughter, who was with him during the convention meetings. Mr. Taylor is very popular with the firemen all over the State and he has met many personal friends in Wilmington who have been pleased to welcome him.

The Baraca and Philathea classes of Brooklyn Baptist church are planning to have a most enjoyable moonlight ride Tuesday night on the steamer Wilmington, which will leave her dock at the foot of Princess street at 9 o'clock. They invite all their friends and the public generally to go with them. They will have several pleasing features for the entertainment of the passengers, including vocal solos and duets, several selections by a mixed quartet, cornet solos and other features. Refreshments will be served on board the boat.

The following from a recent issue of the Chapel Hill News will be of interest in Wilmington. Mr. and Mrs. Hagdon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Burt, formerly resided: "The reception and musical given by Mrs. Henry Horner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Hagdon was a rare treat to the music lovers of Chapel Hill. Prof. Hagdon is dean of music at the college and his admirable playing and excellent methods of teaching are becoming widely known through his work in the University Summer School. Mr. and Mrs. Hagdon are highly esteemed in Chapel Hill."

Complimentary to Miss Mary Lyde Casey, of St. Augustine, Fla., the charming and attractive guest of Miss Eunice Tucker, Mr. John L. Galloway delightfully entertained a number of young people on a straw ride to

Wrightsville Sound on Friday night. The party rode to the sound where they enjoyed a watermelon cutting after which they danced the night returning to the city at a late hour. The party consisted of Misses Camille Baker, Eunice Tucker, Mary Lyde Casey, of St. Augustine, Edna Davis, Annie Leah Mercer, Eleanor Bessellieu, Genevieve Dushan, Thelma Brooks, Anna Cavenaugh, Margaret George, and Messrs. Gordon Curtis, Kenneth Davis, John L. Galloway, Norman Davis, Geo. P. Russell, Orrin R. Johnson, Walter Davis, Robt. Lewis, Herbert Davis, Robt. Morrison, Robt. Tucker, Fowler Morrison and Canova Peterson.

Friday's Charleston Evening Post: "Mr. William Willis entertained at pleasant afternoon tea on Wednesday in honor of her niece, Miss Callie Willis, of Wilmington, N. C. The rooms were made very charming with potted ferns, palms and Southern smilax, interspersed with oleander blooms. Cold refreshments were served at small tables conveniently placed on the broad porch. The huge punch bowl, with a freezing cold and deliciously blended fruit punch, was presided over very graciously by Mrs. Pat C. Connor. Mrs. Wilson received in a gown of white velvet. Miss Willis was lovely in a costume of white chiffon over melrose messaline with giraffe sash and hair bands of melrose satin and tiny pink moss rosebuds. Mrs. O'Connors was attractive in a gown of soft black net over white satin, with which she wore a large black hat, trimmed with exquisite pink roses."

Salem, N. C., Aug. 16.—On Friday evening Miss Esther Page entertained a few of her friends complimentary to her sister, Miss Mary Page, at her home. When all had assembled some very interesting games were played. After an hour of enjoyment the party was invited out of the house where delicious watermelons were served by Misses Nellie Butler and Havens White and Mr. J. G. Crane, of Fayetteville. When had had a good meal, the guests went into the parlor where music and more games were enjoyed. Those present were Miss Bertha Newton, Mr. Jim Cooper, Miss Pauline Royall, Mr. S. Howard, Miss Havens White, Mr. J. C. Williams, Miss O'Linna Newton, Mr. Webster Byrd, Miss Nellie E. Butler, Mr. J. F. Crane, of Fayetteville, Miss Belle Newton, Rev. A. T. Howard, Miss Lela White, Mr. Tim Cooper, Miss Revala Newton, Mr. Henry Page, Miss Mary Page, Mr. Selmon Koon. When the hour was getting late all went their way declaring Miss Page a charming hostess.

Garland, N. C., Aug. 16.—A delightful house party was held at White Oaks, at the residence of Mrs. Bettie Love, beginning on Tuesday last and continuing through Friday. On the shores of this beautiful lake, so typical of its name, there could be naught but pleasure. Music, dancing, boating and bathing whiled away the pleasant hours. The time for dispersing came all too soon. The party consisted of the following: Miss Margaret J. Cromartie, chaperone, Garland; Misses Mary Sloan, Curran, Bryan, Sloan, and Mrs. Wm. Sloan; Mrs. and Mrs. Lewis Cromartie and children; Messrs. Doane Cromartie, J. C. Cromartie, James Dick, George McKenzie and Misses Annie Belle Sloan, Messrs. Wm. H. Sloan, Charlie Sloan and David Sloan; Misses Annie Belle Sloan and Elizabeth Sloan, of Garland; Miss Margaret Beatty and Mr. Henry Beatty, of Tomahawk; Mr. John Beatty, of Ivanhoe; Misses Edna Robinson, Frances Robinson and Mr. John Robinson, of Ivanhoe; Miss Katie Haves, of Atkinson; Miss Janie Myrover, of Fayetteville; Misses Hettie Farrior and Fannie Gray Farrior and Dr. Farrior, of Kenansville; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Spears, of Lillington, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Blake, of Wilmington.

LOCAL TALENT TO GIVE CONCERT THURSDAY NIGHT.
At the Boys' Brigade auditorium Thursday night of this week there will be a concert given by local talent. It is arranged for a most worthy object and the young ladies who will appear on the program have been kindly consented to give their services. The management of the Boys' Brigade also has generously donated the use of the auditorium for this institution. Some of Wilmington's most talented young ladies will take part in the concert. They will be Miss Lillie Post, a student of voice, under the direction of Mr. George Chasteler, Baltimore; Miss Katie Poole, also a student of voice, in the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston; Miss Julia Culbreth, a student of voice, in the New York Conservatory of Music, New York; Miss Agnes Chasten, a student of piano in the New England Conservatory of Music, Boston; Miss Florence West, recently graduated in expression under the direction of Dr. Curry, of Boston. These young artists will doubtless be greeted by a large audience when they make their appearance Thursday evening. A most attractive program will be rendered. The admission will be 25 cents and the public is most cordially invited.

CHARMING RECEPTION GIVEN BY MR. AND MRS. E. NORFLEET
N. C., Aug. 16.—The party given at the lovely home of Mr. and Mrs. Eustace Norfleet at Seagate last evening was one of the most enjoyable of the season. The house was profusely decorated, the hall in pink and green, the long leaf pine being very much in evidence, and crepe myrtles and dahlias being used in quantities. Punch was served in the hall. The reception room was elaborately decorated with red hollyhocks combined with long leaf pine and hanging moss. Hollyhocks were over doors, windows, portiers and pictures. The chandelier, representing a huge basket of hollyhocks, was especially beautiful. Cubical hearts were presiding the game of the evening and was heartily enjoyed by all, but as the dice were being thrown and the game progressing, it seemed to an observant onlooker as if another form of the game of "hearts" was being played with equal zest by the younger members of the party. The romantic surroundings giving Dan Cupid such a splendid opportunity to get in some of his best work.

The lady's prize, a handsome embroidered shirtwaist, was cut for the three having the highest score, Miss Hatilda Overcash being the successful contestant. Mr. H. Burnett won the gentlemen's prize, a handsome whisk broom, and Mrs. C. W. Woodward fell heir to the booby, a lovely hat. After the games, refreshments consisting of ice cream and little cake confections were served upon plates overlaid with red hollyhocks in harmony with the interior of the rooms. After this, the reception room was cleared and dancing indulged in for the remainder of the evening by some of the guests, while others wandered over the spacious grounds, or enjoyed the moonlight from the wide veranda. Mrs. Norfleet was assisted in receiving by Mrs. J. H. Mallard and Mrs. H. Burnett. It was with great reluctance that when summoned by the whistle of the car as it crossed the trestle, the guests bade farewell to

the midnight hour, to their most hospitable host and hostess. Besides the Wilmington guests there were present Miss Fanny Rudy, of Philadelphia; Miss Margaret Cannon, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. B. J. Overcash and the Misses Overcash, of Charlotte, and Mrs. J. Will Patterson, of Greensboro.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Mr. R. P. Bryant, of Marion, S. C., spent yesterday here.

Mr. E. W. Jenkins, of Fair Bluff, was a visitor yesterday.

Mr. J. B. West, of Hope Mills, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. E. M. Hall, of Raleigh, was a guest yesterday at The Orton.

Mr. G. E. Clark, of Southport, was among yesterday's visitors in the city.

Mr. J. W. Smith, of Latta, S. C., was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

Mr. J. K. Dunlap, of Ansonville, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon.

Mr. A. W. Lynch, of Florence, S. C., was registered yesterday at The Orton.

Mr. Dan Hester, of Whiteville, was among the business visitors in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Mallard, of Shallotte, were guests at The Orton last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gray, of Wadesboro, were among the guests of The Orton last evening.

Mr. Fred E. Little, editor of the Whiteville News Reporter, was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

Sergeant E. J. Grimes, of the police department, is spending his vacation with his parents at Councils.

Mr. W. J. Berger, of the firm of Alexander Sprunt & Son, cotton exporters, left Thursday for Houston, Tex., where he will spend a month on business connected with this firm.

Mr. T. W. Barfield, of The Star Linotype force, left yesterday for Florence, S. C., to spend a few days vacation at his old home, where his wife and children have been for several days.

LOCAL DOTS.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Geo. W. Trask and wife to Wm. Blossom and wife, for \$100 and other considerations, east half of a 9.8 acre tract in land in Cape Fear township, adjoining lands of T. B. Oldham and others; Land of T. B. Oldham and others, to Albert M. King and wife, of Fender county, for \$100 and other considerations, lot on west side of 16th street, 158 feet north of Grace.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Announcements of Wilmington Pastors for Today's Services.

Christ Episcopal Church—Market street.—Seventh service at 11 o'clock. Lesson sermon: "Soul." Sunday School, 12:15 P. M. Wednesday night meeting 8 o'clock. Reading room open daily 3:30 P. M. to 5 P. M.

Brooklyn Baptist Church—Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sermon—Topics—Morning: "Picked Men;" night, "The Starless Crown." Sunday School, 4:30 P. M. Mr. J. M. Bullard, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night, 7:30 P. M. Thursday night, Teachers' meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

St. Mark's Evangelical Lutheran Church—Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock. Subject: "The Good Samaritan." Vesper service at 8 o'clock. Young People's service at 7:15 P. M. Wednesday evening service at 8 P. M.

St. James' Episcopal Church—Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector. Holy communion at 11 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M. A cordial welcome to all.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church—Services in the Lutheran morning at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Members will be addressed by F. W. E. Peschau, Sunday School at 10 o'clock.

Service will be held at Wrightsville Beach Chapel tonight at 8:30 o'clock with sermon by Rev. Wm. H. Milton. Vocal duet: "As the Heart Panteth," by Mrs. M. H. Longfellow and Mrs. F. A. Hulse. A cordial welcome extended to all.

The Fifth Street Methodist Church—Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. W. H. Schaefer, superintendent. Epworth League Tuesday 8 P. M. E. A. Palmgren, president. Midsummer prayer meeting Wednesday evening. The public cordially invited to all services of the church.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. Morning preaching service will be conducted by Rev. Wm. M. Craig, assistant pastor. Subject of sermon: "Life's Uncertainty." Services at night conducted by Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James Episcopal church.

Trinity Methodist church, corner of Ninth and Market streets, Rev. C. T. Rogers, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor. Sunday School at 4 P. M. Mid-week prayer meeting service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited to all services.

INDEPENDENT LEAGUE.

Immanuel and Giants Winners in Yesterday's Game.

In the first of two games of baseball at League Park yesterday afternoon the Immanuel Athletics defeated the Wilmington Juniors, the score being 6 to 1. The former got eight hits and the latter four. The game was featured by the batting and fielding of the Immanuel players, the superior pitching of Greenwall for the Juniors, Batteries: Immanuel, Griffith and Todd; Juniors, Greenwall and McIntire.

The second game was between the Giants and Wrightsboro, the former winning by the score of 11 to 2. The nature of the game was the pitching of Parker for the Giants and the batting of the Juniors. The next game will be played Saturday afternoon.

One more week of REAL SHOE BARGAINS. Carl F. Strunk & Co. (advertisement.)

A CARD OF APPRECIATION.

Mrs. Bella F. Munn and family desire to express their profound gratitude to the friends of the community for their many tokens of kindness and sympathy during the recent illness and death of their loved one. (Advertisement.)

Wrightsville Beach

Mrs. Frank Hopkinson Smith and little son, Frank, are visiting Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Kidder.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Carroll and little son, Norwood, and William Houston, of Warsaw, are spending a few days at the beach.

Mrs. Henry Stearns and Miss Lottie Wylie, who spent the past several weeks at the Oceanic Hotel, left yesterday for their homes in Atlanta.

Friday's Charlotte Chronicle: "Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Tedder have gone to Wrightsville Beach, where they will be guests at the Seashore Hotel for a few days."

Mr. C. C. Dunn and family, of Morven, N. C., are spending some time at Wrightsville Beach. Mr. Dunn is district agent in this territory for the Oliver Typewriter Company.

Friday's Charlotte News: "Mrs. Harry Stewart and niece, Misses Daisy Stewart and Mary Kelly, will leave tomorrow for Wrightsville Beach to spend a week or ten days."

Mrs. J. S. Sykes and children, of Aberdeen, Miss., leave today for the mountains of this State for a short stay before returning home. They spent six weeks at the Seashore Hotel.

The Seashore Hotel Orchestra will give the usual Sunday concert at the hotel at noon today. These concerts are always very much enjoyed by the guests of the hotel and others on the beach who attend them.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eugene Townsend and little daughter, Margaret, of Wilmington, Miss Margaret Rea Swain, of Suburb, and Miss Blanche Seicher, of Southport, are attending a marooning party at the beach.

Maj. E. D. Kunkendall, Greensboro, who has been attending the annual encampment of the Coast Artillery Corps at Fort Cavell, is spending a few days at the Seashore Hotel on his way home. He is accompanied by Mrs. Kunkendall.

The hotels and boarding houses on the beach were making ready yesterday for the arrival of several hundred guests this morning. The points in Alabama and Georgia. The party will arrive on a special train operated over the Seaboard Air Line. They will spend several days at the beach.

There will be services at the beach chapel this evening at 8:30 o'clock. The sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church. Mrs. M. H. Longfellow and Mrs. F. A. Hulse will sing "As the Heart Panteth." All residents and visitors on the beach are cordially invited.

The usual excellent concerts will be given at Lumina this afternoon and evening and as the people of Wilmington will not have the opportunity to hear these concerts many more times this season it is likely that an unusually large crowd will go down to the pavilion today. The afternoon concert begins at 3:30 o'clock and the evening concert at 8:30 o'clock. Attractive arrangements have been arranged for both concerts.

Arrivals yesterday at the Oceanic Hotel included from St. Paul, Minn., George E. Marvin, R. W. Armstrong, C. C. McLean, Gastonia; G. E. Hoffman, Atlanta; Thomas J. Gold, High Point; Miss Lillian Hatcher, Chatham; W. C. C. France, Covington; R. F. S. Spruill, Rocky Mount; Miss Jesse Baldwin, Miss Deana Campbell, Miss Estelle Poland, Dublin, Ga.; Miss Edna Duggins, Irvington, Ga.; G. L. Walther, Greenville, S. C.; E. P. Hayes, Randleman, Ed. T. Richardson, Atlanta; R. C. Henry, Rocky Mount.

The following musical programs will be given by the orchestra at the Oceanic Hotel today from 12:30 to 2:30: Medley March, "Mammy Jennie's Jubilee," Gilbert and Sullivan. Concert Valse, "Desiree," Reginald Benyon. "Wegener," M. Hauser. "Kulawik," Russian Dance, Henri Wieniawski. Medley Overture, "New York, London and Paris." R. L. Eyer. Sacred Song, "The Lost Chord," Sir Arthur Sullivan. Grand Selection, "Faust," Ch. Gounod. Melody in F, Anton Rubenstein. March, "Prince of India," Van L. Farrand.

Yesterday's arrivals at the Seashore Hotel included V. Ashbury, Charlotte; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Peterson, Goldsboro; Miss Christine Sylvester, Richmond; Frank Thompson, Miss Louisa Thompson, Jacksonville, N. C.; J. A. Sassaman, Jefferson, S. C.; T. L. Manning, Dillon, S. C.; J. H. Manning, Latta, S. C.; Mrs. C. N. Rogers, Miss E. V. Elberle, Blenheim, S. C.; Mrs. A. Godbold, Marion, S. C.; Maj. and Mrs. E. D. Kunkendall, Greensboro; Mrs. G. Y. Jones and child, Lumberton; McKoy McKinnon, child, Lumberton; Shelton White, Mattie White, Lumberton; Mr. and Mrs. Norwood Cox, Richlands; William Walker Jones, M. M. Green, Raleigh; T. Britt, Benson; E. H. Lawton, Miss Marguerite Lawton, Hartsville, S. C.; Mrs. L. E. Sliton, Aulon, S. C.; Mrs. A. B. Riebel, Pendleton, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fricker, Charlotte; G. P. Scott, Maxton.

CANOE RACES YESTERDAY.

Seven Teams Entered in Contest—Swimming Events Not Given.

In the canoe races held in the surf in front of Lumina yesterday afternoon there were seven teams entered, but only four finished the contest, two of the competing teams failing to get across the surf before the other team being overturned before reaching the finishing line. On account of the rough surf which prevailed the swimming contests were not given.

Following are the teams which won prizes yesterday in the order in which they completed the race: First, R. Davis and William Lord; second, Irwin Corbett and George Clarke; third, Ed Hines and Ted Brown; fourth, David Murchison and J. P. Watters.

The events yesterday of five which have been planned for the Summer at Lumina. The next and last one of the series will take place on Labor Day.

The standing of the contestants for the series in the canoe races is as follows: Irwin Corbett and George Clarke, 17; William Lord and Robert Davis, 16; David Murchison and J. P. Watters, 15; William Parley and Walker Taylor, 10; R. Taylor and D. Corbett, 5; E. D. Hines and Ted Brown, 4.

One more week of REAL SHOE BARGAINS. Carl F. Strunk & Co. (advertisement.)

..Theatrical..

"Rounding Up the Counterfeiters," Kalem's latest and undoubtedly greatest effort in the dramatic line, comes tomorrow's big bill at the handsome, cozy Grand Theatre, where comfort is always on tap, as well as a new show, and where there is nothing small save the price of admission—5 cents, afternoon and night. This star is a thrilling detective story, and one of much novelty. It tells how a young secret service man tracks a gang of counterfeiters to their den, and shows a thrilling fight there. It is such a story as will prove most fascinating, as it throbs with excitement.

Popular G. M. Anderson, the handsome romantic actor, also appears on tomorrow's bill, as the star in "Broncho Billy and the Express Rider." There is yet another swell film on tomorrow in Kalem's "The ex-Convict." It is a story of great heart interest and that carries with it "The electric light of the future," while another highly entertaining one is "The Salt Industry in Sicily."

Bijou's New Week.

And now the handsome electrically cooled and electrically ventilated theatre—the ever popular Bijou—is ready to start off another big week, and with a bang. For tomorrow it has arranged a bill that will star the latest special two-reels release film, and include two other notable photoplays besides. The special release is a triumph of art and success in moving pictures. It is the Vitaphone's tremendous hit, "The Lullaby Mystery," thrillingly telling a tale of a man who discovers a process of making artificial diamonds and what happens to him. A noble cast appears in the telling too, including such well known and favorite artists as Leah Baird, Earl Williams and Chas. Kent. Another swell film for tomorrow, one full of information, is "The Electrotyping Process," while another highly entertaining one is "The Salt Industry in Sicily."

ANNUAL BASKET PICNIC.

Big Event Arranged for Wednesday by Truck Growers.

The annual basket picnic of the Wilmington Co-Operative Truck Growers' Association will be held at Smith's Landing, on Masonboro Sound, Wednesday of this week. All those interested in co-operation among truck growers and farmers generally are invited to be present. There will be addresses by good speakers on co-operation and what it means to farmers and truckers. Members of the association and their friends are anticipating a most pleasant day.

JUNIOR ORDER MEETING.

Delegates to State Council Will Begin Arriving Tomorrow.

Delegates to the annual convention of the State Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, which will be held at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, this week, will begin arriving in the city tomorrow. The first session of the Council will be held Tuesday noon, and the local committee looks for most of the delegates to be here by that time. The convention will be in session through Thursday unless the business can be disposed of early. Between 400 and 500 Juniors are expected and they will come from every part of the State.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Fayetteville District A. M. E. Church Here Next Wednesday.

The Fayetteville District Sabbath School convention will convene in Mt. Zion African Methodist Episcopal church, North Fifth street, Wednesday, the 20th, at 3 P. M. Mayor P. Q. Moore will speak a word of welcome to the delegates, of whom there will be quite a number. The annual report will be presented by Rev. J. E. Lewis, of Smithwick. Rev. L. L. Timberlake is pastor of the church in which the convention will meet. Rev. W. H. Capehart is presiding elder of the Fayetteville district.

Unique Souvenir of Mountains. A well preserved laurel leaf bearing a message of best wishes was received yesterday through the mail by Mrs. S. P. Collier, Sr., from her son, Mr. S. P. Collier, Jr., General Passenger Agent, of the Southbound Railway, who is attending a meeting of the officials of the railroad at Roaring Gap. It was a unique souvenir of the mountains, and brought to mind the memory of Roaring Gap, the mountain peaks and river valleys.

Read our ad. Page 3, Hewlett & Price. (Advertisement.)

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Every woman's Store
Ladies Ready-to-Wear Apparel

FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

All Summer Goods are actually slaughtered at Half, for Monday and All Week.

THE COTTON MARKET ACTIVE IN THE WORLD OF FINANCE STOCKS AFFECTED BY DROUTH

**Lack of Rain in West and Southwest
the Basis of Another Selling
Movement—Abrupt De-
clines Registered.**

Apart from crop considerations, the day's news was favorable. The merchandise trade for the year has been good; business in general is holding up well with a promising fall outlook and the effect of tariff revision largely discounted.

London's markets were again steady with a higher range for stocks and moderate buying here of foreign securities.

Pacific Money is becoming increasingly easy at the British metropolis.

All talk of an early reduction in the rate of interest associated as it is with suggestion of new underwritings. The Berlin market continues to show signs of recovery.

The only feature of the local bank statement was an actual cash loss instead of the moderate gain looked for.

There was no change in the dollar increase, but in the average table the item increased by over \$7,000,000.

Today's bond market was irregular.

Government bonds were unchanged on call during the week. Total sales were 174,900 shares, including C. & N. W. Ry., Tenn.; Nashville & Chattanooga Ry. Co., Tenn.; Copper River Railway 100; Tennessee Copper 1,800; U. S. S. 51,900.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.		
Anaconda	Copper	73 1/2
American	Can	33 1/2
American	Ref Sugar	20
American	Can	33 1/2
American	Can, prd	50 1/2
American	Cerium	50 1/2
American	Cotton Oil	42
American	Oil Securities	21
American	Lined	50 1/2
American	Cocaine	50 1/2
Amer. Smelting and Ref.		87 1/2
Amer. Smelting and Ref.	prd	100 1/2
American Sugar Refining		100 1/2
American	Tel	12 1/2
American	Tobacco	30 1/2
Anaconda	Mining Co	30 1/2
Atchafson		100 1/2
Atchafson		100 1/2
Atlantic	Coast Line	100 1/2

Baltimore and Ohio	9674
Bethlehem Steel	3478
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	888
Canadian Pacific	21878
Central Leather	2336
Chesapeake and Ohio	54
Chicago Great Western	151
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	10074
Chicago and North Western	12074
Colorado Fuel and Iron	3016
Consolidated Gas	13007
Coca-Cola Products	11
Denver and Hudson	1274
Delaware and Rio Grande	48

Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	33
Distillers' Securities	14
Erie	28
Erie, 1st pfd	46 1/2
Erie, 2nd pfd	36 1/2
General Electric	142
Great Northern, pfd	120 1/2
Great Northern Ore Cfs	35 1/2
Illinois Central	100 1/2
Interborough-Met	15 1/2
Interborough-Met, pfd	10 1/2
Int'l. Harvester	16
Inter-Marine, pfd	15 1/2
International Paper	9 1/2

International Pump	71%
Kansas City Southern	25%
Laclede Gas	94%
Lehigh Valley	151%
Metropolitan Nashville	134%
Minn. St. and Sault Ste. Marie	132%
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	23%
Missouri Pacific	31%
National Biscuit	119%
National Lead	47%
Nat. Ry. of Mexico, 2nd prd	13%
Norfolk and Western	98%
New York, Ontario and Western	29%
Norfolk and Western	100%

North American	72
Northern Pacific	111%
Pacific Mail	21
Pennsylvania	112%
Pennsylvania	113%
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	91
Pittsburg Coal	194
Pressed Steel Car	24%
Pullman Palace Car	155
Reading	100%
Republic Iron and Steel	23%
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	87
Rock Island Co.	17
Rock Island Co., pfd	25

San Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd.	914
Seaboard Air Line	1194
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	45
Show-Sheffield Steel and Iron	28
Southern Pac.	124
Southern Railway	24
Southern Railway, pfd	78
Tennessee Copper	318
Texas and Pacific	16
Union Pacific	1538
Union Pacific, pfd	834
United States	67
United States Rubber	61
United States Steel	62

United States Steel, pfd	108
Utah Copper	50 1/2
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	24 1/2
Wabash	4
Wabash, pfd	41
Western Maryland	11 1/2
Western Union	60 1/2
Westinghouse Electric	72
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5 1/2

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Aug. 16.—Flour quiet.

but firm.
 1 —Wheat firm; No. 2 red 94; No.
 Northern Duluth 99.
 Corn—Steady; export \$8 nominal.
 Hides, Petroleum Wool and Rice—
 Steady.
 Leather—Firm.
 Molasses—Quiet.
 Sugar—Raw steady; Muscovado
 3.20; centrifugal 3.70; refined quiet.
 Butter—Steady, unchanged.
 Cheese—Firm, unchanged.

Coffee—Spot quiet; Rio No. 7, 9 3-8; Santos 4s, 12 1-8. Mild—Quiet. Cordova 13 to 16 nominal.

Potatoes, Peanuts, Freights and Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Market was firmer on small offerings and general buying, due largely to the belief that the recent sharp recovery in the old crop months shows inherent strength to the whole position. Prime crude

THE NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Resin—Firm. Sales, 2,824; receipts, 1,988
shipments 1,038; stocks, 168,644. Quote
A, B, 3.65; C, D, 3.75; E, F, G, 3.90; H
3.95; I, 4.00; K, 4.05; M, 4.35; N, 5.10
W G, 6.00; W W, 6.25.

One more week of REAL SHOE
BARGAINS. Carl F. Strunck & Co.
(advertisement.)

MADE BY
H. R.
Southern
Map Company
WILMINGTON
N. C.
TRADE MARK

**BLUE-
PRINTS**

25-35-48 BARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES AND COAL.

MICHAELS STAR WITNESS IN PROBE

(Continued from Page One.)
when pressed for details.
The committee required a fuller answer.

"I am under a verbal agreement, not one in writing," began Michael. "I am out of the country for a long time. So I agreed to write a story of my 20 years as a House employee, but it was expressly understood I was not to write it until after this investigation."

"And you receive \$75 a week?" questioned the attorney.
"Yes sir," replied Michael.
"Didn't you tell Irvine that you were to receive the salary for corroborating Mulhall?"

"No sir, I did not."
"Didn't you tell Irvine that if Representative McDermott would pay you \$325 he owed that you would not say a word to hurt him?" demanded Smith.
"Did you intend to suppress all you have told, if McDermott paid you the \$325?"

"Absolutely no," insisted Michael. "I intended doing just what I am doing, tell the unvarnished truth."

"When did McDermott tell you about getting money for the loan shark bill?" asked Smith.
"Shortly after it became a law, I said to him, 'Mac, on the level, what did you get out of the loan shark bill?' He said, 'I got mine. Well, it was about \$7,500.'"

He pressed to fix a date for that conversation, Michael declined to be more specific. He testified that he knew McDermott had invested \$6,000 in an airship company.

McMichael was excused until Monday, after a two hour grilling, and Senator Hughes, of New Jersey, took the stand to tell about his efforts to push the eight hour legislation through the House when he was in that body.

UNUSUAL DUEL OF FIREARMS.

White Farmer and Single-Pin Negro Tenant Shoot and Miss.
(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 16.—As a result of a duel with firearms between a white planter and a one-legged negro farm hand, which resulted without harm to either, Ellis Jarman and Hargett Davis are awaiting a trial in Superior Court.

Davis was employed by the white man until recently, when after a dispute he was ordered from Jarman's farm. Several days after his discharge he trespassed, and was taken to task for it by his employer. Jarman pointed a revolver in the negro's face, it is said, and warned him against another offense. Davis left, but returned afterwards, armed with a shotgun, to the road in front of Jarman's farm. A sharp exchange of shots occurred between the pair, the negro firing while the white man fled to the woods, and late yesterday was captured by the sheriff at Wheat Swamp church, near the Greene county line. A magistrate bound both over to Superior Court. Jarman is a well known farmer.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

Ends Annual Convention at Nashville, Tenn.
Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 16.—The 59th annual convention of the International Typographical Union came to a close here at noon today.

The last day of the convention was devoted largely to the hearing of reports from those committees which had not reported on Friday to the final settlement of appeals and to the presentation of gifts to the people and organizations that had contributed to the entertainment of the delegates.

NEGRO'S FATAL FALL.

Lands on His Head from Twenty-Foot Scaffold at Greenville.
(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Aug. 16.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Sam Godley, colored, fell from a scaffold on which he was washing brick work, one of the ropes holding the scaffold breaking. He fell a distance of about 20 feet, striking on his head, receiving fatal injuries. His skull was fractured. He died at 6 o'clock last night. He was about twenty years old and unmarried.

RAILROADS WANT MORE MONEY.

Ask Postmaster General for Increase for Carrying Mails.
St. Louis, Aug. 16.—Officials of 17 Western railroads, including the Santa Fe, Burlington, Rock Island and other trunk lines, signed a telegram that was sent today to Postmaster General Burleson urging the government to increase the compensation of the roads for handling the mails. The increase is asked on the ground that the volume of mail has greatly increased since the passage of the establishment of the parcel post and will further increase after August 20th.

GREEK ESCAPES OFFICERS.

Charged With Murder and Arrested He Leaps From Moving Train.
Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 16.—P. Georgopoulos, a Greek, arrested at Billene, Kas., charged with the murder of two persons in his native country, jumped from a passenger train near Clark, Mo., today after being confined according to information received at the local federal immigration offices. The prisoner was in custody of an immigration inspector and another officer and leaped from a window when the train was running at high speed.

WOMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Aviator's Life Saved by Her Being Strapped to Machine Seat.
Minola, L. I., Aug. 16.—Mrs. Mary Simms, a Greek, arrested at Billene, Kas., who has been taking flying lessons at the Hempstead flying field, was saved from death today by the fact that she was strapped in the seat of her monoplane when it tipped at the height of 200 feet. When the wrecked machine was lifted the woman aviator emerged smiling and only slightly injured.

GUATEMALA SIGNS TREATY.

Favors Peace Pact Proposed by Secretary Bryan.
Washington, Aug. 16.—Joaquin Mendez, Guatemalan minister here, called on Secretary Bryan today and stated he had received full instructions from his government to sign general peace treaty as proposed by Secretary Bryan, with the United States. This will be done next week. Guatemala will be the second nation to do this, Salvador having been the first.

ONE MORE WEEK OF REAL SHOE BARGAINS.

(Continued from Page One.)
One more week of REAL SHOE BARGAINS. Carl F. Strunk & Co. (advertisement.)

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CONTESTANTS AGREE TO TRUCE FOR A DAY

(Continued from Page One.)
future trouble and litigation will arise, growing out of your acts and mine, and it was to prevent, as far as possible, such future trouble, and to avoid the spectacle of two persons claiming to be Governor of the great State at the same time, that I made the suggestion that counsel for you and for myself endeavor to agree upon some method of presenting the question as to who should act as Governor until the decision and determination of the charges against me to the courts at the earliest possible moment, and that we abide by the law as it should be determined by the courts, not by counsel, and I regret that my efforts in my behalf are not to have your cooperation."

Mrs. Sulzer Improved.
Mrs. Sulzer, who is suffering from a nervous breakdown, spent a quiet afternoon and was reported as feeling more comfortably tonight. Her temperature was given as 102.1-2 and her pulse 130.

Lynn J. Arnold, publisher of the Albany Knickerbocker Press, and one of the Governor's closest counselors, announced tonight that he will undertake to form a National law and order committee to defend Governor Sulzer, "drive out of our public life and punish the political bosses to the fullest possible extent under the law."

Mr. Arnold's announcement embodies a telegram received by him from Thomas W. Lawson, now at Princeton, N. J., who is one of the few men to supply the necessary starting fund—and it must be a big one—to make the fight a winning one.

Mr. Glynn still adheres to his expressed determination not to engage in a physical contest either over possession of the executive office or in documents and appointments. He insists that it is a matter of no importance what room he occupies in the Capitol and that the possession of the privy seal now in the hands of Governor Sulzer is of no particular consequence. By advice of the attorney general he is having made a special private seal to use on official documents.

Ohio Recognizes Glynn.
Mr. Glynn learned with interest today that Attorney General Hogan, of Ohio, has advised the cabinet of that State to recognize him as the acting Governor of New York. There was considerable speculation as to what hearing this would mean to the case of Lewis Luchta, papers for whose extradition to Cleveland were signed yesterday by Governor Sulzer.

Governor Sulzer made public today numerous messages endorsing his stand from citizens of New York and other States.

Governor George H. Hunt, of Arizona, wired his belief that "the American people with customary discernment will recognize the forces with which you are contending and will respect you for your courageous stand."

LIND BREACHES WALL OF MEXICAN OPPOSITION

(Continued from Page One.)
foreign affairs, tonight gave out the first statement made by any Mexican official regarding the message sent to Provisional President Huerta by President Wilson through his personal representative, John Lind.

Minister Gamboa said the Mexican government would give consideration to the communication presented by Mr. Lind and after fully discussing it would make a reply.

This procedure is contrary to the opinion held generally here the past week regarding the Mexican government's attitude, it being assumed in view of General Huerta's note of August 6th, in which he characterized Mr. Lind as being persona non grata unless he brought proper credentials and recognition of the Huerta administration, that any message the Governor brought would be ignored.

FOSS TURNS AGAIN.

Once More a Republican, After Serving as Democratic Governor.
Lynn, Mass., Aug. 16.—Eugene N. Foss, three times elected Governor of Massachusetts as a Democrat, and a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency last year, today declared himself again a Republican, but remained indefinite regarding his reported candidacy for the Republican nomination for re-election.

Speaking on the same platform with Congressman A. E. Garfield and Colonel Everett C. Benton, avowed candidates for the Republican gubernatorial nomination, Governor Foss addressed the Essex Republican Club members as "Fellow Republicans," and made a plea for Republican success, because, he said, "the State and Nation need the return of the Republican party to power, and the Republican party is justly entitled to success, although its leaders in the past have been faithless to the pledges of the party."

"I have kept my hat in the ring," the Governor added, "in order to force other candidates into the field, as I believe the direct primaries system requires more than one candidate. I shall keep my hat right there until it is too late for either of the other candidates to pull out."

CONGRESS CONDENSED.

Brief Summary of the Day's Work in the House and Senate.
Washington, Aug. 16.—Summary of work in House and Senate:

Met at 11 A. M. and resumed consideration of Tariff bill.

Foreign Relations committee discussed minor phases of Mexican situation. Authorized President to appoint delegates to International Statistical Institute.

Finance committee heard protests of California wine producers against Tariff bill provisions.

Amendments to Tariff bill raising rates on fish, straw, apples and fruits, were defeated.

Adjourned 5:59 P. M. until 11 A. M. Monday.

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PROGRESS MADE IN WORK ON THE TARIFF

(Continued from Page One.)
clared it was a waste of time to talk about "herons and humming birds," while the business of the country was halted pending action on the tariff."

MRS. EMMELINE PANKHURST

Will Return to England When Suffrage Campaign Opens.
rhonville, France, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette leader, arrived here today from London by way of Havre to join her daughter, Christabel, who has been staying at the seaside resort for the last fortnight. Mrs. Pankhurst announced this evening that she would return to England when the autumn campaign opens.

London, Aug. 16.—Mrs. Pankhurst has gone away for what her friends call a "rest cure," which they say will probably be extended to the United States. Miss Annie Kenny, another militant, preceded Mrs. Pankhurst to the continent and it is expected that Miss Sylvia Pankhurst will follow as soon as she has sufficiently recovered from her latest "hunger and thirst strike."

GLOF PLAY.

English Professionals Win at White Marsh Valley Country Club.
Philadelphia, Aug. 16.—Edward Ray and Harry Vardon, the well known English professionals who came to this country to compete in the open golf championships of the United States, played a great game today at the White Marsh Valley Country Club, when they defeated Gil and Ben Nicholls in a specially arranged 36-hole best ball foursome by 3 up and 2 to play.

Although they were new to the course, and had only left their vacation last night, the Englishmen played a remarkable game.

At the end of the morning round they were five up. At the end of the first nine holes of the afternoon the Nicholls brothers had reduced this to three up. The match then sawawed until it ended on the 15th green, playing which hole Ray and Vardon went in three.

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZING.

Caucus Called to Elect National Congressional Committee.
Washington, April 17.—A call was issued today to Republican Senators and Representatives for a caucus in the House chamber Tuesday night, August 26th, to elect a new National Republican Congressional committee.

The new arrangement was made to give the proper attention, reason for wishing to sell. Address "D. P. O. Box 228, Wilmington, Del." au17-14

SALESMAN—Do you want \$10 a day or more in line retail and punch board? Ten propositions. American Factories Co., St. Louis, Mo. au17-14

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, with board; 300 Chestnut street. au17-14

FOR SALE—Exchange for city property established business in country; \$2,000.00. Homeowner's Bureau, Box 164, Atlanta, Ga. au17-14

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FOR RENT—Splendid four-room apartment at 24th and Orange street; well ventilated; sewerage, water, gas and laundry service; all free. Phone 162 or see Wilder & Metts. au17-14

FOR SALE—Seven-room house on car line. Good condition; all conveniences. Lot 33x100 feet. Good house or investment. Wilder & Metts, Agents. au17-14

EIGHTH STREET COTTAGE for sale; located between Chestnut and Princess; well ventilated; sewerage, water, gas and laundry service; all free. Phone 162 or see Wilder & Metts, Agents. au17-14

FOR SALE—25-acre farm, on Bradley's Creek, one-fourth mile from right-of-way to the sea. Price right. It will pay you to see Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. Telephone 322. au17-14

FOR SALE—Modern 1800 street home, splendid location, good price, good terms. Telephone 322. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au17-14

WINTER PARK LOT—We still have a lot of 200 ft. x 200 ft. 20 ft. wide. Special bargain. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. au17-14

FOR SALE—Modern substantial cottage, Carolina Blue. Large lot, excellent location. Price right. Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. Telephone 322. au17-14

FOR RENT—Two rooms, one double and one single, with all conveniences. 118 North Third street; phone 1725-1. au17-14

FOR SALE—280 feet front, 855 feet deep—10 minutes walk from car line—Market street road, adjoining Capt. Williams on West. Geo. H. Ward, 808 N. Fifth street; Phone 1263-1. au17-14

WANTED—Young man thoroughly experienced in clerical work, general employment in city. Best references. Address "B. care Star." au17-14

FOR SALE—One or two lots at Wilmington beach on the board walk, near the beach. Address "B. care Star." au17-14

TRAVELING SALESMAN to sell retail country, merchants on all products. Traveling, Furniture, Blankets, Frank D. La Lanne & Co., Phila., Pa. au17-14

SALESMAN—Will agent selling on retail trade in Wilmington and nearby territory, to sell a large line of cotton fabrics and commodities for millinery. Free catalogue. Who has other times. Give references. "T. E. care Star." au17-14

SALESMAN—Experienced in any line to sell general trade in North Carolina. Excellent specialty proposition. Commission contracts; \$25 weekly for expenses. Until it ends on the 15th green, playing which hole Ray and Vardon went in three. au17-14

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WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1913.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,405.

DANISH CABINET MEMBERS

Won Their Positions Through Sheer Determination and Thrift—Government Very Democratic in Style.

Copenhagen, Aug. 16.—The membership of the new Danish cabinet presents some striking personalities. Among the ministers are several men who have won their present high positions through sheer determination, hard work, and merit. A notable case is the minister of public works, Hasing-Jorgensen, who in the days of his youth labored for the very modest stipend of \$5 a month.

Before he was 16 years old, Mr. Hasing-Jorgensen had developed the habit of thrift. His income was greater than his outlay, for at that time he had some \$25 on the credit side of his ledger. He made application for the position of assistant teacher in the village of Loeberg, in Jutland. But when he was told the pay was \$30 for the term of six months, he decided to decline the opportunity for the reason that it would not permit of his saving \$12 every half year, a compact he had made with himself.

A local farmer, however, who had met young Hasing-Jorgensen and liked him, came to the rescue. He offered to board and lodge the teacher for six months for \$15, saying that by limiting his spending money to 50 cents a month, he could still save his \$12. There was no gainsaying the truth of this statement of frugality, and Hasing-Jorgensen accepted. Thus were his early habits of thrift made lasting.

The present minister prospered. He rose step by step until his determination and energy led him to the presidency of a bank, from which position he stepped into the cabinet.

Three weeks ago the minister met the farmer who had boarded him as a school teacher. The man's name is Jeppe Sokjaer. In talking over the old days the story of Hasing-Jorgensen's first employment under the State got out, and it has since been retold with relish and approval by the admirers of the minister of public works.

The new Danish ministry, which went into office last June, is radical, with certain well-defined leanings toward socialism. The members are so democratic that they have asked the king to be excused from the necessity of wearing the customary ministerial uniforms on official occasions. His Majesty has consented, and although he will wear his own uniform in the cabinet councils, hereafter the minis-

ters will meet in evening dress.

An exception, however, had to be made in the case of the minister of foreign affairs. When meeting foreign sovereigns he will make a concession and appear in uniform.

As a further evidence of their democracy, the new ministers have disavowed all rank and formal distinctions. They are to be addressed not as "Your Excellency," but as "Mr. Minister."

The undeveloped waterpower of Iceland is receiving the attention of foreign capital. The Deilfi falls, 35 miles from the coast, have been acquired by an English concern which is engaged in the manufacture of nitrogen products and with 40,000 horsepower at its command, the company will move all its factories from Peru and Chile to Iceland.

Big factories are to be built in the vicinity of the falls, and a railroad constructed to the coast. The ownership of the falls was purchased from four local farmers, each of which will receive \$15,000 for his interest.

Seek Danish Antiquities. American gold is being offered in Denmark in exchange for Danish antiquities. The temptation to sell is often irresistible, but the removal of articles of historic interest from the country is being frowned on by the Danish authorities, who are endeavoring to check the exodus by bringing the national museums into the market as purchasers.

The old Northern Museum in Copenhagen houses the best collection of antiquities in the country, but nevertheless a number of very fine pieces, and even complete collections, are to be found in private families. A Danish-American has lately been in Denmark making extensive purchases. He is believed to be collecting for museums in New York and Chicago, as well as for private individuals. He is offering prices so attractive that the owner of one very valuable collection has said he could not afford to refuse the offer.

The director of the Northern Museum, Dr. Muller, has sounded a note of warning. He urges that historic antiquities be retained in the country. He suggests that anyone receiving an offer of sale for export communicate at once with the museum, intimating that for the sake of keeping the relics in Denmark, the museum will meet the prices offered by the foreigner.

Biggest Cattle Show. Copenhagen has just witnessed its regular yearly cattle show, undoubtedly one of the biggest gatherings of stock ever seen in Europe. Three national flags flew over the enclosures, the emblems of Denmark, Sweden and the United States. The Swedish flag was flown out of courtesy to a neighbor; the American out of friendship.

The United States was a contributor to the show in that a large amount of American agricultural machinery was on exhibition. Denmark is usu-

ally conceded to be the most advanced country, from the standpoint of intelligent and progressive agriculture, in Europe, and it is interesting to note that the best Danish farmers have a high regard for American farming implements. The records of the State show that the importation of these American manufactures increases every year.

NEED SCHOLARLY ATHLETES

Necessity of Training Men for Dual School Work
New York, August 16.—In discussing the freshman athletic problem at Harvard William F. Garcelon, former graduate athletic treasurer, makes an other plea for an athletic coaching course for those students who are preparing for a career as instructors in schools and colleges. Mr. Garcelon states:

"It has been urged for the past five years that some action be taken on this matter, but Harvard has stood still, while nearly every small college in the country has moved ahead. The winning of games and bringing home of championships to the University gives us much joy. Athletic organization and efficiency is worth while and should not be and has not been neglected; but the boys who do not know the joy of running, of leaping, or being physically active on the green grass under the blue sky, should be given a chance to learn what all that means. Those who are studying to be educators should be given this help, in order that they may get out of and put the most into their work."

"During the last 15 years there has come a demand from public and private schools for trained teachers who could also take general charge of athletics. Failing to find men who understood the athletic problems from a broad study of them, they have generally accepted men who have been skillful football or baseball players or track athletes. The appointments of these at Harvard is steadily receiving calls for men who can combine with good scholarship a general knowledge of athletics and physical education. The added duties in athletics command from \$200 to \$500 additional salary. Harvard today does not qualify men to fill such places, except through study in the Summer School of Physical Education. What is needed is a course of lectures and instructions which would give teachers practice in the fundamentals of football, baseball and all other sports and teach them the relative value of all sports for growing boys. Instruction should also be given in training methods, in diet, and in general athletic organization and administration."

Cattails that cover the swamps are being used not only for chair bottoms, but for the caking of barrels and for the manufacture of paper.

UNIQUE HANGING BUILDING

New York, City of Structural Curiosities, to Make New Building Record—Old Street Car Horses.

New York, Aug. 16.—New York is to have in a few months what is held to be the most remarkable building in the world. Seven stories in height, its first or lowest story will be more than 100 feet above the ground. It will be without foundations for it is actually to be hung from great girders so that its bottom floor will be 12 stories above the street level.

This remarkable building feat is the solution of a problem which confronted the company which supplies the city's gas. Its oldest building is 12 stories high, while its two new buildings, one on each side of the old one, are 19 stories high. More room was needed and it was planned to increase the height of the old building to 19 stories. It was discovered, however, that the foundations would bear no more weight. It was then that the engineers hit upon the plan of bridging the gap between the roofs of the two new buildings with gigantic steel girders and literally suspending the additional stories from them. In other words, when the whole thing is finished the old building of 12 stories could be completely removed and the suspended seven stories would remain as stable as ever, 120 feet above the street. There are eight girders that will support these seven top floors and they range from "baby girders" of 27 tons to the 46 ton fellows which are about 30 feet long and eight feet high. Strips of steel punched with holes will sustain the steel frames of the hanging floors. Girders of such size have never before been lifted to such a height in the history of building. The thing has been done in railroad construction, but that is different from swinging tons of steel above a city street. The seven hanging stories will have no duplicate in the world.

An Army of Hoboes.
The organization of a federally recruited and supervised "hobo" industrial army is the novel plan proposed here at a meeting attended by about 100 of the perennially unemployed. A bill providing for the organization of such an army was read. Among other things it proposed the helping hand of the Secretary of Labor recruits are to be enlisted for an "industrial army of the unemployed," which the bill authorizes the secretary to organize. It provides that recruiting agents to enlist the unemployed

be paid by the government, their pay and duties to be the same as those of recruiting officers of the regular army. The President of the United States is to be the commander-in-chief of the industrial army and the Secretary of Labor to have the same powers and duties as those of the Secretary of War. Idle men who cannot get work are to be eligible for service in the army, when they are able bodied and are over 16 years of age, and when enrolled will be transported free of charge to where there is government work to be done. The pay is to be \$2 per day for eight hours for all who have been residents of the country for five years and over; \$1.50 for residents of less than five years, and over three years; and \$1 a day for residents of less than three years. The newly arrived will receive 25 cents a day when the enlist. Board, lodging and transportation are to be furnished free by the government in all cases. The "hoboes" it was noted, did not seem to be enthusiastic for the proposed measure.

Famous Car Horses.
"Tom" and "Jerry," New York's two most famous street car horses, as well as the oldest, which have been hauling street cars in the lower part of the city for 20 years, are to be pensioned off. From September 1st on as long as they live they are going to live in a pasture by day and in fine and comfortable stalls by night, and they will have nothing to do but meditate upon the days that are gone.

These two horses were the subject of a resolution adopted by the East Side Business Men and Property Owners' committee. This organization for years has been advocating the doing away of horse cars on Delancey street, and at its last meeting a letter was received from the New York Railways Company stating that after September 1st there would be no more horse cars in that street. So pleasing was the news to the committee that its president offered a resolution to the effect that the two oldest horses on the line become the guests of the committee until they should die in peace. More than 100 business men who attended the meeting enthusiastically voted "aye" on the proposal.

City Not Hard Hearted.
The belief that New York is a city of stony-hearted indifference, in which a man in need is likely to find the cold shoulder turned his way as soon as his plea for assistance begins, is apparently unfounded. The fact that it is untrue was proven in a novel manner this week, which incidentally cost a man named Robbins \$110. So certain was he that New Yorkers are not prone to extend the helping hand that he bet this sum with two young carb brokers that they could not, simply by telling a hard luck story, borrow \$1,000 inside of 12 hours anywhere between his restaurant and a beach resort on Long Island. They

took him up. Then they pained him with a swift exhibition of the possibilities right in his own restaurant. Robbins saw his head lunchman affably stand a "touch" for \$15, and the next minute the two had "nalled" the head bartender for \$10. The next move of the young brokers was to go to the cab stand they regularly patronized. They not only got a taxi on credit but "shook down" the starter for \$10. Next was the invasion of Brooklyn. Restaurants, cafes, barber shops and even a bootblack stand where they were known shed a shower of money upon them. By the time the two had reached the beach they had collected \$900. At the latter place they easily rounded out the thousand three hours before the time limit expired.

Smoke Nuisance Great.
That New York is in danger of becoming a second Pittsburg so far as density and smokiness of the atmosphere are concerned, is the fear now expressed here, and for once this city has found a field in which she is not anxious to surpass her rival. The reason for this fear is found in a decision just handed down holding that the section of the sanitary code forbidding smoke nuisances is unconstitutional. There is much speculation as to what the city will look like if it cannot legally prevent dense smoke from thousands of chimneys belching forth to hang over it like a pall. Persons who have discussed all possible effects of the decision predict that unless it is reversed by a higher court or New York finds some other means of prohibiting "smoke nuisances" the city will become one of perpetual semi-gloom. However, hope is expressed that the evil may be averted.

Huerta doesn't like John Lind, who has been appointed as President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico. This indicates that Lind is a good man for the job.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Having gone around the world in 35 days, Mr. Meers may now give us the true inwardness of the Balkan situation, the outlook for the future in China and the recent development of art in Japan.—New York Evening Post.

Perfect Health Woman's Crown of Glory.
Did you ever observe a woman who has reached the age of sixty or even seventy in perfect health and say to yourself, "I hope I may grow old as gracefully as she does"? In order to reach a lovely old age women should guard against woman's diseases, as they are the greatest menace to joy and gladness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is nature's own remedy for organic derangements, safe and certain. Nearly forty years of success is a grand and peerless record for any one medicine.

SELL LOUVRE CANVASES

Immense Collection in Cellars of Famous Galleries to be Cleaned Out—Million Gypsies on the Move.

Paris, Aug. 16.—The immense collection of pictures, many of them copies of famous canvases, which now encumber the cellars and garrets of the Louvre galleries, are soon to be sold at public auction.

These pictures have been accumulating for over a century, and it is doubtful if even the Louvre authorities themselves know what is there. Most of them are copies of old masters which were made by artists in the course of their study, and then abandoned. Many a picture of value may be discovered under the dust of years. Doubtless a number of them were executed by artists who afterwards became famous. The sale will, at any rate, afford amateurs an opportunity of obtaining copies of their favorite picture at a comparatively low price. Lovers of the lost "Joconde" will have the choice of more than a hundred

Some days ago a group of visitors passing through the Army Museum at Les Invalides, examined the glass case in which the personal relics of the great Napoleon are displayed.

To their horror, they saw three holes in the skirt of the celebrated grey overcoat. Spared by bullet and shell, the famous and legendary garment is in imminent danger of destruction by the inexorable domestic moth. The gallant general who is in charge of the museum was at once divided and measures have been taken to make the existence of moths in the precious case impossible.

Million Gypsies Moving.
One million gypsies, with neither home nor country, move across Europe every year from east to west with the beginning of Summer. Nowhere are they wanted, everywhere are they eyed askance, but still every year they wander, and the authorities of the countries they cross dread their coming and are relieved when they go.

There is always trouble at the frontiers. Here the wanderers are stopped, questioned, and often imprisoned as vagrants. But there is nothing to do but finally let them go, and they invariably return the next year. An effort to aid and protect these gypsies and, incidentally, the perplexed authorities, is being made by a Swiss clergyman, H. Ecuyer. He has organized a society, one of the purposes of which

(Continued on Page 10.)

Improvements at Wilmington Beach

To Be Started Immediately

Large contract has been closed for the laying out of Streets and Boulevards and general cleaning up of this New Beach, destined to be the

Atlantic City of the South Atlantic

It is the purpose of the Corporation to push the development with all possible dispatch, and to get the property in shape for the building of cottages contemplated for next season. Better secure your lot; the choicest lots are being sold now.

Wilmington Beach Corporation

14 Princess St.

'Phone 312

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATION and CO-OPERATIVE RURAL BANKING IN FRANCE

The Credit Foncier - Our Farmers Need System - French System Best - Debentures in Demand - The Commission's Studies - Money for Crop Moving - Borrowing from Banks.

HERE is Paris and there is France. With many the confused idea persists that Paris is all of France that counts for anything. But that is not so. Paris is neither all France nor, fortunately for the Republic, is all France, Paris. Paris may be the head and a rather appletic head it is, which would not fare so well were it not for the sound body of the provinces, kept lean and muscular with toil, and healthy with thrift and, in the peculiar French way, abstemious. As it is with all nations, the strength of France rests in the peasantry upon the soil. They work, they save, and they utilize. Was there ever a person who could utilize the utterly useless like the French peasant? It is the peculiar genius of the French people that whatever they do, they do better than anyone else. And so even on the farms they are artists. Italy produces a good grade of wine, but practically the only Italian wine that you will see in export trade is that which has been bought by the French, "prepared" for the market, and resold. Whether it be straw and ribbon for hat making or grapes for wine making, it is not what the Frenchman has to work with, but his methods that enable him to excel in production.

It is not strange, when these facts are considered, that the French should have wrung such wealth out of their soil. It is not the fertility of the French land nor the climate so much that gives France its agricultural wealth as it is the talent of the French farmers to make that land produce the utmost in quantity and quality which is possible. There is not the supply of labor in the United States to make it possible to copy the French methods of intensive cultivation which is profitable only for the most costly crops. Such cultivation has its severe drawbacks since it divides the earnings among many workers and though the profits taken out of a single acre of land in some parts of France are little short of astounding to American minds, still one would wish to see rural America made rural France and the women and children placed at work in the fields.

But the methods employed by the French to lure to the farmers the vast sums of money necessary to the development of farms where such intensive cultivation is to be practiced hold a lesson of the greatest value to American farmers. The French possess the most highly perfected financial machine to serve their landowners in the world. It is the Credit Foncier of France. So economically this national land bank conducted that it is able to pay a profit to its stockholders sufficient to keep its stock well above par on a margin of profit of only 4 per cent. Less than one half of one hundredth and still a satisfactory profit is shown. Moreover, the interest of its business (loans made to municipalities) is conducted on even a smaller margin.

The Germans were the first people to systematize the sale of their farm mortgages so that a collective security of the value of many farms was placed back of each mortgage instead of the value of a single farm as is done even now in the United States. The French Credit Foncier is copied in principle from the German system, but radical changes in organization and practice were made.

In brief the Credit Foncier of France is an association or company of private stockholders which lends money to landowners on mortgage and issues bonds based upon those mortgages to secure the money for the landowners. Thus no money is loaned on an individual mortgage in France, but the investor buys instead a bond or debenture of the land bank. The money paid for this bond is loaned to a landowner on a mortgage given to the land bank. A slightly higher interest rate is charged the landowner than is paid on the bond and this constitutes the profit of the bank. As simple as this practice sounds, the benefits which it brings to the French landowners are almost incalculable when contrasted with the method of borrowing on an individual mortgage as practiced by American farmers.

The market commanded by an individual mortgage is limited to those persons who are able to judge of the value of the land on which the mortgage is issued. The market commanded by a bond of the Credit Foncier is as broad as the reputation of the company. And since the Credit Foncier has a capital of \$40,000,000 and has been successfully operated without losses to bondholders since 1852, its reputation is international. Thus the interest rates at which the bonds of the Credit Foncier sell are far lower than are the rates of any private mortgage. Moreover, the company can take the profit out of the transaction and still loan the money to farmers at far lower rates than they



TYPICAL FRENCH FARM TEAM WITH LOAD OF HAY



CONCARNEAU PEASANT WOMEN WATCHING THE CAMERA

could obtain for themselves. Although it would perhaps not be just to directly contrast interest rates in Europe with interest rates in the United States, some idea of the saving effected to landowners by the French system might be seen in the difference between the interest rates today paid by French farmers, 4.5 per cent, with that paid by American farmers, from 6 to 9 per cent.

Beyond this, the Credit Foncier exacts no commissions on loans. The money loaned to the farmers is not the company's but the bond holders' and as long as the bond runs the farmer is welcome to his money. In contrast to this the American farmer on his mortgage can only get his money for from 5 to 5 years. At the end of that time he must pay back 2 to 3 per cent for a renewal and he is liable to have his interest rate raised or to have his loan foreclosed.

Again the American farmer is obliged to repay the entire principal of his loan at the expiration of the term. The French farmer pays a fixed sum each year, a part of which payment goes for interest on the loan and the remainder towards paying back the principal. As the payment each year is the same and as the principal of the loan is reduced each year, the interest payments are constantly decreasing also and the farmer in this way gradually repays the loan without ever having to make a lump payment. For instance, a French farmer borrowing money for 25 years at 4.5 per cent pays each year 6.5 per cent. At the end of the twenty-five years he would be out of debt and his payment for the twenty-fifth year would be the same as that for the first year. With the American farmer, the interest of 6 per cent would have to be paid each year and at the end of the loan he would have to pay the entire 100 per cent in a lump sum. Now statistics show that the average American farmer mortgage runs for 12 years. Suppose then that the American farmer had his loan for 12 years at 6 per cent. His entire payments without commissions would amount to 172 per cent. The entire payments of the French farmer to 162.5 per cent. In addition to this the American farmer would have to pay from 5 to 9 per cent in renewal charges; would be liable to foreclosure and would have to scrape and stint himself to get together the 100 per cent to meet the principal.

That is a comparison between the French mortgage system and the American, made purposely plain and without embroidery. The advantages brought to the French farmers by this financial machine which constantly pumps a stream of money from the great urban money markets into the farms, was readily apparent to the members of the American Commission on Agricultural Co-operation. In their own country the mortgage was a cancer on the farm; a debt contracted only to tide over bad times; one to be avoided as long as possible and paid off as quickly as possible when it was necessary to resort to it. But in France the Commission found the mortgage looked upon as a means to assist farmers to a fuller development of their farms. Wherever a farmer saw a way to spend a sum of money in bettering his land, fertilizing it, draining it, irrigating it, adding more acres to it perhaps, he would borrow on his mortgage knowing that the pay-

ments he would have to make upon the loan would be commensurate with the increase in his income which the improvement or enlargement of his farm would bring him. He would face no danger of foreclosure so long as he made his small annual payments and kept his farm up. He would not be bothered finding persons every three or five years who were willing to renew his loan. He would not have to pay renewal commissions and he would be sure that the interest rate which he secured at the beginning of the loan would not be raised on him the minute that money became scarce. Finally, and most comforting of all to the farmer, he would know that the last year of the loan would carry him out of debt without his having to impoverish himself paying back the whole principal of his loan in one lump.

Would not American farmers, if loans on such terms were offered them, be glad to borrow to improve their land? Would it not be profitable for farmers to buy up the abandoned farms of the East which only need improvement, albeit costly improvement, to make them as good as any other land? Would it not be profitable for farmers to place under cultivation the unused lands of parts of the West, which are good lands but which likewise require costly improvements to make them productive?

Consider the thousands of acres of rich and productive land opened up to farmers by the irrigation projects of the Government. The farmers never would have attempted to improve such lands if they had had to depend upon funds borrowed on private mortgages. There are thousands of other acres of land lying idle today simply because it requires too much money to put them into condition and because the terms under which that money would have to be borrowed are too burdensome. The American consumer has a direct interest in this subject since statistics show that the increase in prices of foodstuffs is at least roughly in proportion to the supply and demand. The demand of all foodstuffs in the United States is increasing much faster than the supply and no matter how much artificial profit the middlemen may be taking out of the sales of foodstuffs, an increased supply that could keep pace with or pass the demand would lower prices or at least prevent further increases which otherwise will be bound to come.

Although the intensive cultivation practiced in France is out of the question as far as American farmers are concerned, it would be profitable and practicable for American farmers to develop their lands to the highest point of productivity and to employ in their farming the most improved types of farm machinery and the most scientific methods. In other words, there is room for great improvement in the plants or food factories of the American farmers. Those improvements will be made if the farmers can secure the money to do it upon favorable terms.

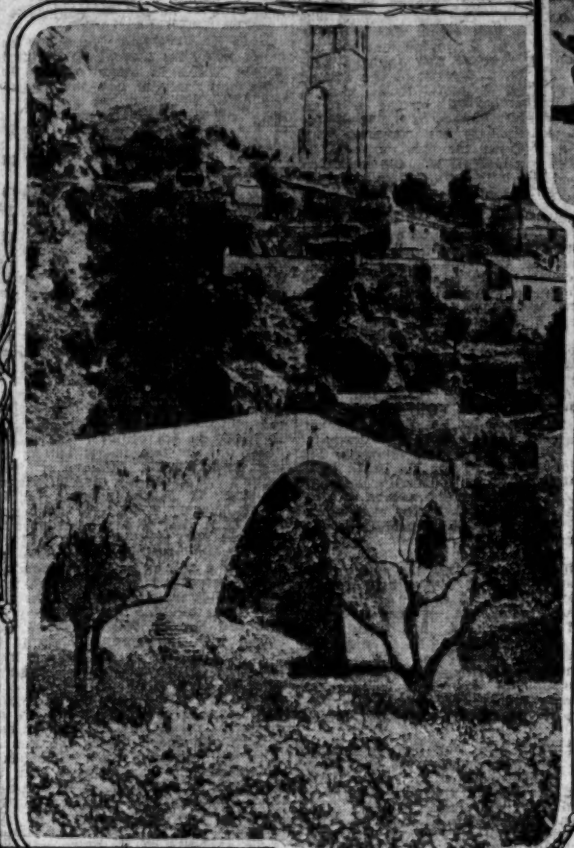
Increasing the number of acres under cultivation; increasing the production per acre of the land now under cultivation; and lowering the cost of production to the farmer; these three things could be done by extending to the farmers ideal credit facilities and these three things would solve the

TYPE OF FRENCH PEASANT WOMEN AND BRETON VILLAGE

problem of the high cost of living at least in so far as it is a question of food production and not a question either of middleman's control or the cost of high living.

There are many reasons for believing that the Credit Foncier of France is a better model for an American institution than the German institutions. In the first place the history of farm mortgages in the United States has been such that at the outset it would be necessary to have an institution back of American land mortgage bonds of as great strength as possible. The stronger that institution, the more the market for the bonds, the more the sale of the bonds and the lower the rates of interest at which the money could be obtained for the farmers. The German mortgage institutions are all provincial organizations except their mortgage banks which are copied directly from the Credit Foncier. Most of the German mortgage institutions are co-operative associations and it is not practicable to organize a co-operative association dependent upon representative management over an entire country, even over a country the size of Germany. It would probably prove even more impracticable in the United States. A provincial or state market for German land bonds is perhaps sufficient but in the United States where interest rates are so generally high and where the rate varies so greatly between the states, it would be necessary to command at last a national and preferably an international market. This could only be done by a national mortgage bank. Whatever danger there might be of private monopoly of the mortgage business could be prevented at the outset by Government supervision and control. The Credit Foncier is operated under strict government control and it is forbidden to charge farmers on their loans more than 5 per cent over the price which they pay for the money itself. As a matter of fact, the Credit Foncier only charges them 1 per cent over their own rate. Thus the interests of the farmers are absolutely protected.

The administrative affairs of the Credit Foncier are handled by a governor, two sub-governors, and a board of directors. The governor and sub-governors are all appointed by the President of France and there must be at least three high government officials upon the board of directors. The entire organization is placed under the direct supervision of the French Ministry of Finance. This shows the complete control which the government exercises over the affairs of the bank. Moreover the Credit Foncier is required to invest one-fourth of its capital in French government securities and one-fourth in buildings of the society, government securities deposited with the Bank of France or in loans to French colonies. The surplus may be invested in similar ways or used in the mortgage business of the bank or for the purchase of high grade commercial paper acceptable to



CLARGEUS ON THE ROAD FROM ST PONS TO BEDARREUX THE BRIDGE WAS BUILT BY THE ROMANS IN THE SECOND CENTURY

the Bank of France. Of the profits of the bank, a 5 per cent dividend is first paid to stockholders and then from 5 to 20 per cent is carried over into reserve until the reserve shall equal at least one-half of the capital. The board of directors controls the investment of the reserve. These severe restrictions upon the investment of the funds of the bank, coupled with the government control exercised, insures conservative management and prevents all likelihood of investing the surplus funds merely to personally profit the directors as was done at one time in the big life insurance companies of the United States. As a result the debentures of the Credit Foncier enjoy the highest possible reputation, as high or, perhaps, a little higher, than that enjoyed by the securities of the Government. It is this reputation which creates the enormous demand for them and which accounts for the fact that an issue of \$100,000,000 of debentures at the low interest rate of 3 per cent in 1912 was oversubscribed eighteen times. When an attempt is made to establish a mortgage banking system in the United States, every effort should be made to secure as sound a reputation for the debentures of the bank as has been done in France. Government supervision should be solicited and the management should be conducted on as conservative lines as though the reputation of the Government itself was at stake. Only in this way will a market ever be created for the sale of American mortgage debentures abroad and the farmers of the United States should have an opening into the cheapest money markets, not only of the United States, but of the world.

The problem of establishing a mortgage system over so large a territory as the United States will present many new problems. It is probable that state institutions will have to be organized, and such state institutions might either be copied after the German co-operative organizations or after the German land banks. If organized along sound and conservative lines such state institutions could very probably command a good market for their own debentures and the national land bank would have to be relied upon only to dispose of such surplus as it was desirable to place in the national or international market. The national organization could be started and could extend its benefits to the farmers of every state at first. Then as state institutions were organized either by the farmers themselves or by private companies, the national land bank could retire to the secondary business of buying the debentures of the state institutions and guaranteeing them or reselling national land debentures based upon them for sale in the international market. The question of whether co-operative or privately owned land banks should be formed in the States would probably take care of itself. Since the co-operative organizations operate without a view to making a profit, they could probably outbid any private company if their organization was sound and they were properly conducted. Therefore, wherever practicable, the co-operative form of land bank would undoubtedly be the one to survive. On the other hand, in states where for any reason the farmers were disinclined to form such an organization, the pri-



FRENCH PEASANT WOMAN WITH DONKEY CART ON ROAD FROM NIORT NEAR ST JEAN D'ANGELY

and New York brokers bidding against this demand in order to keep the wheels moving in Wall Street. With this double demand and an inelastic currency, money at once becomes tight, and if the banks happen to be in a weaker condition than usual, which happens often, a panic is apt to result, with a wholesale suspension of payments such as occurred in the fall of 1907. Leaving aside the question of how nearly a reform of the currency system, with a change in the present system of bankers' deposits, would remedy this evil, there is a lesson for farmers, considering the adaptability of a co-operative credit system to the United States, in this seasonal demand for money.

The principal source of capital for the rural co-operative societies, would be the deposits of the members and non-members of the community served. However, at first, and at times thereafter, the local societies would be obliged to borrow in order to meet a special demand for funds. Agriculture is by no means so steady in its financial demands as are the other industries. Most of the money is demanded at one or two seasons of the year, and most of the profits are realized by farmers at one time. Thus the local banks at certain seasons of the year would face unusual demands, and at others would be burdened with an unwieldy surplusage of funds from repayments and temporarily increased deposits. It is as necessary to provide for these temporarily increased demands as it is to dispose profitably of the surplusage of money.

If we had a co-operative credit society in Florida and another in New York and still another in Kansas, although each of these societies would in turn suffer from first an excessive demand and then an excess of deposits, no two of them would feel the excessive demand or supply at the same time of year. Thus the Florida society after the products of its members had been marketed could probably, and very profitably, lend its surplus funds to the Kansas or New York societies, the members of which would not feel the need of extra funds until some time after the Florida farmers had realized on their crops. Carrying this idea a step further these three societies could organize a central bank in which their surplus funds at certain seasons of the year could be deposited, and from which they could draw money when the demand in their section of the country was at its height.

It has been pointed out that a local society could expect to borrow from an outside bank or from third parties more easily and at better rates than the individual farmer. Obviously it would be as much easier for such a central bank as has been outlined to borrow from the outside in comparison with the local society, as it would be for the local society in with the individual. These local banks could be depended upon to secure all funds needed over and above the deposits secured by the local banks.

In any system established in the United States the area of operations of a central bank would probably be a state. For many reasons in Germany there are frequently found two central banks operating in the same territory although no two banks serve the same society. There does not seem to be any sufficient reason, however, for such a duplication in a newly established system. Variations in type among the local societies does not demand separate central institutions. The Raiffeisen system in Germany, it must be remembered, was well on its way before the other societies began to appear in sufficient numbers to warrant the establishment of central institutions. The German Agricultural Central Loan Bank was established by Raiffeisen before the Imperial Co-operative Bank had existed and Raiffeisen accepted as members of his central institution only those societies accepting his creed throughout.

It is probable that in an American system, the difference in type of the local societies would be by states or by sections if indeed there must be such difference. There might be for instance, societies of low share capital and unlimited liability in the South, and societies of limited liability and large share capital in other sections of the country. In so large a country each state central bank would probably have to be an independent institution of low share capital could support an "equalizing" main central bank, probably in New York.

In the fall of every year we witness the spectacle of the west churning for funds to move the crops

THE WEEK'S NEWS REVIEWED IN BRIEF

Glimpses of the World at Large, Little News Stories of the Carolinas, and a Resume of Local Doings.
Prepared for the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader.

Of General Interest Brief News Stories of The Carolinas The Week Locally

At Sag Harbor, L. I., the village trustees have passed a curfew law for girls. After 9 o'clock those under 16 years must be at home or they will be arrested.

The Louisville & Nashville Railway has put into effect the law compelling a passenger rate of 2 1/2 cents in Alabama, the courts having decreed that the law was valid.

The schooner *Mobile*, a sponge craft, was found adrift by the steamer *Standard* Tuesday, 100 miles west of Tampa, Fla., with nothing alive aboard but a few chickens. The crew of five persons evidently had perished.

The Alabama Governor has no authority, in the opinion of some, to appoint a successor to Senator Johnston, and if a successor is named at once, they think, the Legislature will have to be called, and the Democratic Senate needs every vote it has.

Two years from November, when the new suffrage law goes into effect in Norway, 250,000 women will have the right to walk to the polls and vote. The ballot is given every respectable man and woman in Norway who is 25 years old, no matter whether one pays tax or not. After 20 years of age, any man or woman can be elected to the Parliament.

Tuesday Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, discussing the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill, declared that instead of dissolving the tobacco trust, the Supreme Court's ruling of 1911 had merely strengthened the hold the monopoly has on the tobacco business. The four great divisions of the trust, he said, had a closer grip than the one which obtained before the court's decision.

King Ferdinand made a pathetic address to the defeated Bulgarian soldiers Monday at Sofia, in which he thanked them for their bravery, declared the other Balkan allies "treacherous," still had hopes of ultimate victory, and declared that Bulgaria was forced to sign the treaty of Bucharest Sunday, which ended the war, because the country could no longer fight give nations.

The internal revenue receipts of Uncle Sam for the last fiscal year were over 21 million dollars greater than in 1911, which was the fattest year in the history of the republic. The total last year was over 344 millions. Whisker made up over 100 millions, more of which was used than ever, although over 20,000 saloons and 600 wholesale houses were put out of business.

While fighting the two cent passenger rate law and charging three cents, the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad in West Virginia, issued coupons for the difference, pending a decision of the courts. A number of railway porters used the coupons which the passengers threw away. One of them was worth \$20,000 worth. The court has ruled that the two cent law is valid, and now the porters will get the money.

The American Federation of Catholic Societies, in meeting at Milwaukee, declared in vehement terms against socialism, immorality, dances, anti-Catholic press reports, and the action of mine owners at Lead, Colo., the despoliation of church properties in Portugal, and enemies and sex hygiene were discouraged. Protest was made to Mrs. Phoebe Hearst, mother of William R. Hearst, chief owner of the mine at Lead, about the way men were being treated there.

Shortage of water in the zinc mines in the Galena Kan. district, where an excess of water usually is produced, has greatly curtailed the output of the mines, and as a result the price advanced today from \$2 to \$3 per ton. The Delaware river for the first time in 27 years is dry. The Republican river, near Scandinavia, is almost dry. The trees seem to be dying. Both fruit and shade trees are affected and unless rain comes horticulturists say many will die.

A member of the train crew says that Onondaga ran with the train for the crossing near Long Beach at which Mr. Peil and two others were killed. The result was a dead heat—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Australia's co-operative industries continue to increase in number. They report financial success.

How to Get Rid of Eczema

An Effective Method that Kills the Germs and Makes New Skin.

Even a Microscope Won't Find a Blemish After S. S. S. Gets Through.

If you bruise your hand, you will notice that a scab forms, and when it falls off, new skin has formed. The same is true of the skin in the same as muscle, bone, sinew, ligament. All are made from the blood, from the materials that you eat and drink. The blood is converted from food into what we call blood. And this blood circulates in the myriad of tiny blood vessels in the skin. As the blood flows, it carries with it the germs, bacteria, and it won't be long before you are free of eczema. Use S. S. S. for a short time, but the entire blood will be renewed. There is one ingredient in S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating each cellular part of the body to the healthy, judicious selection of its own essential nutrient. That is why it regenerates the blood supply. It has such a tremendous influence in overcoming eczema, rash, pimples, and all skin afflictions.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store, and you will not only feel bright and energetic, but you will be the picture of new life. S. S. S. is prepared only in the laboratory of The Scott's Emulsion Co., 139-Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Be wary of any attempt to sell you something "just as good."

Hal W. Ayer, State auditor under the fusion regime, died in New York Tuesday and was buried in Raleigh Friday.

Richard Puckett, a negro charged with assault on a woman near Raleigh, S. C., was lynched there Monday morning.

The town commissioners of Whiteville are investigating the cost of electric plants with a view of building one of their own.

Fire at Columbia, S. C., Wednesday did \$50,000 damage to the Southern American Laboratories plant, which manufactures absorbent cotton.

Representative Godwin has appointed a joint committee to investigate the case of the late Senator Johnston. He is a son of Mr. Wade Hampton Cooper and a nephew of Messrs. W. B. and Thos. E. Cooper, of Wilmington.

C. R. Williams, sub-contractor for the work on the Neuse river bridge of the A. C. L., while going over the construction Monday in a railway motor, was run down and killed by a train.

Mrs. Margaret Cowan, aged 93, oldest person in Pender county, died last week. Other old people of the county who passed away were Mrs. T. K. Wells, of Horse Creek, and Mr. L. F. Johnson, of Columbia township.

Eight negroes have been sentenced to the State Prison for attacking Policeman Cook at Wadesboro, S. C., and revelling away from him, and aiding a negro whom he had arrested, to escape.

The Columbus county commissioners have levied a tax of five cents on the \$100 and 20 cents on the poll to build the new court house. Slow to action, they have been criticised for not getting busy on the court house project.

Congressman Godwin has asked that Surgeon Carter, of the eastern part of the State to investigate malaria conditions, be sent also to Whiteville, Lumberton and Fayetteville, to consult his health work in those localities.

Of the 100 cases on the criminal docket of Lenoir county, 25 of them are negroes, and who are charged with beating their wives. Most of them are negroes, but there is a sprinkling of whites. Court convenes tomorrow.

Dr. J. Vance McGoughan, of Fayetteville, entertained 100 men at "Ski" his country place, last week, they being members of the Cumberland-Hoke Medical Society. A barbecue and fruit feast were served to the large dinner party.

A school district with as many as 5,000 people in it can appoint its own officers to enforce the compulsory school law. Such is the decision of the State educational authorities. Otherwise, the county boards will appoint the compulsory attendance officers.

Archibute Blue, a well known mill man of Moore county, was shot and killed by Jim Cameron, colored, Monday morning, and died in three hours from the wound. Cameron wanted to borrow money from Blue and was refused, so he deliberately planned the white man's murder.

The State insurance commissioner warns the public against taking insurance with B. K. Besonette and the Providence Insurance Association, because neither is licensed to do business in this State, and a policy in an unlicensed company cannot be collected in the courts.

Joe Bean, of Charlotte, was roasted to death, and P. L. Borden, of Jackson, Miss., seriously injured, when a train near Martinsville, Va., Tuesday. The machine was knocked 75 feet and Bean caught in the wreck and burned to death by blazing gasoline.

The engineers have recommended that Congress spend \$20,000,000 on the inland waterway from Boston, Mass., to Beaufort, N. C. This money will be spent north of Norfolk, largely since Senator Simmons and Congressman Small already secured appropriations for the Beaufort section.

Mr. A. W. McLean, of Lumberton, one of the leading candidates for Governor, is writing a history of the Scotch people in the Cape Fear section. He announces that he has given no thought to the Governorship, but is giving all his attention to his book. Nevertheless, he has strong support.

When Congressman Chilton, of Alabama, takes his seat in the Senate, to which he has been appointed by Governor O'Neal, succeeding Senator Johnston, deceased, Congressman E. Y. Webb, of this State, will fall heir to the chairmanship of the House Judiciary committee, one of the most important posts in Congress.

Under the law, when in the opinion of the county school board, the tax levy is not sufficient to run the six months schools now required, the county commissioners must make the levy necessary, and when the board refuses, the school people can get a mandamus from the courts. Such a case is now on in McDowell county.

Tuesday Wake county voted on a bond issue of a million dollars for good roads, and defeated it five to one. The amount was considered a large sum, and the people evidently thought so, too. It is said that half or a quarter of the sum would have been voted, and that an election will be held later for some such amount.

Clarence Poe, of Raleigh, editor of the *Progressive Farmer*, announces that he will not be a candidate for Governor in 1914. The Star says that the most important work in North Carolina now is the development of farming, education and all resources, and that he is engaged in doing his part of that, with no thought of political honors.

Dr. W. J. Clouse, of Alexander, eight miles from Asheville, and one of the best known physicians in the western part of the State, was shot down on the streets of his town and killed by a rural carrier named O. M. West, who met him and said, "I hear you are going to kill me, throw up your hands," and pulled a .44 pistol, shooting three

times. He gave up and was jailed.

The private laws of the last Legislature make a volume of 1,491 pages, a thousand more pages than the public laws. The last Legislature passed far more laws than the one just before, and the fact that many private laws were passed is due to a strong argument for the adoption of the constitutional amendment which would prevent the Legislature from enacting such laws, leaving local matters to town and county bodies.

At the conference called by Governor or Clerk in Raleigh, Tuesday, to consider the proposal made by the railroads for rate reduction, the proposal was rejected by the Governor and his conference. There was prolonged discussion, during which representatives of the railroads and the State presented their arguments. The Governor's decision should be the basis point for North Carolina, as North Carolina is for Virginia.

The State Corporation Commission and the County Commissioners of Washington county had another hearing on their suit Monday, which the commissioners asked to make the commissioners pay the State about \$1,000 in taxes claimed for 1911, when the commissioners reduced the valuation of property in the county. The commission says they have no right to reduce the fixed valuation, and that they must either come before it and get permission, or pay the taxes as fixed in 1911, and hence, in 1912 also.

CHARITY ADVERTISING.

Newspapers Constantly Asked to Do Great Deal of It.

The newspapers are constantly receiving requests for free advertising from various organizations, associations, movements and charities, and they are constantly rendering a great deal of service of this kind, making no charge for it whatever. We are speaking of the legitimate movements, that is, those whose objects are worthy, whose promoters have nothing to sell, but only desire to promote some good cause, and who are entitled to hearing by the public. Many of these appeals come from organizations or individuals who are not trying to make money for themselves, but for any cause or purpose, and whose only object is to render service. The newspapers gladly give any reasonable amount of publicity to objects of this kind, and give without any thought of charge and especially so if there is any matter of public interest in publicity desired.

But a growing number of requests for publicity comes from people or organizations that have something for sale, some enterprise in which they expect to make money, or a great many of these people become offended or at least seem hurt, or feel that they are imposed on when the newspapers demand that they pay for publicity. They think the paper is not doing its part by charity and is holding them up or to use an impolite term "robbing them." Yet, these people are simply do not seem to realize that the space is the newspaper's stock in trade, and that it cannot give it away if it is to exist. They also do not realize that in asking the newspapers to give space for their advertising, they are asking of something they would not think of asking from anyone else, or any business man. They will go to the job printing office for instance, and have cards printed, and announce the party or social or whatever it may be and they will pay the job printer without question. It never occurs to them that the job printer ought to do this work for nothing. But they will send one of the job printer's cards to the newspapers and ask for a free insertion and even seem to be surprised to them that they are not acting consistently. Indeed, they think the newspaper is hateful if it charges them for its regular advertising. They also do not realize that the newspaper's charge only half rates for advertising that has any connection with charity work. They pay some high-priced business men a large salary, and then expect the newspapers to boost the article as if he has done some important work. Also the publisher, when the paper doesn't do it, they think they have been imposed upon, forgetting that they could have done their own boosting and taken the responsibility there for, at so much per boost if they had bought some of the white space which the paper has for sale.

There are many other illustrations which show the position of the newspaper. The promoters of the ice cream social do not ask the ice cream manufacturers to furnish the ice cream free. Neither do they expect the grocer or the baker to donate the cakes, but the publicity which they must have for their social is sold, they expect the newspaper to surrender without protest. The Raleigh Evening Times.

TIDE OF SPORT TURNING.

Foreign Athletes Coming to American Shores Soon.

New York, August 15. The tide of sport invasion has again turned toward these shores. Several English and French professional golfers will be seen in action at the United States open championships, scheduled for Brookline, Mass., September 17th-18th. The woman's National championship, to be played at Wilmington, Del., October 13th to 15th, is also expected to attract several of England's best women golfers, including possibly the titleholder. The open golfing contest, consisting of Edward Ray, Harry Vardon, Wilfrid Reid, Arnaud Massy and Louis Telfier, are already practicing for their contests against America's best professionals and some stirring golf is expected when the foreign experts tee off at Brookline.

German yachtsmen with their tender boats will start the Autumn international regatta at Marblehead, Mass., in September. The small racing craft are now being tried out at the scene of the coming races, and judging from the reports of the regatta, the contests for the trophy should prove as interesting to the amateur sailors as the going will be to the devotee of the sport.

The expert riflemen of a dozen nations will also be matching their skill as marksmen during the opening days of September. All of which will afford a fine climax to a year which has proved unusually productive of international sporting competitions.

The body of young George Benson, drowned at Fort Caswell, was taken to Greensboro, his home, and buried there Tuesday.

Mr. James A. Hagan, of Emporia, Va., is here to build a veneer plant on Smith's Creek. The plant will cost not less than \$20,000.

A Raleigh dispatch says that two of the most notable of candidates for Governor are Hon. John D. Bellamy, former Congressman, and Col. Walker Taylor, both of this city.

By deed filed for record Tuesday M. C. Wells transfers to J. R. Mathews and wife, for \$10 and other considerations, lot on east side of Third street, 132 feet north of Bladen, 23x113 feet in size.

The body of John B. Turberville, who was drowned near Rocks while fishing Saturday, was recovered late Saturday evening and brought to the city Sunday. The funeral was held here Monday afternoon.

Civil action in addition to the criminal actions already started, has been instituted by Mrs. Helene P. Lemas on the rack of Mrs. Effie M. Nichols, who she alleges embezzled and made away with some \$27,000 belonging to the plaintiff.

Mr. Henry Knoice Blais, linotype operator at the office of the Evening Dispatch, died suddenly Monday afternoon of acute indigestion. He was 40 years of age, and had been ill and shortly after being carried home. The funeral was held here Wednesday.

The North Carolina Waterways Association has had several conferences lately with the United States engineer office here, with a view of securing a maximum depth of 40 feet in the Cape Fear channel at low tide, and the same over the bar. The channel is now 26 feet deep.

Sheriff Cowan has received a letter from State Treasurer B. R. Lacy stating that auto dealers are liable for the license tax even if they order from catalogue if they have a place of business and advertise in the windows or if they have a demonstration car whether they own it or borrow it.

The Lakeview Manufacturing Company, Fayetteville, N. C., has been sold to A. H. McEachern, and associates, of St. Paul, N. C., and will resume operations as soon as time is reported. The plant has an equipment of 14 cards and 6,000 ring spindles for the manufacture of 10 to 20 single and twisted carpet yarns.

Judson and Matthew Garriss, two young men living near Watha and employed on the section force, were run over by a train and killed. Judson killed and horribly mangled, the other being hurt so bad that he died in the hospital here, the accident occurring Sunday night. The bodies being found Sunday morning.

Three drownings in this vicinity while the victims were bathing or bathing, moves a citizen to protest against the absence of life lines where bathing is practiced, and to commend the lack of a person who seems to have no warning in the deaths that occur every summer from getting into water that is treacherous or beyond their depth.

In the annual State trap shoot, held in this city during the week, J. B. Pennington, of Barbours, won the championship, breaking 91 out of 100, and tying with L. B. Pearce, of Wilmington, and then shooting off the tie in a 25-shot contest, in which he broke 23 and Mr. Pearce 22. Geo. W. Collins, of the West Shore, S. C., was high man for the entire shoot, his score being 180 out of 200.

The formal transfer of the Southern National Bank to the Murchison National Bank took place Tuesday and Wednesday. The Murchison National Bank, where the entire clerical force of the Southern was at work, was a case of a critical moment. The \$250,000, shortly will increase its capital stock to at least \$1,000,000. The Murchison bank is now the largest banking institution in the Carolinas.

Soft was started in Superior Court Tuesday by Sarah Ann Merritt, through her attorney, K. C. Sidbury. The case was against W. W. and a large number of other defendants. While the complaint has not yet been filed, it is presumed that the plaintiff will lay claim to some property on the Northern Extension of Wrightsville Beach, as all the defendants named in the summons have lots on this part of the island.

Dr. Nesbitt, superintendent of health, reported to the county board of education Monday on the condition of the rural school houses. His report showed bad conditions at several schools, and he condemned outright several school premises. He announced that he had had conditions existed and had planned to put every school house in sanitary condition. With the bond money voted, this will be done as rapidly as possible.

A warrant of attachment was served on Mr. J. L. Beeton Tuesday by a case of a critical moment. The Bank against C. R. Humphreys and C. D. Weeks. Any money that Mr. Beeton might have in his possession belonging to Mr. Humphreys, it is understood, is being turned over to the bank. The action comes up for hearing in September.

The week in Wilmington has been in the nature of a gala week. The State fairs held here in annual convention and tournament. The parade Wednesday morning drew thousands of people and thousands saw the races and contests Wednesday and Friday. About six hundred firemen and many visitors were in the city from Saturday until Friday. The teams winning most prizes were the Newbern horse wagon races, who "dipped" eight prizes. The Spencer Shays team carried off the hand reel honors.

It has been estimated that the number of recruits available for the French army was reduced from 238,000 in 1906, to 215,000 in 1911, owing to the diminution of the birth rate in France.



Telephone to Glazier

"I WISH you would get a glazier to come up and set that pane of glass the children broke yesterday. The house is as cold as a barn," said the suburban housewife, as her husband was about to go to business.

"Haven't time this morning," replied her husband. "Just look in the Telephone Directory—you'll find several there. Give the order to the one who says he will send a man right up."

It's the man with the telephone who gets the hurry orders every time.

When you telephone—smile

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY



FOR THE FARM.

For the Farm we sell All Kinds of Implements used. Look at our makes and price ours. We will then Do Business With You. We'll give you a Square Deal.

PECK & HOLLOWAY

The Firm that Put the "WARE" in HARDWARE.
—PHONE 612.

SILVO! SILVO! SILVO!

The wonderful POLISH that cleans and polishes without work.

You just put your old or tarnished Silver in the solution and let it stand a minute, and it is just as bright and clean as new silver. A trial will convince you. 25c a can. The kind demonstrated at Polvogt's.

100 votes given on each can of this polish. We are still having a Special Sale on all Talcum Powders. Extra special votes for the next 10 days. Take advantage of this grand opportunity to win a \$1,100 Automobile.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

FRONT AND GRACE STS.

Wilmington's Greatest Tailoring Event!

Mills' failure to deliver, throws thousands of pieces of finest all-wool imported worsteds on our hands. The Wilmington store has been favored with one hundred new styles selected by the president of the company, appreciating Wilmington's past appreciation for our merchandise, feeling confident that this sale will be the talk of this section of the State. Your choice of fabrics as heretofore will be to one to all.

\$15—No More, No Less

Values \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00 and \$40.00. Will be pleased to show you samples.

U. S. WOOLEN MILLS COMPANY

100 Princess Street.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

Capacity, 40,000 Per Day.

We are prepared to take care of any size orders, giving prompt service, best quality and lowest prices. Patronize "Home Industry," and keep your money in Wilmington.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

The Mosquito

and HOW TO GET RID OF IT.

By S. A. M.

Listen while I tell to you, A story absolutely true. It has a moral as you will see. Read it—you'll agree with me. You know this is the time of year, When Mosquitoes fill the very air. And thereby hangs my tale of woe, For by this "ditty" I'm going to show That Mosquitoes like their friends, The Fly, Cause hundreds and thousands of folks to die.

I'm going to make it my "special bid" To tell you what a Mosquito is. That dirty little, meanly pest, That steals away our sleep and rest. Whose business is to sting and bite, And keep you awake the living night.

And when he does begin to buzz, I won't say where you wish he was, When the air is heavy with his host. You try to sleep—but just cannot. And when you take a little nap, You awake yourself with an awful slap.

And find out when you raise your hand, He's gone to join the "Mosquito band." And when this pest presents his bill, The chances are you will be ill. But let me tell you of its birth. And it gets upon the subject of its life. You know it is a general rule, It breeds the best in a stagnant pool. It's found in almost every clime, And only Spring and Summer is its time. If you will study closely a mosquito's ways,

You'll find live five hundred eggs she lays, In every place where water is still. Be it river, lake, pond, barrel or pail. If you watch these eggs a day or so, You'll find that they wiggle from them grow.

These wigglers also have their turn, Producing the mosquitoes which carry the germ. Then away in droves these pests will fly.

Their only mission to make folks die. I know of only one sure way To drive this little pest away. There are lots of remedies, we all know well.

But most of them have such a smell Folks say that they are very sure. They'll take the bites and not the cure. There's "Skeedee" and "Skeeder" and "Skeeder-so" and so. But all they'll do is to make the "Skeeder" so.

The odor of my remedy's fine. Pleasant like the long-leaf pine. It'll drive the pests from all the rest. It'll rid you of the meanest of the pest. Take a bottle—close your bedroom door.

Just spray it a time or two or more. Then when you're ready to go to bed, You'll find that every mosquito is dead. No need for you to fume nor fret. No need to use a mosquito net. No Malaria fever nor Typhoid. For all of these you can avoid.

Go to bed when you please, And sleep all night with peace of ease. You buy a bottle, give it a test. I'm sure that it will do the rest. And like scores of other folks I know You'll say "why didn't I try it before?" Manufactured in dear old Wilmington. The healthiest place beneath the sun, Where flies, mosquitoes, and all insects.

Each day are passing in their checks. The reason, too, is plain enough. Because folks use this kind of stuff. I tell you there is nothing greater. Than "SHEPARD'S" HOLLYWOOD FLY DRIVER AND INSECT EXTERMINATOR." (advertisement.)

ASHEVILLE And Western North Carolina Resorts

Easily reached through Convenient Schedules, as follows:

Lv. Wilmington	3:35pm	5:55am
Ar. Columbia	11:30pm	12:30pm
Lv. Columbia	11:50pm	1:00pm
Ar. Salisbury	5:55am	6:30pm
Ar. Hendersonville	5:55am	6:30pm
Ar. Asheville	7:00am	7:30pm
Ar. Waynesville	10:00am	10:30pm

Summer Excursion Tickets on sale Daily. Reservations made for Pullman accommodations. "Phone: 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE (Standard Railroad of the South.)

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Trsf. Mgr.
E. G. COHEN, Traveling Pass Agt.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

12-3-11

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Cures in 1 to 5 days. Unsurpassed in effectiveness. Contains no poison and may be used with absolute safety. Guaranteed not to irritate. Prevents relapse. WHY NOT TRY IT YOURSELF? At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of \$1. Full particulars mailed on request. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

Big G

Will be received by the Board of County Commissioners at the County Auditors' office, until 12 o'clock noon August 24th, 1913, and opened at the Board of County Commissioners for the purpose of New Board of County Commissioners. The County Commissioners reserve the right to accept any or reject any of all proposals submitted, and no proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a certified check for \$50, payable to John A. Crow, county auditor. Specifications can be obtained upon application at the office of the county auditor, architect, room No. 30, Old Fellows' building.

L. W. MOORE, Chairman of Court House Building Committee, and L. W. MOORE, 31.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. A. Caldwell, deceased, late of New Hanover county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate, to present same to the undersigned on or before July 15th, 1914, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make payment to the undersigned. This July 12th, 1913.

R. R. STONE, Administrator.

PLEASANT FIELDS OF HOLY WRIT

Save for my daily range
Among the pleasant fields of Holy Writ,
I might despair.

The International Sunday-School Lesson

Third Quarter. Lesson VII. Exodus 13:17-14:31.
August 17, 1913.

CROSSING THE RED SEA

(The Story.)

Israel made no hasty or clandestine departure from Egypt. Theirs was no attempted escape of fugitives from justice. They had a royal firman. The Egyptians fairly loaded them with gifts in hopes of placating the wrath of their offended deity. The store of raw materials and metals they carried with them enabled them to make in the wilderness the tabernacle and its furniture and all their armor, offensive and defensive. * * * Theirs was an orderly march. They advanced in tribes, each under its respective commander. Moses in the van, carrying the golden rod in hand, in the midst, as a veritable palladium, Joseph's mummied form, inclosed in its heretofore covered casket, was carried according to his dying request. For sake of pasturage by the way for the myriad flocks and herds, the advancing hosts must needs deploy widely to right and left. To direct a general course for these somewhat widely-sundered detachments, God unfurled his pennon in the sky. That banner served a three-fold purpose—signal, shield and lantern. * * * To Israel's dismay, Jehovah's ensign moved in that very opposite direction from that which would have been expected. Instead of indicating a course toward Suez, the bridge between the continents, it moved southward along the western shore of the Red Sea, thus placing an ever-widening barrier between the pilgrim caravan and the country which they sought. * * * When the ever-alert Pharaoh saw this tactic blunder, this march into a cul de sac, the hope of recovering lost power revived in the despot's heart. Or possibly it was the hope of revenge for the death of his son and heir, whose recently-discovered epitaph (?) he was even then conning. He believed that the hapless Hebrews had unwittingly strayed beyond the jurisdiction of their God, who at best was only a local deity, and would fall in easy prey. * * * At sight and sound of pursuing chariots Israel was completely panic-stricken. They raised a quivering cry about there being plenty of graveyards in Egypt, and no need of coming to the wilderness to find one. On the dark background of this faithless and feeble conduct of the multitude the noble bearing of Moses shines with augmented lustre. His "Stand still and see the salvation of God" is an incomparable, inspiring bugle note that has rung through the ages. * * * A moment later and the captain of the Lord's hosts stands on the edge of the comparatively shallow western arm of the sea. He waves his oft-tried rod. In response there comes from the east a violent wind which, in conjunction with an ebbing tide, reveals the bed of the sea uncovered. Deep pools to right and left formed a perfect defense (wall), rendering a flank movement on the part of the enemy impracticable. In the meantime the pillar of cloud went to the rear, and spreading out and hanging low like a curtain, completely screened Israel from the observation of their pursuers. The same cloud cast its powerful searchlight for-

ward, revealing the way through the sea in its entire length. * * * "Forward, march!" was now the inspiring command that rang along the whole column. Across the bridge which Jehovah had provided, the host, a thousand abreast, marched, and no little child, not even lamb, was lost. * * * The temerity of sinners has no more striking illustration than the rash boldness with which the Egyptians essayed to use in pursuing them, the very bridge which God had made for his people. Pharaoh soon found he, not Moses, was in the cul de sac. God thundered, and lightened out of a cloud phenomena so rare in Egypt as to strike terror to man and beast. Progress of the Egyptian host was delayed until flood-tide, when the wind abated, and the conditions which had favored Israel being exactly reversed, the Egyptians were whelmed in the deep.

The Teacher's Lantern

The inveterate character of sin is exemplified in Pharaoh. Ten plagues were not enough to kill it. The sight of Israel once more apparently within his grasp made the despot forget all his sufferings. Like the sinner who supposed himself to be dying, and had promised the restitution of certain things, but added, "Remember, Lord, this don't count if I get well!" so Pharaoh's consent to let Israel go was given under the supposition that their departure was inevitable. * * * Lapse in faith disgraced Israel in his very exodus from Egypt. Sea to front and chariots to rear outweighed all the signs and wonders God had wrought in Egypt. A timid and querulous spirit took possession of him. The Church of today and individual Christians need to pray to be saved from a similar lapse. The wonder-working way God has led us should confirm our faith that He will still lead us on, though He divide seas to do it. David argues well when he says: "The Lord hath been mindful of us! He will bless us." * * * Shriveling the Bible of the miraculous is a gratuitous task. The Bible is shot all through with the supernatural. One miracle, more or less, cuts a small figure. But the very terms of the Scripture account, in this instance, lead us to believe that the means used to make a way for Israel through the sea were largely natural. Moses' rod did not divide the flood. It evoked a strong wind; that, in conjunction with the ebbing tide, did the rest. * * * Pharaoh's mummy is a most inconvenient find for strictly literal interpreters of Scripture. Does the record foretell the conclusion that Pharaoh himself was drowned? It is not the custom for commanding officers to put themselves in positions of peril, but the contrary. When Pharaoh's host was overthrown in the Red Sea, Pharaoh's seat was thrown practically, though not literally.

The Young People's Devotional
August 17th, 1913. Psalm 104:1-25.
Lessons from Forests and Fields
(An Out-door Meeting.)
Contemplation of the world of nature—its majesty, magnitude, variety, and sublimity—invariably leads to praise. It provokes a sweet meditation on God. The soul cries: "I will praise Thee, O Lord, O my soul! Praise ye the Lord!"

A FUTURE PORT OF CAPE FEAR

Something of Government's Great Work on Upper Cape Fear—
Letter from Maj. H. W. Stickle, U. S. A.

(Staff Correspondence.)
Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 16.—It goes without saying that the work undertaken by the government on the Cape Fear river, and known as the "lock and dam project," is one of vital importance to Fayetteville. In point of fact, on its complete success depends the future growth and prosperity of the city. It will bring back its old-time prominence as a distributing point and a wholesale market for a large section of the State.

The very thought of the transformation revives memories of the past when John W. Hall, Henry L. Myrver, Stedman & Horne, Thomas L. Lutterloh, the Williamses, Joseph Uley, Ray & Pearce, A. W. Steel, H. & J. Lidy, Starn & Williams, James Kyle, Chas. T. Halsey & Sons, William McIntyre and others were among the most extensive and prosperous merchants of North Carolina.

Many had feared that there would never be a return of the "good old days." But modern engineering has solved the problem; and while the "eight-foot water front" may not make Fayetteville the "largest city in population in the State," as Judge Walter Clark optimistically predicted in an address delivered here recently, it will restore much of her pristine prosperity and make her one of a quartette of principal cities in the State.

But all this is not to be introduced to something better; and, realizing the importance of the matter under consideration, your correspondent takes great pleasure in placing before the readers of The Morning Star the following letter:

War Department
United States Engineer Office
Wilmington, N. C., District
August 9th, 1913.

Mr. W. H. Bernard, Fayetteville, N. C.
Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of July 31st, will say that it is my hope that the locks and dams on the upper Cape Fear river will be completed by January 1st, 1916; which will give at least four or five feet navigable depth to Fayetteville; but the project will not be completed until some months thereafter, since there is considerable dredging which will have to be done after the upper pool has been formed. The eight-foot project should be completed not later than January 1st, 1917. However, you, of course, understand that the completion of the locks and dams will give very good facilities for the requirements of commerce which may be expected about that time. The execution of the project is dependent upon the necessary appropriations by Congress, and if these are made as the needs of the work require, I hope for completion somewhat in advance of the dates mentioned.

Hoping this will give you the information you desire, I am,
Very truly yours,
H. W. STICKLE.

Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.
The thoughtful reader will not fail to note the careful and conservative manner in which Maj. Stickle expresses his views. But his report is all

BEAUTIFUL HAIR—A CLEAN, COOL, SCALP

Try Parisian Sage. It quickly and surely cleanses and invigorates the scalp.

What woman does not desire beautiful hair? It is the crowning charm of a woman's beauty.

If your hair is anything short of perfect, if it is too dry, brittle, dull, thin, or if the scalp burns and itches, you should immediately begin the use of Parisian Sage. The first application removes dandruff, cools and invigorates the scalp, and increases the beauty of the hair.

A scientific study of the hair shows just what elements are needed to soften it, make it wavy and glossy, and make it grow.

Parisian Sage supplies hair needs. It is a tea-colored liquid, delicately perfumed—not sticky or greasy—that comes in a fifty-cent bottle at the druggists and toilet counters.

Apply Parisian Sage and the effect is immediate. One application stops the head from itching and freshens up the hair. Use it daily for a week and you will be surprised and delighted.

Parisian Sage is one of the quickest acting hair tonics known.

Get a bottle today—everyone needs it. Recommended and sold by Robt. R. Bellamy.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

The Store That's Always Busy

TEN-DAY SALE
August 18th to 28thTEN-DAY SALE
August 18th to 28th

END-OF-SEASON SALE

The Most Radical Price-Cutting Event Ever Inaugurated
In Wilmington!

Prices pared to put an end to many lots of goods in all lines for 10 days selling!
August 18th to 28th---TEN-DAY SALE---August 18th to 28th

Popular Kinds of Silks at Popular Prices

Cord Ratines, 30 inches wide; something entirely new for Fall Suits; colors: White, Copenhagen, Leather and Light Blue; regular 50c quality, priced for this sale, a yard 35c

Crepe Ratines, 27 inches wide; full line of colors; regular 35c quality; priced for this sale, a yard 23c

36-inch Silk Finish Ratines; colors: White, Light Blue, Pink, Rose and Copenhagen Blue; our regular 65c quality; priced special at a yard 49c

Colored Nolly Voiles, 27 inches wide; all colors; regular 20c quality; priced special at a yard 15c

Brocaded Armure Silk, 27 inches wide; for street and evening wear; full showing of colors; regular 75c quality; priced Special, at a yard 42c

27-inch Brocaded Crepe de Chine; regular 75c quality; priced Special, at a yard 50c

36-inch White Habuti China Silk; regular 85c quality; priced Special, at a yard 69c

27-inch Crepe Cord Ratine; our regular 50c grade, in Pink, Light Blue and Black; priced for this sale at a yard 29c

Colored Silk Eolins, 27 inches wide, and all shades; this is regular 35c quality Silk. Yours while they last, at a yard 23c

Tub Silks, 20 inches wide; neat stripes; assorted colors; our 50c quality; priced for quick selling at a yard 35c

27-inch Jacquard Japonika Silks, flowered designs; our regular 35c quality; priced Special at a yard 25c

36-inch Colored Wash Silks, with neat pin stripes; our regular \$1.00 quality; priced for this sale at a yard 75c

RUG DEPARTMENT CLEARANCES

25c Matting, priced Special for 10 days' selling, at a yard 19c

35c Matting, priced Special for 10 days' selling at a yard 19c

\$10.00 Crex Rugs, size 9x12; priced Special for this Sale, each\$7.75

\$8.00 Crex Rugs, size 8x10; priced for this Sale at each\$6.25

\$5.00 Crex Rugs, size 6x9; Special for this sale, at each\$3.98

\$1.50 Crex Rugs, size 3x6; Special for this sale, at each\$1.19

\$25.00 Axminster Rugs; size 9x12; Special, at each\$18.75

\$30.00 Axminster Rugs; size 9x12; Special, at each\$22.50

\$35.00 Axminster Rugs; size 9x12; Special, at each\$27.50

\$45.00 Wilton Velvet Rugs; size 9x12; priced Special, at each\$37.50

\$1.65 Axminster Carpet; priced Special, at laid, yard\$1.10

\$1.50 Velvet Carpets, laid, now, yard\$1.05

\$1.10 Brussels Carpets, now, laid, yard 89c

\$1.00 Brussels Carpets, now, laid, yard 79c

Our 25c Curtain Scrim, now, yard 19c

Our 15c yard Curtain Scrim, now, yard 10c

Wash Goods & Domestics at Clearance Prices

72-inch Table Damask, mercerized finish; regular 65c quality; priced Special at a yard 42c

72-inch Pure Linen Table Damask; extra fine quality; regular \$1.25 value; priced Special at a year 85c

90-inch Pure Linen Sheetting; regular \$1.25 quality; Special for this Sale, at a year 85c

36-inch Killarney Linen, extra fine quality; Special price for this Sale, a yard 12c

81x90 Lenox Sheets; our regular 85c quality; priced Special at each 65c

72x90 Louise Sheets; our regular 60c quality; priced Special, at each 42c

35c Huck Towels; extra large and heavy quality; priced Special, at each 25c

25c Turkish Towels, extra large size; while they last, at each 19c

\$1.25 quality Bed Spreads; large size; Special Sale price, each 95c

36-inch Luna Lawns, extra fine and sheer quality; price during this Sale a yard 16½c

45x36 Popular Pillow Cases; our regular 15c quality; price during this Sale, each 10c

SKIRTS.

\$1.50 Messaline Silk Skirts; Special Sale price, each\$1.12

\$3.50 Messaline Silk Skirts; Special Sale price, each\$2.98

\$4.50 Messaline Silk Skirts; Special Sale price, each\$3.48

85c quality Seersucker Underskirts; Special sale price, each 69c

\$1.50 and \$2.00 Corsets, to close out, Special at per pair 75c

75c Corsets, broken sizes; Special at each 47c

Our entire stock of Fancy Parasols, at cost during this Sale.

\$1.75 White Underskirts; Special for this Sale, each\$1.19

75c quality Ladies' Pants; Special during this Sale, at each 47c

Our Final Clearance Sale in Our Ready to Wear Department

Everything in the Ready-to-Wear Section has been marked down to effect a speedy sale of what we have left. The price is no object; everything must be sold, and quickly.

Linen and Ratine and Gingham Dresses at One-Half Former Price

Linen and Ratine Coat Suits—

\$10.00 values now a suit\$5.00

\$12.50 values now a suit\$6.25

\$15.00 values now a suit\$7.50

Half Price on All Spring Coat Suits.

\$1.50 White Voile Shirt Waists, now\$1.19

\$1.50 House Dresses, now each 98c

\$1.00 House Dresses, now, each 50c

New Fall Coat Suits arriving daily, in all the New Shades and Weaves.